The Sydney Morning Herald.

NO. 6854.—VOL. XLV. SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1860. PRICE THREEPENCE.

BIRTHS.

On the 17th instant, at her residence, Beehive Hotel, Bungendore, the wife of Mr. J. B. Moore, of a son.

On the 23rd instant, at her residence, Enfield, Mrs. Frank Smythe, of a daughter.

On the 20th instant, at her residence, Bunnerong-street North, Mrs. T. Chandler, of a son.

On the 24th instant, at her residence, Barcom Glen Cottage, Rushcutter's Bay, Mrs. J. Hagen, of a son.

On the 25th instant, at her residence, 249, George-street, Mrs. E. Kent, of a daughter.

On the 26th instant, at her residence, 92, Prince-street, Mrs. D. Walker, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

On the 24th instant, at the Parish Church of St. Philip, by the very Rev. Dean of Sydney, John Spink Johnson, of Georgetown, Bega River, to Jemima Spinall, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Jeremiah Eavery, of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, E. C.

DEATHS.

On the 22nd instant, at Barramdulla, Mudgee, Lucy Bell, twin daughter of A. B. Cox, Esq., aged 11 months and 23 days.

On the 25th instant, at Waverley, Alfred Ernest Rash, aged 4 months, son of Mr. Waltham Rash, Pitt-street.

On the 4th March, at his residence, Liverpool, England, Mr. William Frankland, eldest son of the late Captain Simeon Brown Frankland, aged 60 years, formerly dockmaster of the Sait House Dock of that port, highly respected by all who knew him. He has left a wife and family to mourn their loss.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S steamship MALTA,

HENRY DOWN, Commander, will be despatched for SUEZ, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on THURSDAY, the 14th of June, 1860, at 2 o'clock p.m., touching at MELBOURNE, KANGAROO ISLAND, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, POINT DE GALLE, and ADEN.

For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Lines, apply to

HENRY MOORE, Agent.

Moore's Wharf, Sydney, May 14th, 1860.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.—The I. R. M. Company's Steamers will be despatched as under:—

For AUCKLAND direct.—LORD ASHLEY, A. KENNEDY, commander, on the 10th June.

For NELSON, TARANAKI, WELLINGTON, PORT COOPER and OTAGO—PRINCE ALFRED, J. BOWDEN, commander, on the 10th June.

Return tickets are issued at reduced rates, entitling the holders to remain a month in New Zealand.

PEARSON and CO., agents, Grafton Wharf.

SAMUEL CLARK, manager.

Shippers will please observe that no bonded goods will be received on board without shipping notes, the same as for free goods.

The name of the port of destination must in all cases be mentioned in the shipping notes, and, where possible, marked also on the packages, to facilitate the stowage of the same.

NOTICE to consignees.—Bills of lading must be presented at the office, and freight paid before delivery of goods.

MOSSMAN'S BAY.—A STEAMER will leave Circular Quay on SUNDAY next, calling at Woolloomooloo Bay at 10, 11, 12 a.m., 2, 3, 4 p.m.; returns at half-past 5 punctually. Return tickets 1s.

MANLY BEACH (BRIGHTON) STEAMERS VICTORIA or PHANTOM, LEAVE DAILY—Phœnix Wharf, for Manly, 10·5 and 2·5.

Circular Quay, ditto, 10·15 and 2·15, and 5·15, except on Saturday, at 4·15.

Circular Quay for Watson's Bay, 2·15.

Watson's Bay for Circular Quay, 4·15; on Sundays, 5·0.

Woolloomooloo for Manly, 10·30, 2·30.

Manly for Woolloomooloo and Sydney, 8, 11·30, 5 0.

Sunday time, same as on week days, except 8 a.m. from Manly and 5·15 from Sydney.

Fares, 1s; on Sundays, 1s. 6d.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—EMU, FELICAN, and BLACK SWAN STEAMERS DAILY.

From Parramatta, at 8, and 11 a.m., and 4 p.m.

From Ryde (calling at Gladesville and Hunter's Hill, at 7.45,

From Sydney, at 9 a.m., 1.15 and 4 p.m. (and 6 p.m. to Ryde only.)

ON SUNDAYS.

Sydney, 9 a.m. Parramatta, 4 p.m.

FARES.

Cabin, return tickets, 4s.; steerage, 2s. 6d.

Ditto single fares, 2s. 6d.; ditto, 1s. 6d.

No charge for omnibus. Refreshments to be had on board, Phœnix Wharf.

N.B The cost of travelling by these steamers is little more than ONE-HALF of that by Railway (and omnibus).

RAPID, STEAMER, leaves the Bethel Wharf, for WOLLONGONG, MONDAY EVENINGS, at 9 (cargo only); FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 8, returning same day.

KIAMA, MONDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.

SHELLHARBOUR WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.

All freights must be paid in Sydney.

A. A. DUNNICLIFF, agent.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, THIS (SATURDAY) NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.

P. J. COHEN, manager.

Offices, foot of Market-street.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—The PATERSON, on MONDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock.

P. J. COHEN, manager.

Offices, foot of Market-street.

SHIPPERS FROM THE PHŒNIX WHARF.—On and after the 1st June, the BUSINESS of the Wharf will CLOSE, at 5 30 p.m., after which hour no goods can be received.

ILLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMPACKETS TO

WOLLONGONG, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m. and 11 p.m.

CLYDE RIVER, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m.

KIAMA, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, at 11 p.m.

SHELLHARBOUR, on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 11 p.m.

SHOALHAVEN, on TUESDAY, at 11 p.m.

MERIMBULA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.

ULLADULLA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.

PORT MACQUARIE, on THURSDAY.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO

MELBOURNE, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—RANGATIRA, THIS AFTERNOON (SATURDAY), at 3.

There will be no steamer to Melbourne on Tuesday next.

HUNTER RIVER.—COLLAROY, MONDAY NIGHT, at 11.

CLARENCE TOWN direct.—ILLALONG, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, at 11.

BRISBANE and IPSWICH.—TELEGRAPH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 11.

WIDE BAY.—WARATAH, TUESDAY, May 29th, 10 p.m.

PORT CURTIS and ROCKHAMPTON direct.—EAGLE, THURSDAY, 31st May, 6 p.m.

JAMES PATERSON, manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

CLARENCE and RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The URARA, for CLARENCE RIVER, THIS EVENING, at 9 p.m.

TILMOUTH F. DYE, Secretary.

FOR THE MANNING RIVER, the schooner FLYING FISH.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the Victoria Wharf.

FOR THE MANNING RIVER.—The MARTHA, detained by contrary winds, will receive cargo at the Commercial Wharf, till Noon, THIS DAY.

FOR MORUYA RIVER.—The ketch NUMBA, H. BASTON, master, is now receiving cargo, and will sail on MONDAY, 28th instant.

For freight or passage, apply to THOMAS M'CAFFREY, Victoria Wharf.

ONLY VESSEL FOR BRISBANE.—The favourite regular trader VIXEN, W. BENNETT, commander clears at the Customs on TUESDAY. Shippers are particularly requested to complete their arrangements.

For freight, &c., apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The schooner CALLENDER, now fast filling up at the Baltic Wharf, can take 20 tons of cargo, if engaged at once.

Apply to Captain ROZEA, on board; or WILLIAM WRIGHT, 28, Bathurst-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The fine brig FORTUNE, PATON, master, is now fast loading at the Flour Company's Wharf; and will have immediate despatch.

For freight or passage apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

FOR ADELAIDE direct.—The well-known regular trader JOHN ORMEROD, T. J. SIVIER, master, will clear at the Customs on TUESDAY next.

For freight or passage apply to the captain on board; MOLISON and BLACK; or ESSWORTH and CO., Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL for LAUNCESTON, on THIS DAY. YARRA clears at the Customs Shippers will please complete their arrangements.

For freight or passage apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

ONLY VESSEL for PORT COOPER, on calling at WELLINGTON.—The favourite regular trader LOUIS AND MIRIAM, L. VANDERVORD, commander, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage, having first-class accommodation, apply on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

ONLY VESSEL for AUCKLAND.—The favourite regular trader BRADALBANE, J. G. BARRON, commander, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will be despatched with her usual punctuality on SATURDAY next.

For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodation, apply on board, at the Patent Slip Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR WELLINGTON and NELSON.—The BURNETT will clear THIS DAY. Passengers to embark by noon.

For passage only apply to HENRY CLARKE, at the Victoria Wharf; or to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

NEW CALEDONIA POSTAL SERVICE.—The Clipper Packet CHAMPION, H. H. MENSIRE, master, will be dispatched for Port de France with H. I. M. mails on the 10th of June. For freight or passage, apply to the CAPTAIN, on board, at the Circular Quay.

FOR PORT DE FRANCE, NEW CALEDONIA.—The fast-sailing clipper schooner EAGLE, 124 tons register, will have quick dispatch.

For freight or passage apply to LEVERRIER, CURCIER, and CO., 265, George-street, North.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO direct.—The A 1 fast sailing ship LOCKETT, TOPHAM, master, will leave Newcastle on the 26th May.

For freight or passage apply to BINGLE and CO., Newcastle.

FIRST SHIP FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—The splendid A 1 British built clipper ship ELECTRA, CAYZER, commander (well-known in the London trade), is now loading, and will sail on or about 5th JUNE.

This vessel is remarkable for her fast sailing qualities, and has splendid accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers, at very moderate rates. The dietary scale will be of the most liberal description, and every attention will be given to the comfort of passengers.

For freight or passage apply to Captain CAYZER, on board, Macnamara's Wharf; or to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR HONGKONG.—The fine first-class American ship FRANCIS P. SAGE, 1494 tons, THOMAS INGERSOLL, commander, will be despatched on or about 5th June. Has unrivalled accommodation both for cabin and steerage passengers.

For light freight or passage, apply to A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

FOR CALCUTTA.—The superior A1 clipper ship HELIOS, Captain THOMAS M. CARTNEY, will sail with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Captain CARTNEY, on board; or to ROBERT D. MERRILL, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR LONDON.—To follow the Waterloo.—The fine A1 ship, HOLLENSIDE, 700 tons register, ROBERT REDLAND, commander, will be ready to receive cargo in a few days, and will have quick dispatch. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

THE clipper ship PHŒNICIAN will sail positively during the first week in June. Has excellent accommodation for a few first and second class passengers.

Apply to Captain LARGIE, on board, at Circular Wharf; or to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

BLACKWALL LINE OF PACKETS from MELBOURNE to LONDON.—To sail on the 19th June, the splendid A1 clipper ship DOVER CASTLE, JOHN ADAMS, commander. For rates of passage, &c., apply to J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

MESSRS. MONEY, WIGRAM, and SONS, of Blackwall, line of Packets from MELBOURNE and LONDON.—To sail on the 5th June, the splendid A1 ship MAIDSTONE, E. CHARLTON commander, has very superior accomodation for passengers and carries an experienced surgeon.

1st cabin	... ...	£65 0 to £90 0
2nd cabin	... ...	30 0 to 35 0

Including steward's attendance.

3rd cabin	... ...	18 10 to 25 0

Including passage by steamer to Melbourne.

J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR LONDON, with immediate dispatch.—The fine A1 ship WATERLOO (belonging to Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons), 890 tons register, JOHN YOUNG, commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and will sail at an early date. Passengers are reminded of her well-known character as a favourite passenger ship, and are requested to inspect her saloon accommodation.

For further particulars apply to Captain YOUNG, on board; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FREIGHT FOR COALS to Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghae, Bombay, Galle, or San Francisco, can be obtained on application to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The splendid British-built ship MARGARET MITCHELL, A1 for 15 years, 894 tons register, DEWAR STILES, commander, now ready for sea. Apply to GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR SALE, the barque MIAME, 360 tons burthen. Apply to G. R. DIBBS, Newcastle; or to J. C. DIBBS, next the Exchange, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, the fine clipper brig GAZELLE, 284 tons register, fitted up for stock, and well known in the New Zealand trade. Has splendid 'tween decks, and admirably adapted for carrying passengers between the colonies and Twofold Bay in the coming demand for passage. Terms, easy. Apply to R. T. FORD, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, the Screw Steamer CORIO, built by Scott and Co., of Greenock, in 1854. For particulars, apply to Captain COLEMAN, on board; or to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

FOR SALE, cutter BLUE BELL, fine sea boat, in first-rate order. 10 tons. Market Wharf.

SHIP GENERAL WINDHAM, from London.—All parties having claims or accounts against the above vessel will be pleased to furnish them in duplicate by noon, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, to the undersigned,

BARQUE ANTAGONIST, from NEW YORK.—All CLAIMS against this vessel are requested to be sent to the undersigned, on or before MONDAY, 28th instant, at noon. R. TOWNS and CO.

MOORE'S WHARF.—VESSELS DISCHARGING OR LOADING AT THIS WHARF CAN LAY ALONGSIDE A REASONABLE TIME WITHOUT CHARGE, AND A LIBERAL ALLOWANCE WILL BE MADE FROM THE WHARFAGES RECEIVED ON CARGO. GOODS STORED IN BONDED OR FREE WAREHOUSES AT LOW RATES.

This capacious wharf has frontage to deep water for vessels of any tonnage, and being enclosed with roomy sheds upon it, offers every security for cargoes discharging or loading. The extensive warehouses, which are of first-class character, are calculated to protect goods stored in them, while their proximity to the waterside obviates the necessity of cartage, by which much expense is saved, and the goods subjected to one removal only. The wharfinger and a watchman live on the premises. HENRY MOORE.

TO SHIPOWNERS and others.—The Proprietors of the PATENT SLIP, Sussex-street, are now prepared to take up vessels, of all sizes, at 1s. per ton, and 6d. per ton per day, slip hire, CHARGING only the REGISTERED TONNAGE; and will also guarantee the best and most expeditious workmanship, with materials of every description, at the lowest possible prices.

TO SHIPPERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS.—CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS CURED BEEF—ACHESON'S Brand, cured expressly for foreign markets—in tierces of 336 lbs., in 42 pieces, weighing 8 lbs. each. A supply of this celebrated brand always on hand. Apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street; G. R. DIBBS, Newcastle; or to CLARK IRVING, Pitt-street.

METROPOLITAN RACES.—RANDWICK NEW COURSE, May 29th, 30th, and 31st.—Admission CARDS to the Grand Stand, Saddling Yard and enclosures for the three days:—

Gentlemen,	£1	1	0 each
Ladies	0	10	6 ditto
Children	0	5	0 ditto

can be obtained from members of the Race Committee, Mr. William Moffitt, stationer, and the Hon. Sec., 272, Pitt-street.

☞ For the comfort and accommodation of ladies every convenience has been provided, Retiring-room, Promenade, Refreshment Stalls, Luncheon-rooms, &c., all under cover, whilst an excellent view of the saddling yard is afforded, from the windows of the promenade and the upper corridor.

MOSSMAN'S BAY.—A MATCH of QUOITS will be played THIS DAY, Saturday, for £10, at 3 o'clock. The steamer will leave Circular Quay at a quarter to 2 o'clock punctually. Return tickets, 1s. each.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

ELIZABETH MUNGER per Hannah More.—Hired to the service of Mr. W. Lewington, Sydney. Your SISTER, SARAH KARST, resides, 8, Swan-street, Brickfield-hill.

EDWIN CHARLES BLFORD, of Basingstoke, who left England in the Ann Holybury, for Adelaide, in 1853, will hear of something to his advantage by applying to Mr. W. TAYLOR, ship Norfolk, care of W. P. White and Co., agents, Melbourne; or to C. H. MAY, 351, George-street, Sydney.

JAMES MILLIGAN, from Gilford, Ireland, will hear of his COUSIN, DAVID MILLIGAN, at Mr. Simon's, printer, York-street, Sydney.

JAMES BIRDWOOD, son of the late William Birdwood, of Bombay, you are requested to call at the Colonial Bank.

MR. CALEB KESSEY, builder, a LETTER to your address lies at our office. MOLISON and BLACK, No. 4, Bridge-street.

PATRICK O'BRIEN, formerly of 70, Castlereagh street, WRITE to Mr. WILDMAN, HERALD Office.

WILLIAM and HENRY RIDDLE, of Liverpool, England, write to your brother, RICHARD RIDDLE, Moruya.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—A Special General MEETING of Members will be held on MONDAY, the 28th current, at three p.m. precisely, to take into consideration the adoption of certain resolutions, "urging upon the Government the absolute necessity of at once commencing the formation of a passable road from Sydney to Kiandra."

May 23. HENRY CHERRY, secretary.

THE CHURCH SOCIETY for the Diocese of Sydney. The Fourth Annual MEETING of this Society is intended to be held in the Infant Schoolroom, Castlereagh-street, on MONDAY EVENING, the 28th instant, at 7 o'clock. The members of the Church of England are particularly invited to attend.

There will be the usual collection at the doors.

R. ALLWOOD,
E. SYNGE,
J. G. EWER, } Secretaries.

WENTWORTH GOLD-FIELD COMPANY.—A Special General MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, on MONDAY, the 28th May instant, at 11 o'clock a.m. precisely, to consider important and urgent business connected with the affairs of the Company. By order of the Board of Directors, C. MORANT SIMPSON, Secretary. 138, Pitt-street, Sydney. 23rd May.

MASONIC.—AUSTRALASIAN FREEMASONS' HALL COMPANY.—A General Special MEETING of the Shareholders in the above-named company will be held at the Hall, in York-street, on MONDAY, the 4th day of June next, at 3 o'clock, p.m., to consider matters connected with building the New Hall. By order of the Board, JOHN A. MATHEWS, Secretary.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Castlereagh-street.—Services TO-MORROW, at the following hours:—

Forenoon ..... 11 o'clock
Evening ..... 7 "

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, DARLINGHURST.—The Offerings TO-MORROW (Whit Sunday) will be devoted towards payment for the windows; the last and remaining windows have arrived, and will be put up as soon as the funds necessary are obtained.

ST. JOHN'S, DARLINGHURST.—Two SERMONS will be preached in the above Church, on SUNDAY next, 27th instant, in aid of the window fund,—in the Morning, by the Rev. Incumbent; and in the Evening, by the Rev. WILLIAM STACK, B.A.

FRANCIS MITCHELL,
M. H. STEPHEN,
RICHARD JOHNSON, } Churchwardens.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.—TO-MORROW (Pentecost Sunday) the Rev. PATRICK BERMINGHAM, Catholic Pastor of Yass, will preach at the 11 o'clock Mass. After the sermon a collection will be made in aid of the funds for the erection of the St. Patrick's Presbytery.

SYDNEY POULTRY ASSOCIATION.—The Annual EXHIBITION will be held at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on the 31st of July, and the 1st and 2nd of August next. The rules and prize schedules may be obtained on application to the secretary.

W. H. CATLETT, secretary.

455, Pitt-street South, 8th May.

SCOTS' CHURCH.—THE SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—The Rev. Dr. LANG, M.P., will (D.V.) deliver a LECTURE in the Scots' Church, TO-MORROW (Sabbath) EVENING, on "The Signs of the Times—the Papacy in Italy, Mahometanism in Turkey, and the Jews in Palestine."

The collection on the occasion will be appropriated in aid of the Synod's Mission Fund.

WESLEYAN SABBATH SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—NEWTOWN CIRCUIT.—A Public TEA MEETING will be held, on the Wesleyan premises, Newtown, on MONDAY, 28th May—tea on the tables at half-past 6 o'clock. After which, a Public MEETING will be held, when the report of the Schools of the Circuit will be read, and other business transacted. James Barker, Esq., is expected to take the chair; the Rev. the President of the Conference, the Revs. S. C. Kent, Hurst, Orame, Rabone, Nolon; also, A. M'Arthur, M.P.; T. P. Reeve, Esq.; Messrs. Callaghan and Andrews—are expected to address the meeting.

A Collection in aid of the Schools will be made on the occasion.

By direction of the Committee,
R. DUNLOP, secretary.

NEW SOUTH WALES WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH SUSTENTATION and EXTENSION SOCIETY.—On SUNDAY next, May 27th, two SERMONS will be preached in the Wesleyan Church, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, when collections will be made in aid of the above society.

On MONDAY EVENING, May 28th, the Annual MEETING will be held in the same church, JOHN DAWSON, Esq., will preside. Several ministers and gentlemen will address the meeting.

Also, at Waverley Wesleyan Church, Sermons in aid of the same Society, will be preached on the SABBATH, and the Public Meeting will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, May 31st, at 7 o'clock, when T. W. BOWDEN, Esq., will preside, and several ministers and gentlemen will address the meeting. A collection will be made at each of the services.

PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—A SOIREE will be held in the Lecture Room of the Young Men's Christian Association, on FRIDAY evening, the 1st of June, to celebrate the first anniversary of the above Association. Admission by ticket, 2s. each. After tea a PUBLIC MEETING will be held, when the Rev. Mr. Reid, and other ministers and friends will address the meeting. Tickets may be obtained from Mr. T. G. Spence, 700, Brickfield Hill; Mr. J. W. Gouldier, 234, George-street; Mr. Humphries, 62, Harrington-street; Mr. Brighton, 306, Castlereagh-street; and of J. HALL, Secretary of Committee. Tea on the table at 7 o'clock.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC LITERARY SOCIETY—Patron—his Grace the Archbishop.—TEA PARTY and MUSICAL FESTIVAL on WHIT MONDAY EVENING, the 28th instant, in the Society's Hall, St. Mary's Seminary. Doors open at 7 o'clock. A talented pianist is engaged. Tickets, 2s. 6d. each, obtainable at the Clerk's office, St. Mary's; Mr. W. Dolman's, Pitt-street; Mr. T. O'Neil, confectioner, George-street; Mr. F. Mulroney, grocer, South Head Road; Mr. J. G. O'Connor, printer, Chippendale; or of any member of the committee.

A TEMPERANCE MEETING will be held in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, Kent-street, on MONDAY, May 28th, at 7 in the evening, to be addressed by Dr. HOBBS, C. WATERS, and others.

DR. HOBBS will (D.V.) preach in the Juvenile Temperance Hall, Francis-street, Woolloomooloo, on SUNDAY next, May 27, morning and evening. Morning at eleven o'clock, evening at seven o'clock; and in the afternoon at three o'clock at Newtown.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Dante's "Divina Comœdia."—The Fourth Lecture is POSTPONED until MONDAY, 4th June.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY BAZAAR will be continued THIS DAY, at 2 p.m.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—A Special Meeting of Members on TUESDAY next, at 8 p.m.

TO THE JOURNEYMEN BAKERS of Sydney, and the Trade in general is invited to attend.—A MEETING will be held at the Kangaroo Hotel, George-street, on SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 8 o'clock, to form resolutions and discuss the 12 hours' movement.

ALBERT CRICKET CLUB BALL.—MEETING of the committee on MONDAY EVENING. PETER C. CURTIS, honorary secretary.

TOOGOOD'S SALOON.—Positively the last night of the present Company. The Manager returns thanks to the public for the patronage accorded him during the last three months, and hopes shortly to be again a caterer for their amusement. THIS EVENING, glees, operatic selections, comic and sentimental singing, &c.

FOR SALE, a powerful OPERA GLASS. A. MOORE and CO., Labour Bazaar,

SYDNEY VOCAL HARMONIC SOCIETY.—The Committee regret having to announce that, in consequence of the large amount of sickness prevailing amongst the members of the chorus, the first performance of the whole of the Oratorio ELIJAH is POSTPONED to THURSDAY, the 14th June proximo. J. T. READ, Assistant Secretary.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—Patron, Sir W. T. DENISON, K.C.B., &c., &c.
Patroness—LADY DENISON.

The Members and Subscribers are reminded that the GRAND EXTRA CONCERT will take place, in the Great Hall of the Exchange, on MONDAY, the 28th May; and that, in addition to the Orchestral Members of the Society, the following Artists have kindly accorded their assistance:—

INSTRUMENTALISTS.
Madame A. RAWACK.
Mr. W. H. PALING.
VOCALISTS.
Miss E. HOWSON | Mr. F. ELLARD
C. HOWSON | F. HOWSON.
Mr JAMES WALLER, Amateur.

By permission of Colonel Kempt, and the officers of H.M. 99th Regiment, the Band, conducted by Douglas Callen, Esq., will perform on this occasion.

PROGRAMME.—PART 1.

1. Overture, "Cheval de Bronze"—Orchestra—Auber
2. Duett, Dite alla Giovine, "La Traviata"—Miss Emma and Mr. Frank Howson
3. Air de Danielowitz (Buffo) "L'Etoile du Nord"—Meyerbeer—Mr. F. Ellard
4. Violin Solo, air varie—Mr. Paling—De Beriot
5. Song, Wouldst thou win me, "Satanella"—Miss E. Howson
6. Solo, "England, glorious Land," with full orchestral accompaniments—Mr. Waller—Westrop
7. Selections from Semiramide—Military Band—Rossini.

PART 2.

1. Overture, "Der Freischutz"—Orchestra—Weber
2. Scena, Each Nerve with fury trembleth, "Lucia di Lammermoor"—Mr. F. Howson
3. Solo pianoforte, Grande Fantaisie sur "Guillaume Tell"—Madame RAWACK—Dohler
4. Song, Our hearts are not our own to give, "Satanella"—Miss C. Howson
5. Herr Koenig's celebrated solo, "L'Adieu," Saxe Horn—Koch Albert—Gentleman Amateur
6. Glee and chorus, "Fill me, Boys"—Cooke
7. Reminiscences of Auber—Military Band.

JOHN DEANE, Conductor.

Tickets to be had of Messrs. Buist, Mader, Johnson, Clarke, and of the honorary treasurer, W. H. Aldis, Esq.; or at the Society's Office, 9, Hunter-street—Subscribers (three tickets), 10s. 6d.; non-subscribers, 5s. each.

Doors open at half-past 7, to commence at 8.

H. R. WEBB, secretary.

PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE.—Lessee and manager, Mr. Samuel Colville.

THE GRAND OPERATIC SEASON

as announced, will commence on

MONDAY, May 29,

with Verdi's great work of

IL TROVATORE.

Supported by the distinguished artistes,

SIGNOR AND SIGNORA BIANCHI,

and the Mammoth Troupe, engaged at a most enormous expense for the season, limited to four weeks, four nights per week, viz.:—Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Prices of Admission:—

SEASON TICKETS

for twelve operatic entertainments, viz., on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, not transferable, and relating to which full particulars will be made known at the Box Office.

NIGHTLY ADMISSION:

Dress circle boxes, from £3 to £4; reserved seats, 7s. 6d.—at the door, 6s.; stalls, reserved seats, 5s.—at the door, 4s.; upper circle, 3s.; pit, 2s.; gallery, 1s.

NO HALF-PRICE.

Entrance to stalls, same as to dress circle, Castlereagh-street.

Children in arms not admitted. Free list, with the exception of the Press, suspended.

Doors open at half-past 7, curtain will rise at quarter past 8 o'clock precisely.

Places may be secured for any advance night or nights, by application to Mr. SAMUEL COLVILLE, who will be found at the entrance to Dress Circle, Castlereagh-street, daily, between 11 and 3 o'clock.

Season tickets deliverable to-day and Monday.

Second ditto—LUCRETIA BORGIA
Third ditto—LA TRAVIATA.

TEMPERANCE HALL—The Last Grand AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE of Professor HISLEY and Troupe, TO-DAY.

Doors open at two; commence at half-past two. Children admitted at half-price.

TEMPERANCE HALL.—Farewell Night of

Professor HISLEY and SON,
Mr. J. O. PIERCE,
Monsieur DEVANI,
Signora DON.

Doors open at half-past seven; commence at eight. Prices as usual.

R. FOSTER, treasurer.
G. H. BEAVER, acting manager.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE. Agent for the Lessee, Mr. SAMUEL COLVILLE.

ONLY THEATRE OPEN.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 26.

An immense bill.

Two great DRAMAS.

JONATHAN BRADFORD,

and

THE PIRATE SHIP.

Mr. Joseph Rayner as Jonathan Bradford
Mr. Alexander Fitzgerald as Dan Macraisy (for the first time in Sydney, a character which he has made entirely his own)
Mr. W. H. Stephens as Caleb Schrimmage
Mr. C. H. Burford as Farmer Nelson.

With the entire double company.

A grand bill in preparation for MONDAY NIGHT.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 1,

The new version of Camille.

Prices as usual.

MUNICIPALITY OF WOOLLAHRA.—NOTICE is hereby given that, a poll having been demanded at the nomination of Councillors and Auditors for the above municipality, such POLL will take place on MONDAY next, the 28th day of May, at the following polling places:—Double Bay—Mr. Edmond's hotel, New South Head Road; Upper Paddington—Mr. Llewellyn's, Victoria Inn, Piper-street; Watson's Bay and South Head—Mr. Leftwich's hotel, Sydney, room in Criterion Chambers, corner of King and Castlereagh streets. The poll will commence at 9 o'clock a.m., and close at 4 o'clock p.m.

GERARD PHILLIPS, Returning-officer.

MUNICIPALITY OF WOOLLAHRA.—Additional Polling Place.—A requisition from a number of electors having been received, requesting me to appoint a polling place in SYDNEY, I hereby give notice that a poll will be taken at a Room in the building known as Criterion Chambers, corner of King and Castlereagh streets. To commence at 9 o'clock and close at 4 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 28th day of May next.

GERARD PHILLIPS, Returning-officer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WOOLLAHARA MUNICIPALITY.—The following names are suggested as being the most likely men to fairly represent the Municipality:—

George Thornton	Edward Salamon
Joseph Trickett	A. Toogood
John Goold	S. Thompson
D. Dunk	J. Blackstone
J. V. Gorman	

MUNICIPALITY OF WAVERLEY.—Notice is hereby given, that a Court of Petty Sessions to hear appeals against the Assessment, will be held in the Council Chambers, Waverley, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 10 o'clock a.m. W. MORTIMER, council clerk.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WOOLLAHRA MUNICIPALITY.—Gentlemen,—My name having been proposed as a Councillor for your municipality, I beg to notify that I am not a candidate, and I decline the intended honour.

I am, Gentlemen, yours, &c.,
ANDREW LENEHAN.

WOOLLAHRA MUNICIPALITY.—Mr. EDWARDS will meet the electors of the above municipality at Mr. Edmond's, Bayswater Hotel, Double Bay, THIS EVENING, at eight o'clock.

BURWOOD STATION HOTELS, pleasantly situated for parties requiring change of air or recreation; neat cottages, attached—one minute from the Burwood station. S. CUTLER.

RANDWICK RACES.—The INVINCIBLE omnibuses will carry passengers to the gate at 1s. each way.

HOWARD and MOORE, proprietors.

PELICAN HOTEL, South Head Road.—Dancing and Music THIS EVENING, at 8 p.m. HENRY HOLLIDAY.

THE ROYAL STANDARD is now open. A luncheon and a glass of English ale for 3d. HENRY THOMPSON. May 25th.

THE MOST comfortable LUNCHEON ROOMS in Sydney are at the City Wine Vaults, George-street. Billiard and smoking rooms separate. Large room for public meetings. JAMES SIMPSON.

WINTER EVENINGS at HOME.—Mr. SHERIDAN MOORE'S Programme of Classes during the winter quarter, at his residence, 93, Woolloomooloo-street.

LATIN, on Mondays, from 7½ till 9 p.m.
ENGLISH (Language and Literature) } Tuesdays, ditto ditto
GREEK, on Wednesdays, ditto ditto
FRENCH, on Thursday, ditto ditto
NATURAL PHILOSOPHY (first series Mechanics and Astronomy) } Fridays, ditto ditto

Terms—One guinea each class respectively. Application can be made up to the first Monday in June, when the Latin class will be formed. Parties desirous of joining any of these classes are requested to meet Mr. Moore during the ensuing week.

*** Address (by letter) "Phœnix Chambers," George-street.

MADAM DUBOST and Miss POTTS beg to announce to the parents and guardians of their pupils, and the public generally, that they have REMOVED to Dyneover terrace, College-street, Hyde Park, one of these healthfully situated houses lately erected by D. Jones, Esq. Its superior accommodations will enable them to increase the number of their boarders and day pupils. Their course of instruction comprises all the branches of an accomplished education, in which they are assisted by the first masters. A bath room for the use of the young ladies.

MRS. TWEEDIE has Vacancies for two little Girls, as Boarders, under 12 years of age, who will enjoy the comforts of home while receiving a superior education. 131, Bourke-street, William-street.

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHY.—DALTON'S Royal Gallery for the practice of Artistic Photography, 400, George-street. Portraits taken in all the modern branches of the art. Children's portraits instantaneously.

FREEMAN, BROTHERS, Photographers, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.—Portraits taken in Messrs. FREEMAN'S new and spacious gallery, at reduced prices, by the most approved photographic processes, and artistically coloured. Children taken instantaneously. Photographic views of Sydney for home presents. 392, George-street.

NOW OPEN, SCOTT'S Photographic Gallery (late Batchelder's), 348, George-street, over Ford's News Office.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of Sydney and Australian Scenery. A great collection at W. HETZER'S, 287, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS taken in the different branches, and painted in a superior style, at W. HETZER'S Photographic Gallery, 287, George-street. Stereoscopic views and likenesses taken to order.

DENSLOW'S PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT GALLERY, 84, King-street, near George-street.

N.B.—First-class portraits taken at lower prices than at any other gallery in Sydney.

PHRENOLOGY.—Mr. PATTISON will continue to give Phrenological Descriptions of Character at Mr. KEBBY'S, stationer, Newtown, for a few days longer, from 3 till 8 p.m. Charges, 3 s. and 5s.

LESSONS given in PHONOGRAPHY, terms, 5s. Apply Burrell's Portrait Rooms, Criterion Chambers, King-street.

ESTATE AGENCY, investments made. Rents and interest collected and punctually remitted to absentees by Mr. HELLICAR, Eldon Chambers, Melbourne.

ENGRAVING and Lithographic Printing Office.—F. TURNER, 299, George-street, over Mr. Mader's, stationer.

FU

MUNICIPALITY of WATERLOO.—PROCLAMATION.—By his Excellency Sir William Thomas Denison, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor-General in and over all her Majesty's colonies of New South Wales, Tasmania, Victoria, South Australia, and Western Australia, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.:

WHEREAS by a certain Proclamation dated the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and duly made and published under the provisions contained in the Municipalities Act of 1858, in a supplement to the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE of the fifteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, a certain district in the said Proclamation described and named, and the limits and boundaries whereof were thereby defined, was by the said proclamation declared to be a Municipality within the intent and meaning of the said Act, by the name and style of "the Municipality of Waterloo," and the electors for the time being of the said municipality, immediately upon such publication as aforesaid, became and were a body corporate, under such name and style: And whereas it is by the said Act provided and declared that, on a day to be notified by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, within three months after the incorporation of such municipality, and twice published in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, and once in some local newspaper nearest to such municipality, not being less than twenty days or more than forty days from the date of such first publication,—the Returning-officer, who at the first election shall be named in such notice, shall preside at such meeting of electors as in the said Act is authorised to be holden; and such elections and further proceedings shall be taken as are in the said Act authorised to be taken after such notice as aforesaid: Now, therefore, I, Sir William Thomas Denison, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do, by this my proclamation, nominate and notify that THOMAS HAYES, Esq., of Waterloo, shall be the first Returning-officer of the said Municipality, and that the meeting of the said electors shall be held at noon, at such place at Waterloo, as may be fixed for the purpose by public notice, on Wednesday, the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, for the purposes of the said Act.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Colony, at Government House, Sydney, this eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and in the twenty-third year of her Majesty's reign.

(L.S.) W. DENISON.

By his Excellency's command,
CHARLES COWPER.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE, GREAT NORTHERN ROAD.—1ST DISTRICT.—TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for forming, draining, ballasting, and metalling road, and for supplying metal for repairs on the Second District of the Great Western Road, in accordance with terms of advertisement of May 4th, 1860.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE OF THE GREAT WESTERN ROAD.—2ND DISTRICT.—TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of TUESDAY, 29th day of May next, for forming, draining, ballasting, and metalling road, and for supplying metal for repairs on the Second District of the Great Western Road, in accordance with terms of advertisement of the 4th May, 1860.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE, MUDGEE ROAD.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for clearing, forming, draining, gravelling, and metalling, on the Mudgee Road, in accordance with terms of advertisement of 4th May, 1860.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE, GREAT WESTERN ROAD.—1ST DISTRICT.—TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for forming, draining, ballasting, gravelling, metalling and maintaining road, and for supplying metal for repairs on the First District of the Great Western Road, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of the 4th May, 1860.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 10th May, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD.—TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of TUESDAY, the 5th day of June next, for clearing, forming, draining, and metalling, in accordance with the terms of advertisement of the 11th May, 1860.

THE UNEMPLOYED OF SYDNEY.—The committee for the unemployed will grant free passages to Maitland to fifty more of the applicants who have registered their names, on MONDAY next, the 28th May.

For and on behalf of the committee,
H. H. BROWNE.

Government Immigration Office, Sydney, 25th May.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Excursion Tickets.

Notice is hereby given that in consequences of the temporary interruption of the through traffic, Excursion Tickets will not be issued beyond Liverpool, on SATURDAY next.

B. H. MARTINDALE, Commissioner.

Railway Branch: Department of Internal Communication, Sydney, 25th May, 1860.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Re-opening of the Line to Campbelltown.

Notice is hereby given, that on and after TUESDAY next, the 29th instant, the usual trains will run between Sydney and Campbelltown.

B. H. MARTINDALE, Commissioner.

Railway Branch: Department of Internal Communication, Sydney, 25th May, 1860.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS REDUCED RATES AND ADDITIONAL TRAIN.—Attention is invited to the issue of SEASON TICKETS at reduced rates.

The reduction of rates for passengers between Sydney and Parramatta.

The reduction of rates for the conveyance of carriages, horses, dogs, live stock, and parcels.

The issue of return tickets daily for carriages and horses at reduced rates.

The issue of excursion tickets for passengers, carriages, horses, available from SATURDAY MORNING till MONDAY EVENING, at single fares for the double journey.

The reduction of rates for the conveyance of goods to 3d. per ton per mile.

The additional train leaving Parramatta for Sydney, at 5-35 p.m., and returning from Sydney at 6-45 p.m., calling at all stations.

For full particulars, see advertisements in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE and in the daily and weekly papers.

B. H. MARTINDALE.

Railway Branch Department of Internal Communication, 3rd January, 1860

PRINTED PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.—On SALE at the Government Printing Office, Phillip-street North, and by S. GOOLD, Government Agent, 178, corner of Pitt and King streets, the following Printed Public Documents:—

	Price per copy. s. d.
Government Gazette	1 0
Votes and Proceedings of Legislative Assembly ...	0 6
Minutes of the Legislative Council	0 6
Sydney Municipal Elections Acts of 1860 ...	0 6
Central Cumberland Electoral List 1860-1 ...	1 6
Nepean Electoral List 1860-1	1 5
Weekly Abstract of Petitions, No. 26 (575) ...	0 6
Weekly Report of Divisions, No. 18 (587) ...	1 0
Export Duty on Gold—Message No. 39 (581) ...	0 6
Gold Fields—Letter from Commissioner Cloete relative to Kiandra (566)	0 6
Reports and Evidence:—	
Tolls Amendment Act Repeal Bill (c 120) ...	1 1
Returns to Addresses:—	
Case of William Wallace (c 108)	1 3
Nowra and Suburbs (c 114)	0 6
Treasury Payments during 1859-60 (c 118) ...	1 1
Bills:—	
Church of England Synods Bill (c 110) ...	1 1
Lunacy Jurisdiction Amendment (c 119) ...	0 6
Proof by Declaration Amendment (c 116) ...	0 6
Property, Law, and Trustees' Relief (c 109) ...	1 2
Temporary Acts Continuance (c 115)	0 6
Toll Amendment Act Repeal	0 6

Subscribers will continue to be supplied from the Government Printing Office, on the following terms, namely:—

Government Gazette, 7s. 6d. per quarter
Parliamentary Papers, £2 10s. per session.

THOMAS RICHARDS, Government Printer.

25th May.

ERECTION OF A PROTESTANT CHURCH, AT GUNDAGAI.—AT a PUBLIC MEETING of members of the Church of England and others, held at North Gundagai, on the 7th instant, the following resolution was adopted:—"That immediate steps be taken to erect a suitable building in North Gundagai, to be dedicated to the public worship of the Church of England."

A committee was also appointed for the purpose of carrying out this object.

The committee very earnestly solicits the aid of all residents in the district, and others who are interested in the advancement of religion.

Contributions towards the undertaking will be most thankfully received by Mr. GILBERT KING, of Gundagai; the Honorary Treasurer of the Church Building Fund: and by the undersigned.

ALFRED C. S. ROSE, Honorary Secretary.

Gundagai, 14th of May, 1860.

REMOVAL.—M. BRODZIAK, from 7, Wynyard-square, to Newstead House, Pyrmont.

PROSPECTUS OF THE AUSTRALIAN STAGE COMPANY.

Capital, £75,000, in 15,000 shares of £5 each.

Preliminary deposit of £1 per share to be paid on application, and the remaining sum of £4 per share within fourteen days of allotment, or deposits will be forfeited.

Operations will be commenced as soon as the amount of 8000 shares are subscribed and paid up.

In the event of the required number of shares not being subscribed for, the Directors undertake to return the deposits in full.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
William Randle, Esq., Melbourne
Cyrus Rewitt, Esq., ditto
William Williams, Esq., ditto
Matthew M'Caw, Esq., ditto
John R. Ricards, jun., Esq., ditto
John Halfey, Esq., ditto
A. L. Blake, Esq., ditto
F. B. Clapp, Esq., ditto
G. B. Perkins, Esq., Swan Hill
William Woods, Esq., Sandhurst
Thomas Ogilvie, Esq., Geelong
J. D. Robinson, Esq., ditto
Hugh M'Phillimy, Esq., ditto
C. C. Skarratt, Esq., ditto
T. A. Lascelles, Esq., ditto
J. T. Fallen, Esq., Albury
David Jones, Esq., Ballarat
Walter Craig, Esq., ditto
Alexander Kelly, Esq., ditto
Frederick Taylor, Esq., Castlemaine
Edward Cay, Esq., ditto
S. Butterworth, Esq., ditto
Caleb Anderson, Esq., ditto
Charles Croaker, Esq., Portland
R. H. Fernald, Esq., Pitfield
William Malcolm, Esq., Hamilton
Joel Tompkins, Esq., Regian
Oliver Cooper, Esq., Ararat
J. L. Huntley, Esq., Belfast
Francis Tozer, Esq., Warrnambool.

With power to add to their number.

Bankers—Bank of New South Wales.
Solicitor—W. H. Gatty Jones, Esq.
Secretary—W. Kent Hall, Esq.

The magnitude of the interests involved in the operations connected with the various stage lines for passenger and mail conveyance radiating from the cities of Melbourne and Geelong, has engaged, for some time past, the attention of the projectors of this enterprise, with a view to concentrate under one co-operative management the various and often conflicting interests of individual proprietors.

It is anticipated that under the auspices of a responsible and influential joint stock proprietary, and in contemplation of the opening of the Melbourne and Sandhurst, and Geelong and Ballaarat lines of railway, the business would assume a permanent form, and the sphere of its operations be profitably extended.

Overland communication with Sydney by a main trunk line, with branches diverging to the more important townships on the route, including the Snowy River district, would appear to be amongst the legitimate and immediate extensions of this enterprise, to accomplish which a very small additional outlay will be needed, as a large quantity of surplus stock, the property of the present proprietors, is available for the purpose.

It is conceived that in the responsibility of such a joint stock company as is proposed to be formed, the Government would recognise the necessary security to justify it in availing itself of the company's lines, and establishing an escort for the daily conveyance of gold, thus decreasing the risk, relieving the public revenue to a great extent of the present expensive mode of transport by Government escort, and materially adding to the receipts of the company.

With these views negotiations have been opened with the Victorian Stage Company, Messrs. F. B. Clapp and Co. (proprietors of the lines known as Cobb and Co.'s Telegraph Lines), and other coach proprietors, who have recognised the desirability of the objects referred to: valuations of their stock have been made by competent and disinterested valuators, and calculations based upon reliable current accounts have been entered into, with a result so satisfactory as to justify the recommendation of the enterprise to the favourable consideration of the public as a sound and profitable investment. The fact that the proprietors have expressed a wish to receive in part payment of the price of their lines as valued, one-fourth part in shares of the company, may be accepted as some guarantee to intending shareholders of the genuineness of the undertaking.

In order to distribute the influence of the company as much as possible, it is proposed to allot a proportion of shares in the adjoining colonies; a limited number only will therefore be issued in Melbourne, Geelong, and the inland districts of Victoria.

As the receipts of this Company will be in cash, and the whole of the stock being in a high state of efficiency, needing no outlay for present requirements, it may be confidently anticipated that a dividend will be declared at an early date.

It is determined that no transfer of shares shall be recognised until the 1st January, 1861, when the transfer book of the Company will be opened.

The share list will remain open until the 12th June, and the allotment made as soon after as practicable.

Forms of application for shares to be obtained of Messrs. S. C. Burt and Co., in Sydney; and of the secretary, W. Kent Hall. Office—No. 3, Hall of Commerce, Melbourne. Melbourne, May 5th, 1860.

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Further reduction of 25 per cent. on the former premiums.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Fire Policies at the reduced rates of premium, viz.:—

On First-class risks, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum

On Second-class ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 8s. per cent. per ditto.

Third-class ditto (subject to arrangement).

Non-hazardous goods insured at the same rates of premium as the buildings in which they are deposited.

An extra charge for hazardous goods. Special risk taken by agreement.

THACKER, DANIELL, and CO., Agents.

No. 10, O'Connell-street.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established 1849.

Empowered by Act of the Legislative Council.
Capital, £1,000,000.
Head Office, 82, Collins-street East, Melbourne.

Directors:
The Hon. Henry Miller, M.L.C., Chairman
W. B. Burnby, Esq., Deputy-Chairman
John Dinwoode, Esq., J.P.
William Hall, Esq., J.P.
The Hon. William Highett, M.L.C.

Risks taken at the usual rates, and the utmost liberality afforded to insurers.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, who have been appointed agents for New South Wales.

RAYMOND and CO.,
Treasury-buildings, George-street

DERWENT AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SYDNEY BRANCH.

Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.

Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.

Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.

Offices, Sydney Exchange, and Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.

TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

SMYTH'S SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE, Lyons-buildings, George-street.

Conducted according to the usage at Lloyd's,

By Mr. Samuel H. Smyth.
Marine Surveyor, Captain Malcolm.
Assistant Surveyor, Captain Charles Robertson.

Agent for the Port of Newcastle, Mr. George Mitchell.
Melbourne, Captain Colin Brown.
Auckland, New Zealand, Captain W. C. Daldy.
Lyttleton, Port Cooper, Messrs. Cookson, Bowler, and Co.
Nelson, Mr. John Beit.
Port Adelaide, Captain J. W. Smith.
London Agents, Messrs. Tooth and Mort, Fenchurch-street, London.

Hours of attendance from 10 till 4.

A table of reduced rates of premium to be obtained on application at the Office.

N.B.—Policies on goods, gold, and specie to Great Britain, are granted in triplicate, payable in London, in case of loss, if required.

S. H. SMYTH, Lyons-buildings, George-street.

SYDNEY BRANCH.—ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY of LONDON.—The undersigned issue Policies at the reduced rates of premium.

THACKER, DANIELL and CO., 10, O'Connell-street.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Empowered by Acts of Parliament.
Established in 1836.

Having a Colonial Proprietary, and the following Board of Directors in Sydney.

J. B. Willis, Esq., Chairman.

Hon. G. K. Holden, Esq., M.L.C. | J. R. Watt, Esq.
Hon. Sir Daniel Cooper, M.P. | B. Buchanan, Esq.
Sir C. Nicholson, Bart.

Medical Referees:
Hon. John Macfarlane, Esq., M.D.
Joseph Burgon, Esq.
Surveyor, F. H. Grundy, Esq., C.E.

Capital subscribed exceeding £1,580,000
Accumulated Funds and Capital paid up, exceeding £1,156,000

Of which £280,000 are invested in the colonies in Government and other securities.

Reserve Surplus Fund, £250,000—with unlimited liability of the shareholders.

The Directors continue to grant Policies of Insurance in Town or Country in both departments of the Company's business, upon terms which will be found as liberal as those of any other office.

Tables of Rates for Fire and Life Insurance, in all its branches, and every information can be obtained from A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary, at the Offices, Wynyard-square, Sydney.

FIRE INSURANCE.—SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets, Sydney.
Incorporated by Act of Council, 18 Vict., 1855.
Subscribed Capital £250,000

DIRECTORS:—
A. D. GORDON, Esq., M.L.A., CHAIRMAN
RICHARD JONES, Esq., M.L.A., DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN
T. C. BREILLAT, Esq.
M. E. MURNIN, Esq.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
THOMAS HOLT, Esq.

Surveyor—JAMES HUME, Esq.
Secretary—Mr. JOSEPH DYER.

Within the last four years this company has paid for losses by fire the sum of £15,508 5s. 0d.

The directors would point out the public advantages derived from the establishment of this truly colonial institution. The rates of premium on fire insurance have been reduced 75 per cent. below the rates charged by the English companies some few years back—and they are now as low as those charged by the English companies established here. The liability of a large body of wealthy shareholders is unlimited, so that a security equal to the largest subscribed capital of the English companies is assured, with the great advantage of the security being in the colony, and lastly, the profits of the company are retained in the colony, instead of being transmitted to England.

BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, stone or brick, from 2s. 3d. to 6s. 6d. per cent.

BUILDINGS—shingled ditto ditto ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 10s. 6d. per cent.

WOODEN BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, 8s. and upwards. Shingled, special.

Agents are appointed in every considerable town in the colony.

N.B.—There is no exemption made in the above company from payment of losses occurring through bush fires, country properties being insured against such casualties.

WATERLOO LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated A.D. 1851.
Head Office—355, Strand, London.

General Agents for the Australian Colonies, R. R. MATHEWS and SON, Melbourne.

Capital, £400,000.

Policies issued at the lowest rates of premium.
All claims paid in the colonies.
Policies indisputable.
For prospectuses, &c., apply to W. G. SPRIGG and CO., agents, Wynyard-square.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, £1,259,760.

Income for 1858, £197,188; invested funds, £404,499.

Directors for Australasia:
A. Ross, Esq., J.P. | James Gill, Esq.
C. Bradshaw, J.P. | A. B. Whyte, Esq.

Superintendent, James Rattray, Esq.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Insurances effected at the reduced rates of premium.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The rates charged in Australasia are the same as those in England.

All losses on adjustment paid in Sydney.

Forms of proposal and all information can be obtained on application at the office, in Sydney, 60, Margaret-street.

WILLIAM RAE, resident secretary.

ROYAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Capital—£4,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The prompt payment of losses incurred by the great fires during the past years has shewn the character which this company has ever maintained, throughout the whole world, under this head. It will only be necessary to add here that the Agents can with confidence announce to their fellow-citizens that they may feel assured that every legitimate claim will be immediately settled.

RATES OF PREMIUM.

CLASS 1.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied as dwelling or counting-houses only, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum.

CLASS 2.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied for storing merchandise, or for purposes of trade, from 3s. 9d. to 7s. 6d. per cent. per annum.

Losses adjusted and paid in Sydney.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in this branch will include the following, viz.:—

GUARANTEE of an AMPLE CAPITAL, MODERATE PREMIUMS, Large Participation of PROFITS by the ASSURED, amounting to TWO-THIRDS of NET AMOUNT, small charge for Management, the expenses of the office being borne in due proportions by the two branches, and EXEMPTION of the ASSURED from the LIABILITY of PARTNERSHIP.

Life claims can be settled in the colony without reference to England.

LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Agents, Lloyd's Chambers, 64 George-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY—Incorporated by Act of Parliament of New South Wales. Principal Office—Sydney, New South Wales.

DIRECTORS.

The Hon. JAMES MITCHELL, Esq., M.L.C., Chairman.
GEORGE KING, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
MICHAEL EGAN MURNIN, Esq.
The Hon. THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
ARTHUR TODD HOLROYD, Esq.

BUSINESS OF THE SOCIETY.

ASSURANCE of every contingency of human life.
ISSUE of Present, Deferred, and Reversionary Annuities.
GRANTING ENDOWMENTS FOR CHILDREN AND FOR OLD AGE.

ADVANTAGES OF THE SOCIETY.

ALL the PROFITS belong to the Members.

It is a COLONIAL INSTITUTION, on the model of the most successful British offices; while from the much higher rate of interest it obtains on its investments, more profitable returns are secured to its members than the best European offices can afford. Thus, at the Investigation of March, 1854, all policies then entitled to participate were increased by Bonus Additions averaging considerably more than three per cent. per annum on the sum assured, or about THREE TIMES those secured by the most liberal British joint-stock companies.

BONUSES may be applied to the extinction of future premiums, or their value in cash may be handed to the member.

SURRENDERS accepted on equitable terms.

GENERAL FACILITIES with regard to voyaging, residence abroad, &c.

PREMIUMS payable yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.

LOANS on policies on favourable terms.

CLAIMS payable three months after proof of death.

ALL ITS POLICIES are protected against the operation of the Insolvent Laws, after a certain term, on a gradually increasing scale.

POLICIES effected by married women are protected against the debts and control of their husbands.

THE FAMILIES OF SMALL ASSURERS are saved the expense of letters of administration.

PROSPECTUSES, forms of proposal, and very information may be obtained from any of its agents in New South Wales, and in the other Colonies, or at the Principal Office, ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary. Hunter-street. February 15th, 1859.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Notice is hereby given that interest is allowed by this bank on fixed deposits as follows, namely,

At 5 per cent. per annum for a period of 6 months
4 ditto ditto 3 months

and at rates to be agreed on for longer periods.

For the greater convenience of depositors, bank post bills, with interest added at these rates, respectively, are issued payable to order, and are thus negotiable at any moment. By order of the Board of Directors,

A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—
Paid-up capital £750,000
Reserved fund 225,000

This Bank allows interest upon deposits, if lodged for fixed periods, at rates varying from 3 to 5 per cent. per annum, and allows the immediate transfer of such portion of customers' balances as may not by them be immediately required to a deposit account, at the above rates of interest.

Dividends on shares in public companies, and interest on debentures, collected for customers free of charge.

Investments in colonial securities and also in those of Great Britain, effected.

The agency of Banks, either in the colonies or in England, undertaken on such terms as may be agreed upon.

Credits and drafts issued on England, America, and on chief ports in the Eastern seas, also upon all towns within the Australian colonies.

ROBERT WOODHOUSE, secretary.

Bank of New South Wales, 1st November.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—AN AGENCY of this Bank is now established on the Snowy River Gold-fields, under the management of Mr. JOSEPH YATES, of Adelong, of which the public is respectfully informed.

ROBERT WOODHOUSE, Inspector.

Sydney, 28th February, 1860.

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.—Incorporated by Royal Charter.—Notice is hereby given, that interest on deposits is allowed by this bank as under, viz.:—

On sums payable at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
On ditto ditto, 6 ditto, 4 ditto.
On ditto ditto, 12 ditto, 5 ditto.

Sydney, 1st April. JAS. HENDERSON, Manager.

THE BANK OF AUSTRALASIA, incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835.—Notice is hereby given that the half-yearly dividend of twenty-four shillings per share on the capital stock of the Corporation and bonus of thirty-six shillings per share, making together the sum of three pounds per share, and being at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum, declared by the Court of Directors, payable in London on the 16th April last, will be payable to the shareholders on the colonial register on and after 11th June. D. C. M'ARTHUR, acting superintendent.

LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA.—The rates of interest allowed on Deposits at this Bank are as follows:—

On fixed deposits for 3 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
Ditto ditto for 6 months, 5 ditto ditto.

Sydney, 10th March. H. D. BLOXHAM, manager.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter 1852.)

Paid-up capital £500,000

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

			Per Annum.
Repayable on	7 days' notice	...	2½ per cent.
Ditto	on 15 ditto ditto	...	3 ditto
Ditto	on 3 months' ditto	...	4 ditto
Ditto	on 6 ditto ditto	...	5 ditto
Ditto	on 12 ditto ditto	...	5½ ditto

On deposits of large amounts, interest according to special arrangement.

JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

Paid-up capital £1,260,000
Reserve fund 252,000

Interest will be allowed on fixed deposits, lodged after date, as under, viz.:—

	Per Annum.
Subject to 7 days' notice of withdrawal ...	2½ per cent.
Ditto 15 ditto	3 ditto
Ditto 3 months' ditto	4 ditto
Ditto 6 ditto ditto	5 ditto
Ditto 12 ditto ditto	5½ ditto

And on deposits of large amount, according to special arrangement.

GEORGE K. INGELOW, Manager.

AUSTRALIAN LIBRARY AND LITERARY INSTITUTION.—Subscribers are admitted, on the nomination of a shareholder, to all the advantages of this Library, containing 15,000 volumes, and a reading-room regularly supplied with British and colonial periodicals and newspapers.

Annual subscription ...	...	...	...	£3 0
Half-yearly	...	...	...	2
Quarterly	...	...	...	1 0
Monthly	...	...	...	0 10

Subscriptions date from the time of joining. Subscribers residing out of Sydney are allowed an extra number of volumes. The Library is open every day except Monday, and the reading-room every day, from 9 a.m. to p.m. Further information can be obtained, with a copy of the rules, on application to P. J. ELLIOTT, Librarian.

ST. MARK'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Macquarie Fields, near Liverpool.—Visitors: The Rev. John Woolley, D.C.D., Principal of Sydney University; Morris Birkbeck Pell, Esq. B.A., Professor of Mathematics, Sydney University.—Wanted, after the June vacation, an unmarried Assistant MASTER, experienced in public school education, and thoroughly competent to take charge of the upper forms in any branch of their work—classical or mathematical—as required. None but gentlemen, being members of the Church of England, whose references and attainments are of the highest character, need apply. The appointment will be kept open up to 30th June next, when the three most eligible candidates will be submitted for final selection to the visitors, whose nomination will be accepted by the Principal. Salary, £200 per annum and residence.

GEORGE F. M'ARTHUR, Principal.

SYDNEY HOMŒOPATHIC DISPENSARY, for the present held at Mr. BELL'S Pharmacy, George-street, opposite Bridge-street.

MEDICAL OFFICERS:
Francis Bellamy, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.A.C.
Charles Maymott, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.A.C.
J. Le Gay Brereton, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., L.A.C.

Days of attendance—Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at three o'clock p.m.

The object of this Institute is to supply advice and medicine on the homœopathic system of medicine to the poor and labouring classes.

Persons friendly to the cause of homœopathy, and others who are desirous of seeing this system fairly tried, are solicited to aid in this work by subscribing to the fund.

Rule IV.—Every annual subscriber of not less than one guinea, to be entitled to recommend three gratuitous patients for each guinea subscribed, and every subscriber of half a guinea to be entitled to recommend one gratuitous patient; annual subscribers have the further privilege of recommending an unlimited number of subscribing patients.

V.—Gratuitous patients will obtain medical advice and medicine at the dispensary.

VI.—Subscribing patients will have to pay (during the time they are under treatment), 2s. 6d. per week, or 7s. 6d. per month (to be paid in advance), for medical advice: they will also have to pay one shilling for each prescription prepared at the Pharmacy.

If surgical apparatus, or expensive external remedies be required, an extra charge will be made.

For copy of rules or other information, apply to JOHN BELL, honorary secretary Homœopathic Pharmacy, where subscribers will be received.

THE IMPROVED TURKISH BATH, and Appliances for the Water Treatment of Disease, Spring-street, Sydney.

Under the care of JOHN le GAY BRERETON, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., L.A.C., author of the "Turkish Bath in Health and Disease."

Open for patients only from 10 o'clock a.m. to noon. Charge, 10s. 6d., including shampooing and curative movements. No invalids admitted to the afternoon baths. Open daily to the public from 2 o'clock p.m. to 7 o'clock p.m., Sundays excepted. Charge for a single bath, 7s. 6d.; four tickets for a guinea. Open for ladies only from 10 o'clock a.m. to noon on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The Invalid Baths are under the personal superintendence of Dr. Brereton, whose consultation rooms adjoin the bath.

No admittance to the Baths except by ticket.

Tickets to be procured at the Bath.

DR. BERNCASTLE, Physician Accoucheur, Surgeon to the Sydney Ophthalmic Institution for the Cure of Diseases of the Eye, at home from 9 to 11, and 2 to 3, REMOVED to 229, Macquarie-street.

DR. HEATH, Member Royal College Surgeons, England, and Licentiate in Medicine, may now be consulted upon DEAFNESS and EYE DISEASE, at 18, Elizabeth-street North, near Hunter-street, from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m. His work on Deafness, &c., at NORRIE'S, chemist, Pitt-street, price 1s.

ADVICE GRATIS.—Mornings, from 9 till 11 o'clock. Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street.

PREMATURE DECLINE, Consumption, Debility, &c., &c., consult Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North. Hours, from 9 till 2; and from 5 till 8 evenings.

DR. PERCY and CO.'S CORDIAL BALM OF CIRCASSIA, for invigorating debilitated constitutions, and the cure of diseases resulting from the follies of youth. Price 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per bottle. 37, Elizabeth-st.

CONSUMPTION, Indigestion, Headache, Bilious Complaints, &c., &c.—Take the Balm of Circassia, prepared by Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North.

PULMONIC MIXTURE for coughs, colds, &c.; Nutritive Cream, for promoting the growth of the hair; Anodyne Toothache Drops. Sold wholesale and retail. J. W. HUNTER, chemist and druggist, 407, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel.

DR. TOWNSEND'S Original and Genuine SARSAPARILLA. Sole agents, SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Stores, Circular Quay.

DR. HOBBS DUGONG OIL.—The Australian substitute for Cod Liver Oil. Wholesale agents, J. and E. ROW, wholesale druggists, Bank Court, Sydney.

DENTISTRY.—Established 1842.—Mr. J. EMANUEL, Dentist, continues to supply artificial teeth, extract teeth; teeth plugged with gold, and all other operations appertaining to his profession. Mr. J. EMANUEL wishes to inform strangers visiting the colony that he passed his examination in the Hague, Holland, in the year 1836, and received his dental diploma. George-street North, near Hunter-street.

TOOTHACHE CURED IN AN INSTANT, with Mr. ESKELL'S Odontalgic Essence, price 2s. 6d. per bottle: Eskell's Elixir, for purifying the breath, cleansing the mouth, removing unpleasant odours, &c.; charge 2s. 6d. per bottle. Galvanic Tooth Powder, for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Loss of teeth supplied from one to a complete set. Advice and extracting gratis from 6 till 10 o'clock. At 21, Hunter-street, Sydney.

TEETH. TEETH. TEETH.—Discovery in Dental Surgery.—Mr. ESKELL continues to supply the loss of teeth, without springs or wires, upon his new system of self-adhesion, and without extracting any teeth or stumps, or giving any pain whatever, at the following charges:—

A single tooth, from ... ... 10s.
Filling with Eskell's patent white cement... 5s.

Mr. ESKELL, surgeon-dentist, member of the College of Dentistry, England, may be consulted daily at 21, Hunter-street, between George-street and Pitt-street. On Sunday from 10 till 2.

IF YOU WISH a GOOD HEAD OF HAIR, try a bottle of PRATT'S DEVONIAN CREAM, which is one of the best preparations extant for strengthening and promoting the growth of the hair. This elegant and useful preparation is now extensively known and as extensively approved. It keeps the hair from falling off. It greatly embellishes its appearance. It prevents it from turning prematurely grey.

Prepared only by W. PRATT, dispensing and family chemist, 57, Parramatta-street; and sold in Sydney by him; and by Mr. Pearson, near the Royal Hotel; Mr. Finch, King-street; Mr. M'Mahon, 416, George-street; Messrs. Redford and Burrell, Pitt-street; Mr. Jenkins, 252, George-street; Mr. Porter, 324, George-street; Mr. Dole, Market-buildings; Messrs. Watt and Co., opposite the Police Office; Mr. Earle, 550, George-street; Mr. Baxter, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Watson, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Horner, William-street; Mr. Poulton, South Head Road; Messrs. Jenkins and Hamilton, Chippendale. At Newtown: by Messrs. Mills, Mummery, and Chevasse. Manly Beach: Mr. Johnson. Burwood: Mr. Alderton. Parramatta: Messrs. Rowling and M'Pherson. Liverpool: Mr. Druce. Campbelltown and Picton: Messrs. E. and W. Fieldhouse. Camden: Mr. Foulkes. Appin: Mr. Armstrong. Richmond: Mr. Price. Agency at Goulburn, at the HERALD Office. Wellongong: by Mr. Parker. Bathurst: Messrs. Parker and Butterworth. Mudgee: Messrs. A. Campbell and Co. Ipswich: Mr. Halmberger; and by most druggist and storekeepers throughout the colony.

In bottles, 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. each.

NOTICE.—If you wish your HAIR to be admired, take a pleasant walk to BURNETT'S, there you will get it nicely cut & dressed. Wigs, fronts, and all kinds of fancy hair work made or repaired. Curling and crimping irons, gentlemen's whisker irons, combs, brushes, and perfumery of every description, on SALE. BURNETT'S Hair Restorative, called BURNETT'S Biochrine, or life of the hair; also a Lotion for removing dandriff. These preparations being so efficacious and invaluable articles to prevent imposition, prepared and sold only by STEPHEN BURNETT, ladies' and gentlemen's practical hairdresser, perfumer, &c., No. 143, Old South Head Road.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—These pills are more efficacious in strengthening a debilitated constitution than any other medicine in the world. Persons of a nervous habit of body, and all who are suffering from weak digestive organs, or whose health has become deranged by bilious affections, disordered stomach, or liver complaints, should lose no time in giving these admirable pills a fair trial. Coughs, colds, asthma, or shortness of breath are also within the range of the sanative powers of this very remarkable medicine. The cures effected by these pills are not superficial and temporary, but complete and permanent. They are as mild as they are efficacious, and may be given with confidence to delicate females and young children.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and at 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the civilised world, and in all parts of Australia, at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each pot. ☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

THE GREAT FRENCH DISCOVERY IN THE SCIENC

THE OPENING DAY of BRITANNIA HOUSE, 397, George-street, (Four doors from King-street,) will be MONDAY, MAY the 28th, 1860.

O'DONNELL, HITCHINS, and CO., in announcing the opening of their spacious new premises, would beg respectfully to call the attention of the ladies of Sydney, and the public generally, to the importance of the fact that they are now landing, ex the George Marshall, General Wyndham, Waterloo, &c., and will be prepared to show, on the above day, the most choice selection of seasonable goods ever offered for public disposal in this city.

O'DONNELL, HITCHINS, and CO. deem it necessary to observe that from the extra magnitude of Britannia House they will be enabled to keep a more extensive and varied stock of general drapery, &c., and hope, by strict personal assiduity, to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on Wynyard House for the past ten years.

The residue of their stock at Wynyard House, comprising—

Silks	Hosiery and gloves
Mantles	Ribbons and lace goods
Fancy dresses	Cambric handkerchiefs
French merinos	and fancy goods
Blankets and flannels	Shirts and ties
Household linens	Haberdashery
Muslin and real lace sets and collars	

they are now selling at a considerable reduction from manufacturers' prices, and will continue for the few days that will elapse before the closing of the premises.

O'DONNELL, HITCHINS, and CO., Wynyard House, 535, George-street.

RESOLVED, that it is expedient to reduce the amount of Stock.

RESOLVED, that the only way to do so is to lower the price.

RESOLVED, that such reduction take place immediately.

No sooner resolved upon than done, as per list:—

12½d. French twills for 8½d.
2s. ditto, extra wide, for 12½d.
3s. d. French merinos for 2s. 3d.
10s. 6d. de laine dresses for 3s. 11d.
10s. 6d. Norwich crossovers for 5s. 11d.
25s. rich cashmeres for 12s. 9d.
20s. Bounced tweed robes for 12s. 9d.
17s. 6d. cloth mantles, black, for 7s. 6½.
25s. ditto ditto for 12s. 6d.
15s. black barege shawls for 2s. 11d.
25s. rich cashmere ditto for 12s. 9d.
22s. 6d. large blankets for 14s. 11d.
55s ditto, the best in Sydney, for 30s.
16½d. Welsh flannel for 12½d.
2s. 6d. very fine ditto for 1s. 7½d.
12d. ribbons for 7½d.
10s. 6d. parasols for 3s. 11d.
12d 72-inch brown calico, damaged, for 6d.
14d. 72-inch ditto, sound, for 8½d.
20s. trimmed felt hats for 8s. 6d.
6s. 6d. straw hats for 3s. 11d.

THIS DAY, at 535, George-street.

HENRY SELBY, Proprietor.

DAWSON, THOMPSON, and CO. invite attention to their large and varied stock of Gentlemen's Ready-made CLOTHING, comprising the newest fashions and materials suited for the present season, ALL of which have been expressly made to order, and among which will be found

Gents' Inverness capes
Ditto ponchos, single and reversible
Ditto mohair and pilot sheeters
Ditto ditto reversible ditto
Ditto double-breasted frock overcoats, new styles
Ditto superfine black frock coats
Ditto ditto ditto dress ditto
Ditto Sydenham and Paget walking coats
Ditto paletots, ozonians, and sacs, in great variety
Ditto black, fancy doe, and tweed trousers
Ditto bedford cord and kersey riding trousers
Ditto black silk, velvet, and cloth vests
Ditto fancy doe and tweed ditto.
A large stock of gents' felt and Paris hats, caps; white, regatta, and crimean shirts; hosiery, gloves, braces, ties, handkerchiefs, collars, &c., &c.
Boys' and youth's clothing, in endless variety.

Commerce House, 406, George-street.

MANTLES!!! MANTLES!!! MANTLES!!!—WILLIAM PRICE begs to inform his numerous customers that he has just opened, ex Waterloo, three cases, all of the newest shapes and most recent designs, consisting of

Brown and drab Meltons, from 10s. 9d. each
Ditto ditto, in various styles, 16s. 6d. each
Ditto ditto, richly trimmed, from 18s. 6d. to 45s.
Children's ditto, all shapes and sizes, from 6s. 9d. each
Ladies' tweed and cloth jackets, from 7s. 6d. each
Ditto, richly trimmed, in seal cloth and velvet
Ladies' black mantles, all prices, in various styles

Together with a choice assortment of browns, blacks, and mixed Melton cloths. Also, ex steamer Malta,

Chenille hair nets, in all colours
Plush scarfs and Heniton sets
Ostrich feathers, in brown, black, and drab
Felt hats, in ladies' and children's sizes, Queen's shape
Josephine kid gloves, very best quality
Embroidered cambric handkerchiefs, richly worked collars and sleeves, in sets

WILLIAM PRICE, "La Ville de Paris"

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING.—Two cases of superior makes and finish, just opened at "La Ville de Paris."

BABY LINEN.—Richly worked robes, and embroidered cloaks, just opened at "La Ville de Paris."

THE Latest Fashion in HATS, ex Lloyds, at E. MOUNTCASTLE'S, 319, George-street, and 64, Market-street.

SHIRTS, OUTFITS, &c.—M. A. HUGHES' Unique Shirts, fit perfectly, are moderate in price, and unsurpassed in quality. Crimean shirts of superior texture and favourite colours, at 8s. Shirt Depot, Market-st. East.

MASONIC R.A. and M.M. APRONS, at C. H. MAY'S, 351, George street.

MILLINERY of every description made to order. Mrs. MAY, nearly opposite the Post Office.

BABY LINEN of every description at Mrs. MAY'S Family Outfitting Warehouse.

LADIES' and Children's Underclothing, at reduced prices, at Mrs. MAY'S, 351, George-street.

LADIES' and Girls' Merino and Lambswool Underclothing, at Mrs. MAY'S, 351, George-street.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, in great variety, at Mrs. MAY'S, nearly opposite the Post Office.

SEWED MUSLIN GOODS, of every description, at Mrs. MAY'S, 351, George-street.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT. SELLING OFF EXPIRATION OF LEASE.

D. and S. M. LEVI, importers of Cutlery, Stationery, Jewellery, Musical Instruments, Wax Vestas, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Beads, &c., begs to inform country storekeepers, dealers, and the public in general, that, as the lease of the premises now occupied by them will shortly expire, they have determined to retire from the retail branch; and have, therefore, decided on dissolving of the whole of their stock at a considerable reduction under the usual prices.

The house and shop to let.

N.B.—Note the name and address—D. and S. M. LEVI, 237, Pitt-street, three doors from the Victoria Theatre.

EX GENERAL WYNDHAM.—The undersigned begs to acquaint his patrons and the public generally, that he has received, ex General Wyndham, two cases of superior goods selected for the present season. They comprise Broadcloths, Doeskins, plain and fancy, of various shades of colour; also, several pieces of 6-4 Fancy Diagonal Silk Mixture Cloths (really choice patterns) for gentlemen's suits.

The above are of the best quality, and the most modern designs.

The trade supplied with cut lengths on reasonable terms.

J. B. SMITHERS, tailor, general outfitter, and importer, 119, King-street East.

HAIR JEWELLERY.—G. C. COOKE, Artist in Hair, beautifully plaits ladies' and gentlemen's own hair into brooches, bracelets, guards, alberts, rings, &c., &c. The latest designs. Patterns of every description for inspection. 239, Pitt-street, between the Victoria Theatre and King-street, near Mr. Rush's drapery establishment.

ON SALE, at the Undersigned's.—Ex Ætas and Bengal.

Black and drab ladies' riding hats
Drab beaver hats
Drab shell hats
Drab merino hats
Mohair hats
Best black ventilated hats
Ditto ditto ditto, on cork
Black and brown palm leaf hats
French soft hats, napped
French felt ditto, in various colours
Cloth, tweed, horsehair, and other caps, in great variety
Every description of gold and silver lace, &c., &c.
Hats and caps made to order
Country storekeepers can be supplied with the sizes the require, at wholesale prices.

R. MOUNTCASTLE, real hat manufacturer and importer, 319, George-street, and 64, Market-street.

TO SHIPPERS, Wholesale Warehousemen, and Contractors.—The undersigned can supply TENTS, of the best material, in quantities, of sizes as under:—

6 x 6
9 x 6
9 x 9
12 x 9
15 x 9.

C. S. HAIGH, 85, York-street, and Wynyard-square.

EVERY description of Ladies' Bonnets and Hats artificial flowers, feathers, and millinery; also men's panama, cabbagetree, felt, and other hats, in quantities to suit the trade. GREGORY, CURTIS, and CO., manufacturers and importers, Wynyard-street, Sydney and 15, Aldermanbury, London.

MANTLE and MILLINERY WAREHOUSE, 88, KING-STREET.

Ex Mid Shower.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MANTLES and JACKETS.

Just received, 13 cases of the above, in cloth and velvet, choice and fashionable shapes.

JOHN HALBERT is now prepared to submit to his friends and the public generally the largest and most select stock of mantles ever shown in Sydney, to which he respectfully solicits an inspection.

CHEAP WINTER MANTLES, at JOHN HALBERT'S.

	s. d.		s. d.
Ladies' cloth mantles, good quality from.	6 11	to	10 6
Ditto ditto ditto, richly trimmed	12 9		21 0
Ditto ditto ditto, extra rich	22 6		29 6
A large lot of plain, embossed, and embroidered velvet mantles	29 6		95 0
Ladies' cloth jackets, all colours... ...	6 11		16 6
Children's mantles and jackets	3 11		10 6
Young ladies' ditto ditto...	5 9		18 6

Mantle and Millinery Warehouse, 88, King-street.

BERLIN HOUSE, 90, Market-street. — Arrival of NEW GOODS, late Transatlantic and Hollinside. W. READING has now opened several cases of new and elegant needlework, penelope canvas, crystal beads in different sizes, cushion tassels, double berlin and fleecy wools. The needlework comprises an extensive assortment of slippers, cushions, ottomans, and table covers. In consequence of these new arrivals, the whole of the needlework previously on hand will be SOLD at a greatly REDUCED PRICE, and ladies preparing for the forthcoming bazaars are requested to call and make sure of the bargains.

YOUNG and YEO'S Drapery Warehouse, 275, Pitt-street, one door from Market-street.—Y. and Y. have this day opened a large lot of ladies cloth mantles, both in browns and mixtures, which have been marked at such prices as will ensure a speedy sale.

Ladies' cloth mantles, from 6s. 6d.
Ditto ditto jackets, from 9s. 11d.
Childrens' mantles and jackets, from 3s. 11d.
Ladies' and children's underclothing, very cheap
Ditto ditto trimmed and untrimmed bonnets
Ditto ditto hats, in all the newest shapes
8-4, 8-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, 14-4 blankets
Sheetings in all widths, from 9½d. per yard
Quilts and counterpanes
Also, fancy goods and general drapery of every description in great variety.

RANDWICK RACES.—THE ORIENTAL CLOTHING HALL, 396, George-street, four doors south of the Post Office.—Gentlemen visiting Sydney for the purpose of attending the Races, are strongly recommended to take a survey of the above establishment, where has just been unpacked vast consignments from England of the very first-class goods, in every description, of gentlemen's clothing: amongst this great assortment will be found Ponchos, Talmas, Ozonians, Sacs, Shooting and other Coats, Vests, and Trousers of every material. This immense stock must in fact be examined to be properly appreciated, and the proprietor, A. COLLINS, pledges his word it will be found more varied, novel, and complete than at any similar establishment in New South Wales. The price of every article (25 per cent. cheaper than at any other house) marked in plain figures, and all articles not approved of exchanged, or the money returned. Copy the address—A. COLLINS, Oriental Clothing Hall, 396, George-street,—and remember, that those who wish to enjoy themselves at the forthcoming races should not neglect, before they go, to favour A. Collins with a call.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF SYDNEY GENERALLY.—HANKS and COMPANY have just purchased a large parcel of Westphalia hams, which they are selling at the low price of 9d. per lb. Those who desire a treat are recommended to make their purchases early.

The Bologne or real German ham sausage, a new shipment, a splendid breakfast relish

York hams, of the finest quality, now landing

Breakfast bacon, real Wiltshire, particularly choice

Royal Arms Cheshire cheese, magnificent quality

North Wilts and Port Cooper cheese, very prime.

HANKS and COMPANY, Australian Tea Mart, 478, George-street, opposite the Market.

No connexion with any other house. Orders by post promptly executed

THE UNDERSIGNED are now landing, ex King Lear, George Marshall, Lloyds, and Hollinside, above three hundred packages of Drugs, Chemicals, and Patent Medicines, comprising

Opium
Strychnine
De Jongh's and Langton's cod liver oil
Ess. lemon and bergamotte
Keating's cough lozenges, bon bons, and insect powders
Butler's and Townsend's sarsaparilla
Holloway's pills and ointment
Saltpetre, in 1 cwt. kegs
Woolley's pectoral candy
Epsom salts, in small casks
Quinine, Howard's and Pelletier's
Piesse and Lubin's, Gosnell's, and Rimmel's perfumery
Enemas, trusses, medicine chests, &c., &c.

J. and E. ROW, wholesale druggists, Bank-court, Sydney.

NEW BOOKS, landed per General Wyndham—North and South, by the author of Mary Barton
Robertson's Sermons at Trinity Chapel, Brighton, 3 vols.
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DOUGLAS JERROLD'S COMPLETE WORKS—St. Giles' and St. James', 5s.; Men of Character, 5s.; The Candle Lectures; Story of a Feather, &c., 5s.; Cakes and Ale, 5s.; Punch's Letters to his Son, &c., 5s.; A Man made of Money, and the Chronicles of Clovernook, 5s.; Comedies, 5s.; Comedies and Dramas, 5s. 8 vols., post paid, £2 5s.

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JUST PUBLISHED, demy 8vo., price 2s. 6d., Introductory Lecture on General Jurisprudence, delivered at the University of Sydney, March 5th, 1860, by John F. Hargrave, Esq., M.A., Barrister-at-Law, Reader in General Jurisprudence for the years 1859-60, and her Majesty's Attorney-General for the colony of New South Wales. Sydney: JAMES WAUGH, 286, George-street.

ON SALE, at the Religious Tract and Book Society's Depot, 264, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the School of Arts, LEISURE HOUR and SUNDAY AT HOME for 1859, six shillings per volume. To country storekeepers, booksellers, and others an allowance on all cash purchases of ten pounds, a discount of twenty per cent.; and on purchases of five pounds a discount of five per cent. The Depot is well supplied with the Society's publications. J. H. MORRISON, depositary.

NEW WORKS and New Editions, just received, at the Glasgow Book Warehouse, 249, Elizabeth-street.

Lawn from Heaven for Life on Earth, by Rev. W. Arnot, series 1 and 2, 7s. 6d. each
The Christian Cyclopedia; or, Repository of Biblical and Theological Literature, with numerous plates and maps, 23s.
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Gothic epergnes, four arms, rich cut glass
Dessert stands, trifle stands, celery stands to match
Flower vases—blue bell, swans and lily, and antique
Card baskets, cake baskets—vine and lattice patterns
Large ice stands, taper candlesticks
Wine decanters, with patent gravitating stoppers
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Initial letters, bottle labels, nippers and corkscrew combined
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Sugar vases, baskets, and bowls; butter coolers, Egyptian cream ewers
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Venison dish, with well and cover; meat dishes and covers
Wine coolers, &c., &c., &c.; sets of cutlery

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL, 326, George-street, Sydney; and 93, Collins-street, Melbourne.

TROUGHTON and SIMMS' THEODOLITES.—FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and CO., beg to inform gentlemen of the surveying and engineering professions that they are now landing, ex King Lear, Theodolites, by the celebrated makers Troughton and Simms'; also, transit theodolites, levels, improved prismatic compasses for vertical and horizontal angles. They would, also, invite an inspection of their new IMPROVED CIRCUMFERENTOR, just received, ex Transatlantic.

The minor requisites for surveyors, viz., drawing instruments, scales, station staffs, surveying chains, metallic and other tape measures, protractors, &c., &c., they have a large assortment of.

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A. L. WOOLF begs to inform the public in general that he has just received, ex Asia, a superior assortment of ELECTRO-PLATED WARE; and to meet the depression of the times is determined to offer every article at such prices as not to be equalled in the colonies.

	£ s. d.	
Parlour candlesticks	0 12	6 per pair
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Ditto as dessert spoons and forks	0 15	0
Ditto table ditto ditto	1 0	0

An allowance of 5 per cent. allowed on all purchases of £5 and upwards.

Note the address—A. L. WOOLF (late D. Mitchell), 247, Pitt-street, next Victoria Theatre.

MUSICAL BOXES—An invoice of the above, by Nicole Freres, with tambour, timbrel, and pianoforte, playing from six to twelve airs—the newest dances, ballads, and operas—for SALE at A. BLAU'S, 15, Hunter-street—first floor.

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FOR THE RACES—First-class gold Stop Watches, best Field Glasses, Riding Whips, for SALE, at A. BLAU'S, 15, Hunter-street—first floor.

B. H. CROWN IRON.—Invoices of the above, in the harbour, and to arrive, always for SALE by the undersigned. Buyers for export may effect a considerable saving by taking an entire shipment. IRDALE and CO., iron merchants.

IRDALE and CO.'S COLZA OIL.—This oil is of the finest quality, and of greater illuminating power than any before offered to the public. It is free from all unpleasant smell, does not smoke, and, owing to its purity, will never clog the operations of the lamp.

LEA and PERRINS' celebrated WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.—The undersigned having been appointed agent for the highly esteemed article, purchasers may avoid the numerous imitations by applying to him direct, through whose agency wholesale dealers may import the same direct from Lea and Perrin. S. A. JOSEPH, Margaret-street.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.—W. L. runs, 10 and 35 o. p.

Brandy—Martell's, Central Vineyard, and various brands
Brandy in case, great variety
Old tom—Lowndes' and other brands, geneva in quarter-casks and octaves
Whisky—Scotch and Irish, in case and quarter-casks
Port and Sherry—various brands, hogsheads and quarter-casks
Champagne, burgundy, sparkling and still hock, clarets, in great variety, all prime samples
Cherry brandy, cordials, milk punch, Houghton bitters
Byass, Worthington and Robinson's ale, Trueman's porter.

S. A. JOSEPH, 249, George-street.

J. G. WALLER and CO., of Wynyard-square, have now on SALE, some magnificent samples of Champagne, both in pints and quarts: also, sparkling Hock sparkling Moselle and Claret, which they can strongly recommend.

ALLSOPP'S ALE, bottled by F. Friend and Co., of very fine quality, now ON SALE, by J. G. WALLER and Co., Wynyard-square.

ALLSOPP'S No. 3 ALE, next October Brewing.—Notice to Purchasers.—Messrs. ALLSOPP and SONS, Burton-on-Trent, are now prepared to register orders for next Season's Brewings of the above Ales, and they respectfully invite their friends and consumers generally in the Australian colonies to transmit their orders early to their several correspondents and agents in England. Brewery, Burton-on-Trent, March 1860.

GLENDRONACH WHISKY.—This celebrated Whisky, from the Royal Distillery, on SALE at the Stores of the undersigned, JAMES MORT and CO.

ON SALE by the Undersigned.—Soda, bicarbonate, Deacon and Co.'s
Starch, patent rice, Berger's
Woolbagging, 27-inch hemp
Rugs, biscuits, Houston fabric
Clocks, eight-day hall, striking
Ditto, best 6-inch, spring eight-day, fuse chain, plate glass sides and tops, rosewood, mahogany and walnut wood cases, Birch's
Paperhangings, assorted
Blasting powder
Oil, colza, boiled and raw, in drums of five gallons each.

ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Queen's-place.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.—Ale, in wood, new brewing, Worthington and Robinson's
Ale, in bottle, ditto ditto, Robinson and Co.'s
Porter, in wood, Guinness's
Whisky, in 1 dozen cases, Fettercairn distillery
Ditto, in hogsheads, Wishaw distillery
Ditto, in hogsheads and quarters, James Stewart's
Rum, in hogsheads, fine 30 o. p.
Geneva, key and JDKZ brands, 4 gallon cases
Sherry, in hogsheads and quarters.

ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Queen's-place.

SODA CAUSTIC, Deacon and Company's. ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., agents, Queen's-place.

ALE, in bulk, Worthington and Robinson's. ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., agents, Queen's-place.

ALE, in bottle, Robinson and Co.'s. ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., agents, Queen's-place.

STARCH, Samuel Berger and Co.'s. ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., agents, Queen's-place.

PIANOS.—WILLIAM BOWMAN'S rose and walnut wood cases, metallic spring plates, with all the recent improvements. ANDERSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Queen's-place, agents.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.—Arrowroot, in cases, 112 lbs. each, containing 8 boxes, 14 lbs.; in ½-lb. packets
Almonds (shell), in casks, 100 lbs. each
Ditto (soft Jordan), in boxes
Anchovies (essence of), half pints, in 6-dozen boxes
Anchovy paste, in 6-dozen boxes
Biscuits (Huntley and Palmer's), assorted, in 2-lb. and 3-lb tins
Candles (Belmont), Price's No. 1
Chicory, in cases of 1 cwt., each 28-lb. and 56-lb. tins
Candied peel (orange, lemon, and citron), in 1-cwt. cases
Currants (Patras), in caroteels and barrels
Calf's-foot jelly, quarts, in 2 dozen cases, Crosse and Blackwell, and Batty and Co.
Cocoa-nibs, in 1 cwt. cases, 4 tins, 28 lbs. each.
Cocoa (Homœpathic), in cases, containing boxes 12 lb. and 15 lb. each.
Gelatine lozenges, in 2 cwt. packages
Wotherspoon's assorted lozenges, in 1 cwt. cases
Figs, in quarter-boxes, 40 in each case
Fruits (bottled), assorted, in two dozen cases, Cross and Blackwell and Batty and Co.
Imperial plums, in 4-lb. boxes, 26 to the case
Herring paste, in 6 dozen cases
Herrings (red), in cases containing 2 dozen tins
Kent hops
Macaroni, in 1 cwt. cases, boxes 10 lb. each
Mustard (Colman's), in 3 and 6 dozen cases, 1-lbs. and ½-lbs.
Ditto ditto, in cwt. cases, tins of 7 lb. each
Mushroom catsup, half-pints, in 6 dozen cases
Normandy pippins, in prime condition
Nuts (Barcelona), in barrels 1 cwt. each
Oysters, half-pints, in 4 dozen cases
Raisins (Sultanas), in half and quarter drums
Ditto (Muscatel), in half and quarter boxes
Refined salt, in jars, cases of 6 dozen each
Soluble chocolate, in 1-cwt. cases, containing 8 boxes, 14 lb. each.
Salad oil, quarts, pints, and half-pints, Crosse and Blackwell, and Batty and Co.
Ditto, in pint and half-pint decanters, C. Heaton and Co.
Sauces, assorted, half-pints, in 6-dozen cases
Spanish olives, pints, in 3-dozen cases
Tapioca, in 1-cwt. cases, small tins
Vinegar, in quarter-casks, Sir F. Bennett and Co.
Ditto, in cases, each 2-dozen quarts, Crosse and Blackwell, and Batty and Co.
Pickles, in quarts and pints, assorted 2-dozen cases, walnuts, onions, Batty and Co., and Crosse and Blackwell
Ditto, in cases, 2-dozen pints, red cabbage
Jams, Batty's assorted, 1-lb. tins, in 6 dozen cases
York hams, in prime condition
Sugar bags, assorted sizes
Pearl sago, in 1 cwt. cases
Lobsters, in tins, 1 lb. and 2 lbs., in 2 and 4 dozen cases.

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ON SALE by the undersigned, ex Bengal, and Catteaux Wattel
Quicksilver, in bottles of 75 lbs. each
10 tons best Silesian spelter

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ON SALE, by the undersigned—13 cases paperhangings, assorted
Sash weights, camp ovens and covers, OG and RW runs, with heads, sockets, &c.
White lead, and other paints, putty, colza oil
Raw and boiled linseed oil, painting brushes, and fancy soap
Felt sheathing, turpentine, &c.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

FOR SALE, by the Undersigned, Champagne, Ruinart's and other brands, pints and quarts.
Sherry, in butts, hogsheads, and cases; West of Scotland Wine Company's claret, Leoville, Medoc, &c. Delbruck et Fils' brandy, in hogsheads and cases, various brands
Whisky, Islay, and West of Scotland Wine Company's, in quarter-casks and cases.

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BLOCHAIRN IRON COMPANY'S MANUFACTURE.—On SALE by the undersigned:—
Boiler plates, of various sizes
Angle and T iron, ditto
Bar iron, round, flat, and square, ditto.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

THE UNDERSIGNED are the sole Agents here for the Clyde Galvanizing Iron Company, and have constantly on hand their manufacture of Tiles, corrugated and plain sheets, of various gauges and lengths.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

STEAM ENGINES.—On SALE by the undersigned.—2 of Messrs. Clayton, Shuttleworth, and Co.'s manufacture
One, 10 horse-power portable, with enlarged fire box, &c., fitted up complete
One, 8 horse-power portable, with enlarged fire box, &c., fitted up complete. Also,
One 10 horse-power stationary engine, manufactured by Messrs. C. D. Young and Co., of Glasgow.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

PIG IRON.—On SALE, by the undersigned, ex late arrivals,
160 tons, Blair and Gartsherrie

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MAURITIUS and Pampanga sugars, for SALE, by the undersigned. FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

CAVENDISH, Twist, and Eagle Brand TOBACCO.—On SALE by the undersigned, ex Oscar, from New York, Half-pound lumps, Naid Queen, Dingo, Ballaarat, and Kangaroo brands. Tees, Dingo, Lennox, Lucy Neal, and Cook brands. Twist, 50 kegs 18s., in prime condition. Pipes—McDougall's brand, of every description.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

ON SALE, by the undersigned, ex Oscar, from New York.—
Dried apples, in half-barrels and kegs, new fruit
150 barrels rosin
100 American cooking stoves, complete, Peerless, from 5 to 8 inch
Spirits of turpentine
Flowing and furniture varnish.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

FOR SALE, EX LATE ARRIVALS.—Brandy, dark, in wood
Ditto, pale, in cases
Geneva, key brand
Whisky, finest Campbeltown, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Old tom various brands, in wood and bottle
Sherry, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, various qualities
Port, ditto ditto, ditto
Sparkling hock, moselle, and burgundy
Oatmeal, finest Scotch, fresh landed
Pickles, various brands, ditto
Bottled fruits, ditto, ditto
Jams and jellies, ditto, ditto
Ling fish, fresh landed, in 1-cwt. tin-lined cases
Herrings, in half-barrels and firkins
Ditto, in cases
Cheese, North Wilts and Cheddar, fresh landed
Hams, Redgate's and Sinclair's, ditto
Bacon, Redgate's and Cosy's, ditto
Sago, in 1-cwt. cases
Arrowroot, in tins
Macaroni
Vermicelli.

MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

FOR SALE, ex Alice, from Calcutta—Finest Patna table rice
Cossipore sugar, No. 1
Oats, gram, and split peas, Also,
Calcutta lines, assorted sizes
Ditto mats and matting.

MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

RANDWICK RACES.—Hams, Cheese, and Bacon.—Now landing, and on SALE by the undersigned,
10 cases of Sinclair's celebrated hams
20 ditto of the finest Cheddar cheese
15 ditto of Sinclair's prime bacon (bellies).

T. M'EOWN, 575, Brickfield-hill.

WINES, SPIRITS, LIQUEURS, Bottled Beers, &c., of superior quality, supplied to private families at moderate prices, and delivered to any part of the city or suburbs. WATSON and CO., gateway, 338, George-street, adjoining Flavelle's, jewellers, and exactly opposite Mount castle's, hatter.

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MACARET'S ADELAIDE FLOUR on SALE. E. CASTON, 8, Macquarie-place.

BASS' ALE, No. 3.—Now landing, ex Lloyds, and King Lear, new brew. MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES.—Good ground Rice, in 100-lb. bags, for SALE. H. WILLIAMS, No. 8, Charlotte-place.

ORANGE TREES FOR SALE, about 600, at H. BOLTON'S, Phillip-street, Parramatta.

NE

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 25.

Breadalbane, barque, 339 tons, Captain Barron, from Auckland, 6th instant. Passengers—Rev. J. Cartwright and family, Mrs. Kirkham, Mr. and Mrs. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins and family, Mrs. Gibson and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Cranich, Mr. and Mrs. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Serons, Messrs. E. G. Wood, Scott, J. Craig, Densbey, J. Russell, Mansell, Croney, Dinmer, Bell, Harvey, Patent, E. Gee, F. Wilson, H. G. Seal, F. Sullivan, J. M'Kelly, J. Christopher, W. Paul, G. Bloomfield, J. G. Howe, C. West, P. Delaney, Breed, Pratt, Hodge, Harrison, Herbertson, Young. Laidley, Ireland, and Co., agents.

Atlantic, schooner, 100 tons, Captain Kelly, from Auckland, 6th instant. Captain, agent.

Eagle (s.), 200 tons, Captain Chatfield, from Rockhampton, 19 h instant. Passengers—Messrs. Ewan, Hutchinson, Roberts, Partridge, Radford, Lackey, Rutherford, and 13 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 25.

Peter Goddefroy, for Wellington.
Ellen, for Twofold Bay.
Gipsy, for Twofold Bay.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—MAY 25.

Albion, for Brisbane; Urara (s.), for Grafton; Mangarua (s.), for Melbourne; Continent, for Guam.

CLEARANCE.—MAY 25.

Continent, ship, 1088 tons, Captain Gibbs, for Guam, in ballast. Passengers—Mrs. Gibbs, 2 children, and servant.

COASTERS INWARDS.—MAY 25.

Boocrowang and Daring, from Nambucka, with 60,000 feet cedar, 12,000 shingles; Flying Squirrell and Cambrian Packet, from Brisbane Waters, with 800 baskets shells, 8000 feet hardwood, 22,000 shingles, 10,000 laths; Margaret and Mary, Champion, Pacific, H. M. Warfield, Margaret, Elizabeth, Comet, and Buonaparte, from Newcastle, with 750 tons coal, 1200 bushels maize; Maid of the Lake, from Lake Macquarie, with 43,000 shingles, 1 ton fish; Cultaroy (s.), from Morpeth, with 6 pigs, 3 calves, 129 sheep, 13 lambs, 14 bags potatoes, 3 coops poultry, 7 boxes eggs, 3 horses, 5 pigs, 110 bags maize, 18 bags flour, 4 bags bran; City of Newcastle (s.), from Morpeth, with 164 bales hay, 375 bags maize, 22 bags bran, 9 calves, 5 horses, 200 sheep, 6 coops poultry, 8 boxes eggs, 2 kegs butter, 1792 ounces of gold, and sundries; Rapid (s.), from Kiama, Shellharbour, 95 kegs butter, 100 bags wheat, 50 ditto maize, 5 coops poultry, 8 cases eggs, 30 sides bacon, 20 pigs, 8 calves, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—MAY 25.

Sarah Dent, for Botany; Orient and Dove, for Broulee; Traveller, for the Hawkesbury; Prospector and Warlock, for Bellambi; Herculean and Albion, for Newcastle; Caroline, for Morpeth; Cambrian Packet, for Brisbane Water.

IMPORTS.—MAY 25.

Breadalbane, from Auckland: 397 bags gum, A. S. Webster; 20 bags potatoes, Brown and Hill; 6 bales wool, J. Keep; 139 half-chests tea, Dangar, Gilchrist, and Co.; 867 bags gum, Laidley, Ireland, and Co.; 180 bags potatoes, 27 bags onions, Barron; 2 packages, Union Bank; 100 barrels oatmeal.

Atlantic, from Auckland: 70,000 feet timber. Order.

Eagle (s.), from Rockhampton: 24 bales wool, Dickson and Co.; 3 bundles skins, 3 hogsheads tallow, 15 hides, Joint Stock Bank; 19 bales wool, Millson; 14 bales wool, Flowers, Sailing, and Co.; 2 bundles skins, 2 bags wool, Raymond and Co.; 1 parcel, valued £130, Bank of New South Wales.

EXPORTS.—MAY 25.

Yarra Yarra (s.), for Brisbane: 6 cases wine, 1 case brandy, 2 bales, Raymond and Co.; 171 bags sugar, R. Towns and Co.; 5 quarter-casks brandy, 5 quarter-casks wine, 20 cases geneva, 10 chests 20 half-chests tea, 42 bags sugar, 6 casks beer, 1 bag flour, 2 packages, Dangar, Gilchrist, and Co.; 10 cases gin, 30 cases brandy, 10 cases champagne, 8 chests 12 half-chests tea, 80 bags flour, 44 bags salt, 11 boxes candles, 7 packages, Tidswell, Wilson, and Co.; 6 quarter-casks sherry, Allan, Street, and Norton; 30 cases brandy, 55 bags salt, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 5 quarter-casks wine, G. Moss; 1 cask spirits of wine, 1 cask coffee, 2 hogsheads brandy, N. Giffard; 1 quarter-cask whisky, 1 cask rum, 2 quarter-casks wine, J. Mort and Co.; 5 cases bitters, Franck, Brothers, and Co.; 1 tin opium, Elliott, Brothers; 5 quarter-casks brandy, 28 packages, C. Newton, Brothers, and Co.; 2 packages oil stores, 10 cases beer, 5 cases champagne, 1 case coffee, 1 hogshead rum, Haydon and Co.; 10 cases wine, J. Frazer and Co.; 10 casks ale, 10 cases claret, S. A. Joseph; 20 bags sugar, 1 hogshead treacle, Colonial Sugar Company; 11 bags salt, 15 packages oil stores, 1 case chicory, J. Hughes; 13 bags sugar, 4 boxes tea, 10 bags groceries, Church, Brothers; 12 half-chests tea, Brown and Co.; 2 packages, F. M'Nab and Co.; 13 packages, Hall and Alderson; 26 cases oil stores, 2 packages, Keele, Campbell, and Co.; 3 packages, Ranniger and Co.; 6 cases chairs, Wilkinson, Brothers, and Co.; 1 case, Traube, Brothers, and Mann; 1 case, Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; 13 packages, P. N. Russell and Co.; 1 case drapery, Ray, Glaister, and Co.; 1 case, Goodall and Lazarus; 1 case, F. Goodall; 1 package, J. Moore; 1 truss, Keep and Parsons; 3 casks oil, N. Caster; 11 packages drapery, Sands and Kenny; 10 boxes glass, 10 packages, E. C. Weeks and Co.; 2 cases drugs, J. and E. Row; 2 cases wine, Donaldson, Graham, and Co.; 3 cases, A. and E. A. Levy; 2 packages, F. R. Robinson; 3 kegs paints, 16 packages ironmongery, 30 bundles iron, 5 packages, J. B. Holdsworth; 11 trunks boots, 1 drum oil, J. M. Illidge; 6 rolls leather, 1 case, R. Blanie; 20 bags bran, 80 bags flour, T. C. Breillat; 26 bags oats, 10 bags maize, 1 bag seeds, Ferris and Son; 48 packages iron, R. Dawson; 4 packages, Best and M'Donald; 1 parcel jewellery, A. Rios; 4 packages, L. Sharwood; 4 packages, Buyers and Learmonth; 21 packages, Prince, Bray, and Ogg; 1 case boots, Fletcher; 17 drums oil, 4 kegs lead, 4 drums turps, 5 packages, H. Lassiter; 4 packages drapery, R. M. Jackson; 5 packages, A. M'Arthur and Co.; 1 package, Partridge; 15 kegs nails, 10 boxes glass, 6 bundles, 104 bars iron, 24 axle blocks, 1 cask whitelead, 3 packages, Ireland and Co.; 6 bundles baskets, 2 packages, Wiley and Son; 1 carriage, 22 packages, E. and W. Paul; 2 trunks, Vickery; 6 packages, J. Keep; 6 casks fruit, R. Harford; 2 cases clocks, D. Mitchell; 4 packages, Butler, Brothers; 6 packages, G. Chisholm and Co.; 12 bullocks, cows, Christian; 3 packages, S. Hoffnung; 4 packages, Isaacs, 2 packages, Farence and Gwynn; 3 rolls leather, 1 package, J. Perry; 4 rolls floorcloth, Bly; 1 weighing machine, E. Williams; 6 packages, Elliott, Brothers; 1 case, O. Heath; 2 bags oats, 1 package, Fyfe; 1 wool-press, 72 hogsheads beer, To'ds and Co.; 1 case, Bible Society, 40 bags flour, H. Clarke; 3 packages, Cooks and Hunt; 150 bags flour, Barker and Co.; 3 n-ases, Emmerson.

Additional.—Albion, for Brisbane: 10 packages furniture, 4 bullock bows, 3 cases, J. Little; 10 cwt. rock salt, 3 bags oats, 3 bags maize, 20 bags flour, 9 packages hardware, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 3 kegs powder, Iredale and Co.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office, as follows:—

For Wellington.—By the Burnett, this day, at noon.
For Port Curtis and Rockhampton.—By the Jenny Lind, this day, at noon.
For Adelaide.—By the John Ormerod, this day, at noon.
For Eden and Melbourne.—By the Rangatira (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.
For Grafton.—By the Urara (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m.
For New Zealand.—By the Black Swan, on Monday, at noon.
For Wide Bay.—By the Waratah (s.), on Tuesday, at 5.30 p.m.
For Brisbane.—By the Telegraph (s.), on Wednesday, at 5.30 p.m.

Custom House.—Entered outwards, May 25, Louis and Miriam, brig, 127 tons, Captain Vandervord, for Port Cooper; Rangatira (s.), 382 tons, Captain Walker, for Melbourne; Champion, schooner, 78 tons, Captain Menton, for New Caledonia; World Wave, brig, 191 tons, Captain Maughan, for Guam.

The Eagle (s.) left Rockhampton on the 19th, Kepple Bay the 20th, and Gladstone 21st instant. Had fresh and very variable breezes between E.N.E. and S.E., with fine weather to Cape Morton; thence to Sydney, light winds and variable between N.W. and W., mostly with cloudy weather and occasional showers.

The Breadalbane and Atlantic left Auckland in company on the 6th instant, and arrived yesterday morning, after a very tedious passage, having experienced strong head winds the whole passage.

The City of Sydney arrived at the railway pier, Sandridge, yesterday (Friday) at 12 noon.

By Electric Telegraph.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

May 24.—Norwegian, ship, port unknown; Alcione, James Paxton, Vibilia, from Newcastle; Margaret Thompson, from New Zealand.
May 25.—City of Sydney (s.), from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

May 24.—Royal Shepherd, for Launceston.
May 25.—Ravensdale, for Vancouver's Island.

WINDS AND WEATHER.

May 24.—9 a.m., Queenscliffe, S.S.W., cloudy, hazy.
Albury, N.N.W., raining.
Thermometer, 56°
Gundagai, N., cloudy.
Yass, N.W., foggy.
Thermometer, 50°
Goulburn, calm, fine.
Newcastle, N.W., cloudy.
Bathurst, W., foggy.
Barometer, 27°·936.
Thermometer, 54·5
Dry bulb, 49·5
Wet bulb, 41·5

STATE OF THE LINES.

Intercolonial—communication complete.
Northern " "
Western " "
Railway " "
South Head " "
Adelaide " "
Tasmania—interrupted between King's Island and Cape Otway.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

May 24.—Heatherbell, brig, 188 tons, M'Eachern, from Auckland, New Zealand.
May 25.—Yarra, schooner, 141 tons, Finlayson, from Sydney.
May 25.—Raven, schooner, from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

May 24.—Fenella (s.), for the Clarence.
May 24.—Yarra Yarra (s.), for Moreton Bay.
May 24.—Venture, brig, Robertson, for Melbourne, with 175 tons coal and 2 tons sulphuric acid.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

TO CAPTAIN J. G. BARRON, SHIP BREADALBANE.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned cabin passengers, beg to return our most sincere thanks for the great attention you have shown us during the passage between Auckland and Sydney, as well as express the pleasure and satisfaction we have experienced sailing in a ship so well conducted as the Breadalbane. Wishing you every success and prosperity,

We are, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

(Signed) James Craig, junior
Isabella Kirkham
Jeremiah Donahy
F. J. Woolcott
John Cartwright
Charlotte Cartwright.

SYDNEY HEADS.

TIMES.	WINDS.	REMARKS.
May, 25. 9·30 a.m.	W.N.W.	Light, and cloudy.
Noon.	W.N.W.	Ditto, and clear.
9 p.m.	N.	Ditto, and ditto.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MESSRS. BURT AND CO.—At their Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses.
MR. CHARLES MARTYN.—At his Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Phaeton, Carriages, Gigs, Dogcarts, &c.
MR. ROBERT MUSHIN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household and Office Furniture, Racing Watch, Double Barrel Gun, Cut Glass, Engravings, Furniture, &c.
MR. S. WOOLLEY.—At his Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carts, Drays, &c.
MESSRS. A. MOORE AND CO.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Building Materials, Plaster Paris, Grates.
MR. J. G. COHEN.—At 417, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, at 11 o'clock, Alabaster and Marble Ornaments, Marble Tables, &c.
MR. F. BRADLY.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Bedsteads, Cooking Apparatus.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO THE NEXT PUBLICATION.

1860, May.		SUN Rises	Sets	HIGH WATER. Morn.	After
26	Saturday	6 56	4 56	11 3	11 30
27	Sunday	6 57	5 55	12 0	11 12

Moon.—First Quarter, 26th instant, 6h. 10m. a.m.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1860.

The Legislative Council sat yesterday from a quarter past four o'clock until half past six, and then adjourned over until Friday, on account of the races fixed for next week.

Mr. Johnson drew attention to what he considered the unsatisfactory character of the return as to expenditure, which was laid upon the table by the Colonial Secretary, on Wednesday evening last, and wished for explanations. The points being that no "authority" for payments was mentioned, or at all events there was no mention of the Governor's warrant, which the hon. member contended was the only constitutional authority the Treasurer could have. He also pointed out that there was no mention of the new department, that of Secretary for Works—that the Executive Council appeared to have authorised the expenditure of money—and also that money had been expended under "proposed" votes.

The Colonial Secretary stated his willingness at once to explain, but it was ruled that it would be out of order. At a later period of the evening, however, he stated that every payment was supported by the warrant of the Governor-General, that the payments opposite to which appeared "the Executive Council" were advances to the Government of Queensland, principally to prepare the Government house for the reception of Sir George Bowen, and would be repaid; that the proposed votes referred to advances deemed absolutely necessary at the time of the floods, and also to enable the District Courts Act to be carried out, and to improve the condition of the gaols. And, in reference to the Secretary for Works, he read a memorandum from which it appeared that Mr. Flood, as Minister, received £109 0s. 1d.; Mr. Ragar had received sums of £20 3s. 2d., £125, and £125, under a vote of the Assembly, which had been provided for by an Estimate, but had not yet received the sanction of an Appropriation Act.

Mr. Want's question on the subject of spirits being introduced into the colony from Victoria without payment of duty, was replied to at length by the Colonial Secretary. The reply will be found in the report of proceedings.

As to public expenditure now going on, the Colonial Secretary replied to Mr. Johnson, that pending the passing of an Appropriation Act, the Government were meeting the public expenditure.

The Colonial Secretary stated that in the present state of the law, he believed the Government was not in a position to deal with the question of the encroachments on Double Bay; and Mr. Want gave notice of further question on the subject.

The report and papers in the case of the lunatic Wallace were referred to the select committee, on the motion of Dr. Douglass, with a view to the amendment of existing laws.

Some progress was made in the business paper, and the House adjourned, as before stated, until Friday next.

The Legislative Assembly met yesterday at half-past three o'clock.

Mr. Dickson brought up the report of the Committee on the East Maitland Pasture Reserve.

Mr. Broughton brought up the report of the Committee on the Pitt-street Tramroad Bill.

Several new notices of motion were given by members.

In answer to Mr. Hall, the Secretary for Public Works said the reports received by the Government represented the accommodation and general state of the gaols and lock-ups as most insufficient, and were almost unanimous in urging better provision.

In answer to Mr. Hoskins, the Secretary for Lands said the widow and family of the late police inspector M'Gee were entitled to an allowance from the Police Superannuation Fund.

In answer to Mr. Egan, the Secretary for Lands said, the Government had not deemed it their duty to enquire into the circumstances relating to Mr. Judge Cary, as stated in a Goulburn newspaper. But Mr. Cary himself had communicated with the Government, denying the truth of the allegations.

Some other questions were answered by Ministers.

Mr. Wilkes moved that the Loan Bill be read a second time.

Mr. Black thought a bill authorising the borrowing of so large a sum ought not to pass in silence. One of the first items in the bill was £20,279 for the Glebe Island Bridge, and yet, it was intimated a few days back that this bridge would not be built. Then there was £40,000 for a telegraph from Maitland to the boundary of Queensland, which he believed would not pay. It was stated, indeed, that none of the lines, except the one to Melbourne, was paying. The total amount of loans proposed by this bill was £348,223; and when he considered this enormous amount, and that the revenue was declining month by month, he apprehended the worst of consequences. They had been recklessly extravagant in their expenditure; £80,000 for an University which as yet was of little benefit; £30,000 for a Grammar School at which the fees were too high for poorer families. Then, they had colleges without students, and railways without remunerative traffic. The present system was an immense superstructure, like an inverted cone resting on loan bills. At the same time their commercial affairs were greatly embarrassed. Within the last twelve months their insolvencies, he was informed, had amounted to £2,000,000, and unless they corrected their course without delay, he feared they would be precipitated into public bankruptcy.

Mr. Robertson said the Glebe Island bridge was brought forward by a motion of Mr. Parkes during the late Administration, and withdrawn on the assurance of the hon. member's own Government to place the requisite sum on the Estimates. His objection, therefore, came rather late. Whatever might be said, he was prepared to affirm that all the telegraphic lines, except the one to South Head, were paying—not less than 12½ per cent. interest. His arguments on other parts of his subject were equally untenable. It was quite true that when the loans authorised were raised, their public debt would be little short of £4,000,000. But on the other side they derived £250,000 annually for the use of the public lands, and £100,000 for the use of public works, which afforded pretty good interest on their public debt.

Dr. Lang thought several of the items in the bill objectionable, but it was too late to oppose them now. The member who first spoke had taken too gloomy a view of their affairs. It was to be regretted that anything should be said in that House to diminish confidence in their means of prosperity. Their revenue must be increased—new taxation must be submitted to, and he maintained that a land-tax was one of the most equitable and just.

Mr. Gordon said they were committed to the provisions of this bill, and opposition now was a mere waste of time. He was convinced no telegraph was paying except the one to Melbourne.

Mr. Walker thought their expenditure was much in excess of the circumstances of the colony, and that money was lavished on favoured districts, while others were utterly neglected.

Mr. Hay said it was too late to oppose this bill. They had had every opportunity to oppose these sums in committee. The abuse of the power to borrow money was growing every day more alarming. And he feared the consequences would yet be a large amount of suffering to the public.

After some further remarks from Mr. Gray, Mr. Irving, and Mr. Hoskins, the motion was passed.

The House then went into committee, and considered the bill in detail. It was reported with amendment, and the report was adopted by the House, and the third reading ordered for Tuesday.

On the motion of Mr. Wilkes, the Appropriation Bill was read a second time, and passed through committee without comment. The report from the committee having been adopted by the House, the third reading was fixed for Tuesday.

Dr. Lang postponed his resolutions on education till Friday next.

The motion of Mr. Scott in favour of passing a Land Bill before the prorogation, lapsed through the absence of the hon. member.

Mr. Faucett moved for an address in favour of granting an annual stipend of £200 to the Jewish minister in Sydney.

The motion was opposed by Mr. Robertson, Mr. Gordon, Dr. Lang, and Mr. Hart, partly that it was sanctioning the principle of State-aid, and partly that it was inopportune.

Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Egan supported the motion. On division it was negatived by 22 to 9.

A message was received from the Legislative Council returning the Newcastle Wallsend Company's Bill with amendments.

Mr. Parkes moved for an address to the Governor-General, praying that a sum not exceeding £8000 may be placed on the Estimates, towards completing the Asylum for Destitute Children, at Randwick. The healthy situation, and admirable management of this institution were well known. The children in cleanliness, cheerfulness, and intelligence, would favourably compare with any similar number of children. But the limits of accommodation had been reached, while there remained large numbers of friendless children in the Asylum in Parramatta-street, actually dying for want of room. If the Randwick Asylum were completed, the directors would receive all these perishing infants and others that might be gathered from the streets. This institution did not belong to Sydney but was open to receive helpless children from all parts of the colony, and it was part of the system of management to apprentice the children, when they were of years to leave the asylum, with families in the country, where their services were most wanted.

Mr. Jenkins seconded the motion, and could confirm all that had been said in support of the claims of the Asylum.

Mr. Robertson was aware of the importance of this institution, and it was the intention of the Government to place a sum on the Estimates in aid of it. In connection with this subject he might say that a deputation had waited upon the Government to grant aid in establishing a juvenile reformatory, which had been promised, together with a piece of land, probably on the Southern Railway, for a model farm.

Dr. Lang concurred in the object of the motion; it was their sacred duty to make the most of their infant population. But after what had fallen from the Government he thought the motion had better be withdrawn.

Mr. M'Arthur believed the Benevolent Asylum in Parramatta-street was well managed, but the building was too small and much overcrowded. Many of the children were received in a dying state, and the mortality was not all chargeable to the Asylum.

Mr. Darvall said they were still going on voting money before it was provided. There could be no doubt that the State ought to grant money for such purposes as this, but he objected that there was no preparation to meet the emergency. He should gladly vote for the motion.

Mr. Forster said they would soon be compelled to adopt some means of inspection to see that these grants to charities were properly applied. In saying this he did not wish to reflect in any degree on the management, or to be understood as not setting a proper value on this excellent institution.

Mr. Hay: The state of infant wretchedness in Sydney, as disclosed by the inquiry into the condition of the working classes, showed plainly enough that this grant was urgently required. He hoped, however, the sum would not be made by loan, but taken from current revenue.

After a few words from Mr. Parkes in reply, the motion was passed unanimously.

Mr. Darvall moved that it was expedient to refer the adjustment of the debt between this colony and Queensland to arbitrators. In the settlement of this vexed question he had now every confidence that justice would be done, as the new colony had elected a legislature of high character, and not the stamp of men which they formerly sent to Sydney.

Mr. Robertson did not think a question of so much importance ought to be settled in a thin House, and at the close of the session. The Government would be prepared to submit a plan for the settlement of the debt in the next session.

Mr. Gordon thought this motion could do no good.

Mr. Irving hoped it would be withdrawn.

Mr. Darvall replied, and withdrew the motion.

Mr. Irving moved for an address to the Governor-General, praying that a sum, not exceeding £20,000, may be placed on the estimates to improve the Clarence and Richmond Rivers. For the year ended April 30, the exports from the Clarence amounted in value to about £170,000, and from the Richmond £56,300, including 5,000,000 feet cedar. A return on the table showed that since the inauguration of Responsible Government a land revenue of £148,490 7s. 5d. had been derived from those districts. Yet not more than £4000 had been expended upon them. Unless more justice was done to those fertile districts the people would agitate for separation.

Mr. Robertson admitted the importance of the districts, but could not understand the utility of the motion. The Government had already surveyed the rivers to see what improvements were wanted, and they would be duly provided for.

After some observations from Mr. Kemp, Mr. A. Campbell, Dr. Lang, Mr. Forster, in support of the motion, and some remarks from Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Dickson, against the principle of urging local claims of this kind upon the Government, the motion was passed unanimously.

Some other motions were postponed; and the House adjourned at ten minutes past ten o'clock till seven o'clock on Tuesday.

Some forty years ago a well-known leader of the then reform party—for there was such a party even then—finding New South Wales "overdone," took up his abode in Tasmania. Five or six years after he was accustomed to meet the immigrants who then arrived in the colony of Tasmania, telling them that country was overdone. "All the good land," he would say, "is already granted away. All the money is sent home to import goods. The people are all drifting into a state of pauperism and beggery." These were the greetings which awaited immigrants who brought out land orders, who were entitled to from 100 to 200 acres of land, according to their capital, and that for nothing, save a quit rent which they rarely paid.

When ten years after this another class of immigration of mechanics and working people arrived, they were greeted with the same salutations by the same gentleman, who assured them that "they were entrapped," and that the country would never manage to yield them a living. This was credited by some, and they held public meetings which referred to their "unspeakable miseries." In this colony we have repeatedly seen persons, who have managed nevertheless to make it answer their purpose pretty well, aspire to the office of the Black Prophet, who predict to those who are in a state of conflict with difficulties which are at first inevitable, that they will be miserable all the days of their lives, like the fat boy in the *Pickwick Papers*, they "want to make your flesh creep." It will be remembered that there was a meeting held in Sydney eleven years ago, to enable mechanics to emigrate to California because New South Wales was then "overdone." We all know how that cry terminated. A similar story is now in circulation, and colonies, which are exporting some ten millions of gold, which are producing the most valuable staple of British commerce to the extent of several millions, and which have everything that England possesses as gifts of nature, but in greater abundance, are said to be crowded with a starving population, for whom it is alleged that there is no room. This doctrine has taken a remarkable shape in Melbourne. Mr. Don, who had the reputation of leading the discontented in the Scottish town—now relieved by his migration, thinks that he fulfils his duty to his constituents by proposing that shiploads of workmen shall be sent to a foreign shore at the colonial expense! In the Assembly, in the same colony, another gentleman proposes that the British Government shall be requested to guarantee the Victorian debt. In the meantime contractors are offering in this colony for a full day's work by pick and spade from 8s. to 10s., and in Victoria they are offering to stonemasons 16s. for a day of eight hours, which they refuse. There are, doubtless, many persons who are passing through trials which many of the most prosperous colonists have known, but these are not the men who stand in the front of the complainants. They find it difficult to live, because they have been trained to employments utterly unsuited to young colonies, or because their bodily strength is unequal to the rougher forms of manual labour. In a population always shifting about there will be also many unsettled. They also quit situations which they might have retained in the expectation of improving their position. No one can blame enterprise. Every man has a right to follow up his own interest, but then it is too bad to turn about and abuse the whole universe for the consequences of a step which we have chosen deliberately ourselves.

The strength of a community is in the number of the people. Its wealth is not in illimitable desert, untrodden by human foot, but in the result of combined and energetic industry. Every adult human being, possessed of a useful trade, is worth so much money as it is required to rear him. A ship-load of healthy, industrious immigrants are in themselves the result of capital. If they only find enterprise to set them in motion, they will soon produce much more than they consume. To speak, therefore, of their arrival as a general loss—as a deduction from the resources of those who preceded them—is simply absurd so long as the natural resources of the country are inexhaustible. It is disheartening to think how easy it is for a glib and empty-headed spouter to damp the courage of persons in difficulties, and to obstruct the exertions of those who could otherwise employ them. Instead of showing that difficulties can only be temporary, and that those who smoothe them will not ultimately suffer, they alarm the small class of capitalists with predictions of universal ruin. It would be quite easy to deal with the distresses which result from misfortune, and to draft off the redundancy of labour in any particular locality, if there were unshaken faith in our future advancement as a people. This, indeed, we possess. We have seen the colony pass through numerous similar agitations, and know that there are few persons who are disposed to do the best with their opportunities who will long have reason to regret that they have pitched their tents in this beautiful country.

The growth of British manufacture in the large centres of trade is owing to the increase of population, and the facility with which it is accumulated. Had there been interference with the free action of capital, or with the influx of labour, they would never have risen to the present height. All apprehensions are now past as to the tendency of manufactures if we may credit the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The price of labour rises with its increase, and men are in more request as machinery becomes more perfect. The reaction has even gone beyond the circles of trade. The miserable condition of farm labourers some years ago is well known to all who were acquainted with remote rural districts in England. It is only a few years ago that the parishes paid men a few shillings weekly for chopping straw, carrying stones from one place to another, and we recollect one instance where a pauper was set to hatch eggs, partly as an occupation and partly as a punishment. The signs of the times, however, may be inferred from the following, which we extract from *Bell's Weekly Messenger*. The farmers themselves while recognising the necessity for more perfect husbandry see how desirable it is to care for the well-being of men who are no longer clodhoppers but mechanists:—

"The Agricultural Labour Market.

"This subject has been under discussion at the monthly meeting of the Oxford Farmers' Club, which has embodied its opinion in the following resolutions:—'1. That as the price of labour must be regulated by the supply and demand, it is the opinion of this club that the time has arrived when something must be done to cultivate a better feeling between, and more closely unite, the employer and the employed, the interests of the two being identical. That to effect this, it is necessary in the first place to repeal or alter the present law of settlement.' 2. 'That the owners and occupiers of the soil should do their best to improve the moral and physical condition of the industrial classes, supplying them as far as possible with remunerating labour during the whole year, and with piece work when practicable; providing them with comfortable dwellings near or upon the farms, and in every way encouraging the industrious labourer, so that the employer may have the full benefit of his industry, and *the labourer himself be comfortable, contented, and happy*; and lastly, that machinery be introduced as *much as possible on the farm to supply the deficiency of manual labour*.'"

It would be an impeachment of providence to imagine that the world is not large enough for its inhabitants. It is an impeachment of our own intelligence and industry to say that in such a country growing multitudes of people will not be able to live. In an admirable paper published by Addison 150 years ago we see that our own anti-population protectionist and ne'er-do-well leaders are not without a remarkable ancestry. The great essayist had shown in the preceding parts of the paper that a country was not necessarily enriched by additions of territory—that France had impoverished herself by her conquests at the price of her commerce, and by the expulsion of the Hugenots, who carried their trades to England and laid the foundation of our manufacturing wealth.

"When I was got into this way of thinking, I presently grew conceited of the argument, and was just preparing to write a letter of advice to a member of Parliament, for opening the freedom of our towns and trades, for taking away all manner of distinctions between natives and foreigners; for repairing our laws of parish settlements, and removing every other obstacle to the increase of the people. But as soon as I had recollected with what inimitable eloquence my fellow-labourers had exaggerated the mischiefs of selling the birthright of Britons for a shilling; of spoiling the more British blood with foreign mixtures; of introducing a confusion of languages and religions, and of letting in strangers to eat the bread out of the mouths of our own people, I became so humble as to let my project fall to the ground, and leave my country to increase by the ordinary way of generation."

The same cuckoo cry which greets our ears assailed the author, and with happy ridicule he points out the folly of principles which we, in our own time, have seen England explode and abandon. Unfortunately England, with much useful population, has shot out a very large mass of stupidity, impudence, and discontent, in the great emigration of the last ten or fifteen years. It is absolutely certain that such principles never can be adopted, for there are laws of nature which the laws of man cannot overthrow. It is quite possible, however, for them to paralyse the energies of those who could promote the colonial advancement—by unreasonable demands, and by asserting objects which are not only incompatible with commerce, but also with society itself.

The commercial history of Great Britain during the last few years, has been marked by the frequent exposure of swindling transactions that it records, and the investigation of which in the courts of law has astonished some and frightened others. The passion for sudden gain has been seen to deaden all sense of honesty, and the credit system of modern times has been turned, to the utmost account to disguise the real state of affairs, and to create an outward impression of wealth, so as to keep up the deceit to the last moment. Courts of insolvency and criminal courts have been occupied in slowly unwinding the tangled skein of the involved and complicated bill transactions, of which the accounts of such traders almost exclusively consist, and in producing confirmatory evidence of the guilty practices that have been substituted for the honest laws of fair trade. But in these cases, though much has been disclosed, much more has remained behind, and an ample confession on the part of the delinquents would have added to the marvel of the transactions revealed by the inexorable interrogatories of the courts. A case has lately occurred where the offenders themselves have unwittingly unfolded all the secrets of their own roguery, and let the public into the mystery of how business is carried on without capital, and how the magnitude of the business increases as its losses multiply. The secret correspondence of a firm that has exploded, and the partners of which have absconded, has recently fallen into the hands of the editor of a newly started monthly magazine entitled *The Draper and Clothier*—a magazine designed to be the special organ of all engaged in the drapery trade. This editor, after taking legal advice as to the safety and propriety of so doing, has published the principal extracts from this correspondence which go to show all the moves in the game that has been so boldly played, and form virtually a treatise on the "Art of swindling made easy." A little insight into the craft thus unblushingly avowed in this correspondence, may perhaps prove instructive to some of our readers. Simple-minded people, who are content to make small and steady profits, to buy cautiously and skilfully and sell fairly, will see how the genius of rascality soars above such dull plodding, and substitutes appearances for reality.

The partners in the firm whose private manœuvres have been thus unexpectedly exposed were Messrs. Martin, Milburn, and White. Though all linked together, they established two separate firms—one in London, under the style of Milburn, White, and Co., and the other in Paris, under the style of Martin, Jeune, and Co. The appearance of two distinct firms was purposely kept up, as explained in the letters, in order to get two separate credits.

The scheme to start grandly in the drapery line was concocted by Martin, in Paris, in the middle of 1858, at a time when, as he writes, he was in a state of "complete starvation." He invites his confederates to come secretly to his garret to talk over matters. His urgent advice to his London friends, immediately after starting the business, is to sell at any sacrifice and raise ready money promptly, so as to make some cash payments that will create a favourable impression in the quarters where it is tried, and give an appearance of resources and stability. After that, he says, it will be as easy to buy a hundred thousand pounds worth as a pennyworth. But he exhorts to promptitude, spirit, and boldness, as essential to success. To pay even a small account by anticipation will produce a "splendid effect." And when paying it he recommends a hint to be dropped, quite casually of course, that a "Co." was going to be taken into the firm as a sleeping partner, with £40000. To help himself to credit with the French bank he sends over to the London house sham invoices, for which he is in return credited, and, on the faith of his bubble reputation so established, begins to scheme largely. He plans the purchase of £50,000 of black silk at Lyons for barristers' gowns, and urges the opening of a place at Manchester by which an "enormous fortune" can be made. About the same date he asks for the deed of partnership to be sent over, remarking with great *naïveté* that the "capital of the new firm is to consist of the available property (!) of every one of us;" though, at the close of the same letter, as an appeal, *ad misericordiam*, to his confederates for a remittance, he adds—"As to myself, I have got thirty shillings, and no money to pay either the porter or the clerk." Still, notwithstanding the *res angustæ*, he has faith in the power of impudence. Finding that a French manufacturer would not let him have a hundred pieces of merino he had agreed to buy, he writes as follows: "There will be no difficulty in your obtaining them if you go the right way about it. The course to adopt is this:—Go over to the London agent of the manufacturer. Now, *lots of pluck!* Stick your hands in your pockets; walk into that fellow's office as if all Cheapside belonged to you. Ask him in the most careless way possible if he has such and such goods. See how he receives you, and tell him you might buy if the price suited you. Don't go too far in amount with the first parcel, and rather allow yourself to be courted by the fellow. By-and-bye cut the big wholesale houses, as far as possible, and stick to the large and good retail houses. They are the people to make money by." He succeeds in October in opening an account with the Alliance Bank, and promised to send them a good lot of bills, whereupon he writes to London for all the first-rate bills they can collect, the larger the amount the better—that he may make a first-rate impression as a large house. But the early bills coming due damage the new-blown credit greatly. An importunate creditor is offered goods in payment, and his death is darkly hinted at. The letters get less sanguine, though by no means quite despondent. If driven into a corner he suggests that a splendid house can be opened in the neighbourhood under another name, and the business carried on under another name without interruption. He also suggests that the London house should make an assignment to the French house if the thing can be managed, and £3000 might be saved out of the failure, and with that capital to start afresh they might carry on a business of £100,000 a year. But with these golden anticipations in prospect, he complains that he has no money to pay the carpenter for putting up a partition in the office. Though he found it impossible to buy of some French houses except for cash, for which he swears at them powerfully, he succeeded in gulling others. The value of his invoices sent in January, 1859, amounted to 332,000 francs, and he exults in the prospect of making £120,000 in the course of the year; though where the profit was to come from it was hard to say, for he presses his partners to sell at once, even at ten per cent. loss, to supply him with remittances. He is particularly anxious to pay cash to one steady-going old manufacturer at Lyons: "That man is a perfect gazeteer. If we can only pay him strictly, we shall not only have unbounded credit with him, but he will be a man to whom we can *send for references* unlimitedly, and he will send ten times more in our favour than we really want." But the London house did not find it so easy to supply remittances. They were doing a business, he writes, at the rate of £180,000 a year, and the steady loss of ten per cent. on all goods sent from France accumulated inconvenient obligations with great rapidity. To meet the difficulty he urges them to begin buying on their side, to rush over to Ireland, or to try any British market and buy £50,000 worth of goods to pay the French debts, and stop the scandal that is beginning to circulate. For it reaches the ears of the French manufacturers that Martin's purchases are put to forced sale in London, and they become shy of giving further credit. He also urges his colleagues to try and inveigle some sleeping partner with £10,000 into the concern. But his entreaties for money—instant supplies of money—are very passionate, as without them he threatens to go mad or blow his brains out. Yet in his deepest difficulties he is sanguine. He proposes to buy a business which has been offered him for £2000, and by a juggle of pretended partn

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Friday Evening.

THE amount of Customs duties paid to-day is as follows:—

Brandy	.....	.....	£223 12 10
Gin	.....	.....	133 16 4
Liqueurs, cordials, or strong waters	.....	.....	4 13 4
Whisky	.....	.....	11 4 0
Rum	.....	.....	367 6 0
Perfumed spirits	.....	.....	0 5 3
Wine	.....	.....	39 8 0
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	.....	.....	11 1 5
Tobacco and snuff	.....	.....	269 5 0
Cigars	.....	.....	24 15 0
Tea	.....	.....	84 14 0
Sugar, unrefined	.....	.....	14 15 9
Pickage	.....	.....	26 1 4
Total	.....	.....	£1251 1 3

The amount of gold coin issued by the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint during the week ended to-day, May 25th, has been 33,000 sovereigns.

The quantity of gold dust imported into the same establishment during the week for the purpose of coinage has been 8311 ozs.

The Western, Southern, and Northern Escorts arrived yesterday from the several gold-fields, and delivered at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint the following quantities of gold-dust:—Western: From Sofala, 817 ozs. 5 dwts.; Bathurst, 337 ozs. 4 dwts. 15 grs.; Louisa Creek, 706 ozs. 17 grs.; Tambaroora, 315 ozs. 18 dwts.; Stoney Creek, 309 ozs. 6 dwts. Southern: From Goulburn, 422 ozs. 15 dwts.; Braidwood, 2569 ozs. 14 dwts. 19 grs.; Adelong, 1030 ozs. 3 dwts. 15 grs.; Kiandra, 1375 ozs. 16 dwts. 20 grs.: Northern, 1792 ozs. 4 dwts. 21 grs. Total, 9677 ozs. 5 dwts. 8 grs.

THE SHARE MARKET has been quiet during the week, and the transactions in the shares of our colonial banks have been few and to a small amount. In steam shares, however, more activity has prevailed, and several sales have been effected. The fluctuations that have taken place in the prices of our securities are unimportant. Commercial Bank Shares are steady at last quotations. Bank of New South Wales shares are worth about £36 per share, but no sales have been made this week. Australian Joint Stock Bank shares have ranged from £12 5s. to £12 10s. per share; Australasian Steam Navigation shares have been in some request, and have advanced 5s. per share; Newcastle Coal and Copper Company's shares are a little more in demand, and have been sold at a slight advance on last sales. The following are the rates at which sales have been effected during the week:—Commercial Bank, £45 per share; Australian Joint Stock Bank, £12 5s. and £12 10s. per share; Australasian Steam Navigation Company, £15 15s. per share; Illawarra Steam Company, £4 7s. 6d. per share; Clarence and Richmond River Steam Navigation Company, £10 15s. and £11 per share: Newcastle Coal and Copper Company, £20 per share; and Australian Gas-light Company, £12 per share.

Government Debentures are firm at quotations, but no sales have been made this week.

The following table will show the closing quotations of our securities, as well as the rates at which business has been done during the week.

	Sellers.	Buyers.	Business done.
Commercial Bank	£45	£44	£44
Bank of New South Wales	£36	£35	.....
Australian Joint Stock Bank	£12 10s.	£12 5s.	£12 5s.
Australasian Steam Navigation Company	£15 15s.	£15 10s.	£15 15s.
Illawarra Steam Company	£4 7s. 6d.	£4 5s.	£4 7s. 6d.
Clarence and Richmond River Steam Navigation Company	£10 15s.	£10 10s.	£10 15s.
Newcastle Coal and Copper Company	£11	£10 15s.	£11
Australian Gas-light Company	£12	£11 15s.	£12
Australian Agricultural Company	£8	£7 15s.	.....
Sydney Fire Insurance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Fire Insurance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Insurance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Mutual Provident Society	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Provident Society	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Trust Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Widows' Fund	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Life Assurance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Alliance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Guarantee Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Reversionary Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Trust Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Widows' Fund	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Life Assurance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Alliance Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Guarantee Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....
Australian Reversionary Company	£3	£2 15s.	.....

Fleece at 1s. 8d., mixed at 1s. 2¼d., greasy at 1s 3d. per lb. Sheepskins—750 were sold at from 1s. 7d. to 8½d. per lb. Tallow—The trade being well supplied, the rates were lower than last week, viz.:—from £36 (for inferior) and £42 5s (for beef) per ton. Hides—The greater portion of the lots were withdrawn, the biddings being considered too low. Prices ranged from 3s. 3d. to 4s. 3d. each.

There has not been much business doing during the week, great caution being still exhibited by the mercantile community in their transactions. Several rumours have, as usual, been afloat, but we are unable to trace any truth in them. No doubt some houses may have lost money lately, but it is hardly fair to take that as a reason for doubting their stability. Money continues tight, and as long as that is the case a certain check is given to trade, but we anticipate that before the spring sets in a great improvement will take place in our markets generally. The amount of gold-dust received from Kiandra gold-fields has fallen off considerably, but this was to be expected during the winter season, and even now it is greatly in excess of the quantity sent down weekly from any other gold-field. We subjoin the latest report of our markets.

FLOUR.—The market is perhaps a shade easier this week, £24 being the price at which sales of fine flour have been effected. Holders, however, are not disposed to force sales, and as prices keep up in the neighbouring colonies, there is but little likelihood of any fall taking place at present. The millers continue to quote fine flour at £25 per ton, and seconds £23 per ton. American barrel flour is firm at 52s. Wheat is very scarce, colonial is worth from 9s. to 9s. 6d.; Adelaide, 10s. 6d.

LIQUIDS.—The transactions in this market have been few, and only to a small amount. Ale in bulk is in moderate demand, and Bass' No. 3 is quoted at £7 10s. Porter in bulk is still dull of sale, and prices nominally the same. Bottled ale and porter are rather dull of sale, and prices range from 8s. 9d. to 9s. 3d. per dozen. Brandy is a little more enquired for this week, but prices are no higher. Martell's is quoted at 11s. to 11s. 6d., and sales have been made at 11s. 3d. Hennessy's, 10s. 6d. to 11s. For other brands there is no demand, and prices are therefore nominal. Rum is more in request, and prices rule a shade higher. 30 o.p. is quoted at 4s. 3d. to 4s. 6d., but we have not heard of any sales over 4s. 4½d. Geneva is dull of sale, and first brands, of low strengths and small quantities, range from 14s. to 14s. 6d. In wines there has been but little doing, and prices are without any material alteration.

TEAS.—The market is pretty firm, and as holders are not disposed to force sales, the improvement noticed last week has been maintained. Good congous are worth from £6 15s. to £9 per chest. A large parcel of teas, ex Squaw, has changed hands at £7 per chest.

SUGARS.—There has not been much doing in this market this week, with the exception of loaf sugars, several lots of which have been sold at a slight reduction on former rates. There is no alteration to notice in the quotations of Mauritius sugars, which are as follow:—Brown £27 to £32, grey £34 to £37, yellow £38 to £40, crystals £42 to £45, Pampanga £30 per ton.

COFFEE.—Our stock is still very small, and the improvement noticed last week has been fully maintained. Manila is worth 9½d to 10d. per lb., in bond; and Java 9d. to 9½d. per lb.

RICE.—Some further purchases, which were made at the commencement of the week at £22 per ton, has given increased firmness to the market, and holders of new Patna rice are now asking £23 per ton. Small lots, however, could not be bought under £24 per ton.

CANDLES.—There has been very little doing this week in candles, but holders are not so desirous of selling; prices consequently are a little firmer. Belmonts are quoted at 15½d. to 16d.; Nevas, 15½d. The Company's quotation, however, is still 16d. per lb.

SALT.—The demand is fair, and prices are firm. Liverpool is worth from £5 to £5 15s. per ton. Fine salt continues in demand, and is quoted at £8 to £8 10s. per ton.

OILMEN'S STORES.—There is not much doing in this market at present. Batty's assorted invoices however are more in request at improved rates.

PROVISIONS.—Bacon and Hams.—Good parcels move off slowly at about 12d. per lb. Good cheese is still scarce, and saleable at 13d. to 13½d. per lb.

DRIED FRUITS.—There is no demand for the articles under this heading, and prices are therefore nominal.

TOBACCO.—We have but little to report in the tobacco market. Stocks of negrohead are again becoming low, and there is every prospect of a continuation of high rates. Half-pound lumps and tens there is a fair supply of good brands, and which, notwithstanding its general superior quality to negrohead, barely pays the importer. The Margaret and Eliza, and Magnolia, are both over due from the States, and bring large cargoes of tobacco of all kinds.

COMMERCIAL.

EXCHANGE AND DISCOUNTS.

EXCHANGE.

	Purchased at	Sold at
On London, at 30 days' sight	.....	.....
60 ditto ditto	¼ c. dis	¼ cent. prem.
On Melbourne and Geelong, at sight	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem.
On Ballarat, Portland, Sandhurst, Belfast, Castlemaine, Avoca, and Beechworth, at sight	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem.
On Adelaide, at 15 days' sight	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem.
At 3 days' sight	.....	.....
On Launceston and Hobart Town, at 15 days' sight	¼ cent.	¼ cent. prem.
At 3 days' sight	discount.	.....
On Brisbane	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem
On Bathurst and Goulburn	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem
On Maitland and Newcastle	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem.
On New Zealand, 15 days' sight	¼ cent. dis.	¼ cent. prem.
At 3 days' sight	.....	.....

DISCOUNTS.

For 95 days currency and under, 7 ₰ cent. ₰ annum
135 ditto ditto, 8 ₰ cent. ₰ annum
Over 135 days currency, 9 ₰ cent. ₰ annum.

INTEREST ON MONEY.

For money deposited for 15 days certain, 3 ₰ cent. ₰ annum
Ditto ditto 3 months certain, 4 ₰ cent. ditto
Ditto ditto 6 months certain, 5 ₰ cent. ditto.
For a longer period according to arrangement.

SYDNEY STOCK AND SHARE LISTS.

[BARTON AND SONS]

VERY little has been done in the share market this week. Our transactions have been confined to Joint Stock Bank shares, at from £12 5s to £12 10s; and Illawarra Steam shares, at £4 7s 6d per share. New South Wales and Union Bank, Steam, and Insurance shares, are inquired after at last prices. New South Wales Terminables and Steam debentures are also saleable at the quotations, but they are now not often procurable.

May 25.

[J. MULLENS.]

The share market is dull again this week, and I have no alteration in prices to report. Bank shares are still in small demand at present quotations, inquiries being confined to Steam shares, Gas Company shares, and Sydney Fire Insurance shares, which are saleable at current rates. In the debenture market nothing is offering but New South Wales Government Interminables, from 98 to 99.

The share list may be obtained on application to my office, 13, Hunter-street.

[LENNON AND CAPE.]

We reports fair amount of business as having been done by us during the past week, particularly in the shares of our different steam companies, which have been a good deal enquired after, and have an upward tendency.

Bank stock have not been much sought after, and we can only report a forced sale of a small parcel of Commercial Bank and Australian Joint Stock Bank shares. Bank New South Wales are somewhat firmer; our other securities, excepting Newcastle Coal and Copper Company's, for which there is some slight demand, have not been sought after.

Our sales during the week have been in
Commercial Bank, at £44.
Australian Joint Stock Bank, £12 5s.
Australian Gas-Light Company, £12.
Australasian Steam Navigation Company, £15 15s.
Clarence and Richmond River Steam Navigation Company, £10 15s and £11.
Illawarra Steam Company, £4 7s 6d.
Newcastle Coal and Copper Company, £20.
N.B.—The share list, with full particulars, can be obtained at our office, 139, Terry's-building, Pitt-street.

PRODUCE, STOCK, AND STATION REPORTS.

[MORT AND CO.]

WOOL.—A better supply of wool than usual at this season attracted purchasers; but in consequence of the difficulty in procuring freight, the rate now demanded being one penny per lb., any improvement which might have taken place was counteracted thereby. All catalogued, with the exception of three lots, were sold, and two for which offers were made, have been placed.

SHEEPSKINS.—Fellmongers purchased freely, and full prices were obtained for the description of skins now coming forward.

TALLOW.—In consequence of a far greater supply than required for home consumption, tallow has this week declined from 3s to 2s 6d per cwt, and shippers being unable to ship without previously storing have not yet availed themselves of the decline. Good mixed melting has not realised more than 48s; mixed station up to 44s.

HIDES.—The same difficulty manifests itself with regard to the shipment of hides, and the value of those which were realising 16s to 17s three weeks since, is not more than 14s to 15s; and even at this reduction are difficult of sale. Light and made-up parcels are unsaleable, and station have also declined.

FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP.—Both these markets are full of all descriptions, prime, inferior, and poor no better than store, and no immediate improvement can be looked for. Stock of both descriptions sold at guaranteed weights, upon averaging them have been found wanting, and prices have not, therefore, exceeded the quotations of the 17th instant; and parties expecting an advance on them would be disappointed, as no sales exceeding have been effected since that date.

FREIGHTS TO LONDON:—
Wool, ¾d to 1d per lb.
Hides, 17s 6d to 25s per ton
Tallow, 25s per ton
Oil, per tun, as per agreement.
Gold, ¼ per cent. by sailing vessels, ⅝ per steamer.
Exchange on London—Bank drafts 1 per cent. premium at 60 days' sight.
Private Bills (with produce hypothecated), ¼ per cent. discount, if drawn against wool, tallow, or gold.

PRICES CURRENT.

Wool.

	s. d.	s. d.
Superior clips	1 8½ to	1 10½
Fair to good	1 6 to	1 8
Low to middling	1 2 to	1 6
Grease	0 9 to	0 11½
Locks, pieces, broken wool, &c.	0 7 to	1 1
Handwashed	1 4 to	1 8
Scoured	1 9 to	2 1

Tallow.

Beef	£42	0	to	£46 0 0
Mutton	47	0	to	50 0 0
Station tallow	40	0	to	45 0 0
Hides, each	0	5	to	0 15 0
Sheepskins, per lb.	0	0	to	0 0 9½

MORT and CO., brokers.

Pitt-street, Sydney, May 25.

MORT AND CO.'S WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE, THURSDAY, May 24.—Tare, actual; draft, 11lb. per cwt., and no other allowance.—Wool: Mixed, ——, 1 bale, at 7½d; fleece and locks, RPF, 1 at 9½d; locks, MxT, 1 at 13d; fleece, PF, 1 at 16½d; handwashed, P&Co., 2 at 17½d; ditto, RD, 5 at 15½d; ditto, MxT, 33 at 12d; fleece and handwashed, ditto, 1 at 21d; fleece, RR, 2 at 21½d; grease, P over M, 1 at 10d; handwashed, FC, 1st 17½d; scoured, FC in diamond, 5 at 23d; handwashed, R, 4 at 20½d; locks, MD, 1 at 7d; scoured, HF compounded, 1 at 22½; ditto, ditto, 1 at 13½d; IE, 8 at 20d; 1 at 19½d; 2 tags at 14½d. Sheepskins: Lot at 6d, 1 at 8d, 1 at 8½d, 3 bundles at 8½d, 3 at 8¾d, 1 at 7½d, lot at 7¾d, 1 at 7d; P over M, 3 bales at 7½d; JxL, 2 at 9½d; 3 bundles at 8d, 7 at 9½d, 1 bale at 7d; P&Co., 1 bundle at 7d; MD, 1 at 7½d; lot at 7½d; MD, 1 bale at 9½d; ——, 1 at 7d. Tallow: 31 casks at 43s; JG, 2 at 43s; 4 at 42s 9d; F, 3 at 42s 6½; RR, 2 at 40s; P&Co., 1 at 36s 6d; 9 at 37s 9d; ₰, 2 at 42s; MxT, 5 at 39s; WBT, 5 at 37s 9d; JxL, 3 at 46s; 2 at 38s 3d. Hides: 161 from wreck of Catsoux Wattel, 19d; 18 at 10s, 16 at 11s 6d, 220 at 13s, 154 at 14s 6d, 86 at 15s, 64 at ——, lot at 5s 10d, lot at 8s 9d, 22 at 8s 3d, 36 from wreck Catsoux Wattel, 14; 14 at 4s; 25 at 7s, 74 at 14s 9d, 20 at 8s 3d, 61 at 14s, 43 at 7s 6d, 100 at 9s. Skins: 6 at 1s 9d, 4 at 6s, 3 at 1s 8d.

[MR. BERWSTER.]

STATIONS.—Excellent offers have been made this week for some stations now in my hands, but the terms rather than price have been principally the point of difference.

STORE CATTLE.—There are not many buyers in the market at present, but considerable enquiries are being made for spring delivery. Prices may be quoted for all bullocks on the stations, 35s to 60s; at Illenliquin, 30s to 35s. Equal sexes, on the station, 40s to 45s; at Deniliquin, 60s to 70s.

STORE SHEEP.—Good sheep are in demand, especially breeding ewes and wethers, the former of which are worth 11s to 12s 6d; and the latter 11s to 12s. Sales are easily effected where the prices named are not too high.

FAT CATTLE.—There is no improvement to notice in the price of fat cattle. The market is over supplied with inferior beef; best quality being only worth 14s per 100 lbs.; second ditto, 10s to 12s 6d.

FAT SHEEP.—This market is glutted, and in many instances fat sheep fetch little more than store prices.

Squatters' Exchange, George-street, May 25th.

[RAYMOND AND CO.]

FAT CATTLE.—No first-class cattle in the market, but over supplied with second quality. Prices for the last week have consequently been nominal.

FAT SHEEP.—A great glut of both first and second-class fat wethers; prices have again receded, and several lots have been sold at store prices.

STORE CATTLE are in good demand, and have fully realised last week's quotations. We quote for mixed lots, deliverable on the station, 40s to 45s; all bullocks, 60s. Deliverable at Maiden Punt for mixed lots, 60s to 70s; all bullocks 80s to 90s.

STORE SHEEP.—Young breeding ewes are in great demand. Holders do not feel inclined to part with them at previous quotations. We quote them from 13s 6d to 15s, and large framed store wethers are very firm at from 11s 6d to 12s.

HORSES.—A fair demand for really good strong young horses, which are still very scarce.

STATIONS.—There are very few properties offering for sale, and and what we have in our hands are under offer.

WOOL.—Little or nothing doing, prices nominal, sheepskins very scarce, slightly in advance of last week's quotations.

TALLOW has declined in consequence of the large quantity in the market. We quote beef, £41 to £47; mutton, £50 to £52; station, £43 to £45.

HIDES have slightly declined in prices, both for heavy and light. We quote them at 5s to 14s 6d.

Treasury-buildings, George-street, 25th May.

[MR. THOMAS DAWSON.]

FAT CATTLE.—Prices nominal, unless really prime, and then they are only worth from 14s. to 16s per 100 lbs.; a great many are passed for store purposes.

FAT SHEEP.—The market still glutted. Wethers, weighing from 50 to 56 lbs. are worth only 14s to 15s 6d.

STORE CATTLE AND SHEEP.—These markets are good and plenty of sale for both descriptions of stock.

HORSES.—Prices still remain nominal.

WEEKLY PADDOCK SALE Railway Terminus, This Day.—Attendance good, and first quality produce realised extreme rates. Prices below: Calves, from 12s to 35s; roasters, 7s 6d to 7s 9d; fowls, 2s 9d to 3s 3d; ducks, 4s 6d to 5s per pair; butter, 13d to 14d; eggs, 2s per dozen.

421, George-street, 25th May.

[DURHAM AND IRWIN.]

WOOL.—This market is without alteration since our last report—prices are therefore nominal. The lots offered this day were sold at the following rates, viz.—B, 3 bales fleece at 20d; JS, 1 ditto mixed at 14¾d, 1 ditto greasy at 12¾d.

SHEARSHING.—The small lots coming to hand are readily taken, but without any advance on last week's rates. 750 were offered and sold, as follow:—WF, 1 bale at 8¼d; S, 18 bundles at 7¾d per lb.

TALLOW.—The large parcels coming into the market have had the effect of reducing the price; and, should the present supply continue, we shall, doubtless, have exporters in the market. 31 casks were submitted to auction, of which only 11 were sold, as follow:—PN, 7 casks (inferior) at 36s; TF, 5 casks (beef) at 43s 3d per cwt.

HIDES.—The scarcity of tonnage noticed in our report of last week continues—this, together with the advance in freight, have caused a decline in prices. 1050 were offered, of which only a portion was sold (several parcels having been bought in). These quitted at auction realised prices as follows:—9 at 3s 3d, 9 at 10d, 15 at 11s, 42 at 11s 3d, 84 at 10s, 35 at 12s, 53 at 10s 6d, 46 at 11s 6d, 100 at 12s; WW, 95 at 15s 3d, 25 at 6s 6d; 1 calfskin at 1s 9d; horns, 1 lot at 18s per 100.

Sydney, 25th May.

[MR. E. FORBES.]

STATIONS.—I have two large sheep stations under offer, one on the Lachlan, the other on the Murrumbidgee.

FAT CATTLE.—The very best beasts, heavy and fat, are not worth more than £5 to £5 5s; inferior are fetching £3 10s to £4.

FAT PIGS.—I have sold 2,400 wethers to arrive, 52 lbs. at 16s; this is considered an outside figure. The butchers are overstocked, still really very fat sheep would fetch 18s to 20s.

STORE CATTLE.—No alteration to report. The Melbourne market is much better; about 700 were sold by me to Mr. Higgins at 35s, and 300 to the Messrs. Lang and Fitzbruce, delivered to their order, all to southward, at £3 5s. These cattle were very choice.

STORE SHEEP.—Good large framed wethers are fetching 11s to 12s; ewes 12s to 13s, if young.

HORSES.—Dull of sale; heavy draught are exciting more demand.

WOOL.—First-class is worth 1s 0d to 2s; in grease 9½d to 11½d

HIDES.—Well salted heavy will fetch 10s to 16s 6d.

78, King-street, 25th May.

SYDNEY MARKETS.—FRIDAY.

Unless otherwise expressed, the prices quoted in this article are those in transactions between the producer and the first purchaser.)

FLOUR is firm at last week's quotations—£25 for fine, and £23 for second quality, per ton of 2000 lbs.

WHEAT, 9s to 9s 6d per bushel.

BRAN, 1s 3d per bushel.

BREAD.—6d per 2-lb. loaf.

BISCUIT.—Mr. Willis's quotations: cabin 30s, navy 30s, per 100 lbs. Mr. Hamilton: Navy, 30s; cabin, 30s per 100 lbs.

BUTCHER'S MEAT.—Beef 1d to 2d, mutton 2d to 3½d, pork 4½d to 6d, veal 5½d to 5d per lb. Lamb, 6s 6d per quarter.

POULTRY AND DAIRY PRODUCE.—Fowls 2s 6d to 3s, ducks 3s to 4s, geese 6s to 9s, turkeys 7s to 10s, pigeons 1s 6d, wild ducks 4s to 5s, teal 2s to 3s per couple; roasting pigs 5s to 6s each. Butter 1s 3d to 1s 6d, cheese 6d to 8d, and hams 7d to 8d. Lard 6d to 7d per lb. Eggs 1s 6d to 1s 9d per dozen.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes £8 to £10, onions £30 to £40 per ton. Cabbages 3s to 14s, cauliflowers 6s to 12, lettuces 1s to 2s, pumpkins 4s to 10s, vegetable marrows 2s to 4s per dozen. Rhubarb, 3s 6s, turnips 2s to 3s, carrots 2s to 3s, celery 6s to 9s, parsnips 2s to 3s, leeks 4s to 6s per dozen bunches. French beans 7s to 10s Green peas 8s to 10s per bushel.

FRUITS.—Oranges 6d to 1s, Lisbon lemons 1s 6d to 1s 9d, common lemons 4d, bananas 1s 6d to 1s 9d, citrons 1s 6d to 2s per dozen. Apples 12s 6d to 15s, pears 4s to 8s, loquats 4s to 7s per basket.

HONEY.—3½d to 4d per lb.

BARK, £3 5s to £3 15s per ton.

FORAGE.—Hay £7 to £8 10s, straw £3 to £4 per ton. Maize 4s to 4s 3d, oats 3s 3d to 3s 6d, barley 2s 9d to 3s per bushel. Green food is per dozen bundles. This market seems to be somewhat improving eighty-six loads of produce having arrived during the week: a fact attributable, doubtless, in a great degree if not wholly, to the improved condition of the roads by reason of the fine weather.

SYDNEY HORSE MARKET.

MESSRS. BUAT and Co notice very little alteration in the horse market. The result of the week's sales show a large preponderance of inferior stock. Country lots that have come to hand lately are generally very badly broken, and have consequently realised low figures. During the week we have offered fully 200 head of which about a third found purchasers: common saddle horses, ranging from £7 to £14; harness horses, £15 to £30; draught horses, £20 to £40. Two lots of harness horses, from Kiama, went from £18 to £33; and another lot, from the Hunter, at about the same rates.

MR. C. MARTIN reports a fair amount of business having been done in the horse market since last week. Prices generally rule low. A large number of country horses, all of a medium and light description, have passed through the sales. Three drafts of unbroken colts and fillies have also been sold at the Cattle Market. A lot on Tuesday and three averaged nearly £9 per head; one on Friday, belonging to Messrs. W. and J. Shelly, made an average of £5 2s 6d; and a draft, belonging to Mr. Patrick Martin, at a fair average.

MR. S. WOOLLER reports the horse market to have been well supplied with a good description of horses this week, and sold at satisfactory prices. The sales were well attended with buyers, and the competition spirited. There is a good demand for first-class horses that can be warranted. No demand for inferior horses—the horse-jobbers overstocked. Heavy cart horses sold at £30; light cart horses sold at £18; gig and saddle horses sold at £15; box drays, £7.

SPIRITS AND TOBACCO.

DESCRIPTION.	Stock on hand 16th May.	Received during the week.	Delivered for Home Consumption.	Delivered for Exportation.	Stock on hand 25th May.
Rum, the produce of Sugar, West India, E. F., East India, P., and Mauritius	Galls. 165,876	Galls. 1,225	Galls. 3,213	Galls. 188	Galls. 163,700
Foreign States	22,989	5,058	51	...	27,996
Attrack, date and palm tree rum, and other foreign spirits not otherwise enumerated	10,904	...	67	60	10,777
Brandy	7,476	...	151	10	7,315
Geneva	257,634	2,800	3,331	612	256,611
Whisky	95,115	493	2,107	93	93,406
Liqueurs	43,810	625	475	85	43,875
Bitter spirits	4,693	...	28	8	4,641
Tobacco	28,715	559	168	19	29,087
Fig and Cavendish	lbs. 450,205	lbs. 6,285	lbs. 11,405	lbs. 663	lbs. 444,422
Leaf	19,477	...	...	...	19,477
Cigars	85,103	95	420	140	84,638
Snuff	3,874	...	...	...	3,874

MAITLAND MARKETS.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

FRIDAY, MAY 25.—Trade during the week has been moderate, but the weather still continues to be most advantageous for the farmers. We had one or two slight showers on Thursday, which have accelerated the labours of the settlers.

There have been no purchases of wool.

Tallow.—Beef tallow 42s per cwt., mutton tallow 46s to 48s, soap 38s, candles 7d per lb. wholesale.

Hides.—Superior 12s to 16s, inferior 6s to 8s, calfskins 2s to 2s 6d, horns £1 per 100; shankbones and hoofs in no demand, hair 2d to 4½d per lb.

Wheat.—The supply has been small during the week, and prices may be quoted at from 9s 9d to 10s per bushel, with an upward tendency.

Maize, 2s 6d per bushel, and in demand.

Hay still dull of sale: lucerne £3 10s to £3 15s per ton, oaten £4 to £4 10s per ton.

Flour.—A further advance has taken place, (mill prices) 25s fine, 23s seconds, 6s bran, per 160 lbs. Fine flour can scarcely be purchased here at less than £23 per ton, wholesale. Bran may be purchased at from £4 to £4 10s per ton, wholesale.

Bread, 6d per 2lb. loaf.

Butcher's Meat.—A reduction has taken place on this article. Beef 2½d to 3d per lb., mutton 3d to 4d, pork 6d to 7d, veal 5d.

Farm Produce.—Colonial bacon and ham 8½d to 9d per lb., smoked ham 10d per lb., lard 8d per lb.

Dairy Produce.—Fresh butter 1s 3d per lb., salt butter 1s, cheese 5d to 6d, eggs 1s 3d per dozen, milk 4d per quart, delivered.

Vegetables—Potatoes 7s per cwt., onions 8s to 10s, carrots and turnips 3s per dozen bunches, cabbages 5s per dozen, pumpkins 3s per dozen, vegetable marrows 4s per dozen, cucumbers 10d per dozen, French beans 1s 6d per peck, green food 3d per dozen bunches.

Fruit.—Oranges 6d to 8d per dozen, lemons 3d per dozen, eating apples 9d to 1s, baking apples 1s 6d per dozen, grapes, 3d per lb.

Poultry.—Fowls 2s 6d per pair, ducks 3s, geese 6s, turkeys (hens) 7s 6d to 8s, turkeys (cocks) 10s to 12s.

Coal.—At the ships, 12s to 14s per ton.

MAITLAND STATION AND STOCK REPORT.

[MR. THOMAS CADELL.]

Stations.—Purchasers are in the market, but no sales of importance have taken place. There exists a disposition to invest at fair rates.

Fat Cattle.—Market well supplied, chiefly second quality. Prime cattle, £4 to £5.

Fat Sheep.—Markets glutted, both here and in Sydney, with little prospect of improvement while such large numbers continue to arrive. The trade well supplied, consequently lots now near at hand must either be forwarded to Sydney market, or held over in this neighbourhood, where, luckily, grass is abundant. Ewes, 9s to 11s; wethers, 10s 6 to prime, 11s 6d to 14s.

Store Cattle.—Dull of sale. Well bred lots, equal sexes, on station, 2 to 7 years, 40s to 42s. All bullocks, 55s to £3; at Maiden's Punt, equal sexes, 60s to 70s; all bullocks, 75s to 80s—long terms of payment.

Store sheep in demand, no alteration in value. Wethers, 10s 6d to 12s; maiden ewes, 14s to 15s; breeding ewes, 11s to 12s 6d; mixed lots enquired for.

Horses.—Good are saleable, such as stock horses, hackneys, and draught horses.

Wool, Tallow, Hides, Skins.—Wool, none offering. Tallow dull of sale; lower in price. Hides very dull of sale, but at present there exists no grounds for any depreciation in value, and if the mail brings news of firm markets in England, prices will rally again. Heavy well salted hides are worth 13s 6d. Skins 6d to 9d per lb.

House Property and Estates continue dull of sale. I have sold two properties in town of Maitland at fair rates.

Money Market.—Loans have been negociated on freehold securities at 10 per cent.

[DODDS AND CO.]

The market is well supplied with both cattle and sheep—the former only of middling quality, the latter very good. Prices of cattle much the same as last week. We have a splendid draft of cattle for sale on Monday next at West Maitland from the station of Joseph Fearn, Esq., and also a large flock of sheep from Liverpool Plains.

Milch cows in good demand.

Working bullocks not much wanted at present, but as the ploughing season commences they will sell better.

Fat calves, if good, would command a fair price.

Pigs sell readily.

The first of a series of lectures, projected with the view to secure, if possible, a better observance of the Sabbath, was delivered on the evening of the 14th instant, at the Mechanics' Institute. The Bishop of Melbourne was the lecturer on the occasion. Sir W. F. Stawell occupied the chair.

COLONIAL PARLIAMENT.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, MAY 25.

THE PRESIDENT took his seat at a quarter-past four o'clock.

TREASURY PAYMENTS.

Mr. JOHNSON, in reference to the question of which he had given notice—when it is expected that the return ordered on the 19th April last on the subject of the Treasury payments will be laid upon the table of the House,—said he would take the liberty of asking the hon. the Colonial Secretary, without notice, some questions cognate to the subject. The paper had been laid upon the table after he had given notice of his question. It appeared to him that it was not a return to the order of the House, and it would perhaps save time if the hon. the Colonial Secretary would afford now the explanations which he desired. The order amongst other things required the return to them "by what authority" certain payments had been made. Now, so far as he understood the matter, there was no authority whatever for the payment of public moneys, except the warrant of the Governor General. It might be, as no such warrants were mentioned, and he almost hoped it was so, that his Excellency the Governor-General had steadily refused to issue warrants for sums not authorised by parliamentary appropriation. However this might be, he scarcely imagined that any Colonial Treasurer would issue moneys without such warrant, for there was no other authority for the issue of a single shilling under the Constitution Act. As he had said, he had thought, and still believed, that the Governor's warrant was the only authority on which the Treasurer could issue money. Surely it would not be said that a mere resolution of another branch of Legislature, which might itself be illegal, was an authority on which the Treasurer should act. In the return laid upon the table he found it stated that certain sums for a period—from 26th May 1859, to 27th July 1859, were put down under the head, "under what authority" as "supplementary vote of 1859." He could not understand what this meant. He saw, too, that the Executive Council stood sponsor for certain payments, and it surely was a novelty to see the Executive Council authorising such payments. Other sums appeared to have been expended in a still more extraordinary manner, under "proposed votes." He (Mr. Johnson) could understand that when the Assembly chose to vote money a Ministry might take upon itself the responsibility of expending such money in defiance of the authority and privileges of this House, but what could be meant by expending money under a "proposed vote," he could not imagine. It appeared to him very much like this—a servant, charged with embezzling his master's money, might turn round and defend himself by saying that he had "proposed" to himself to ask his master's consent, and he spent the money. Taking away the question of criminality—for this he did not, for a moment, intend to impute—the cases were precisely the same. Then, again, there was money expended under a "proposed fixed vote"—not to doubt such a vote was a very proper and desirable vote—but it was no authority for the expenditure of public money. There was another point in which information was much desired, and which it was most important to this House to obtain. This was in reference to the Minister for Public Works. They knew that such a new office had been created without any reference to this House, and he wished to know if money also had been paid without reference to this House, for the support of that office. This did not appear at all on this return. He had understood the other night, from an hon. friend in this House, that although while that honorable friend held the office, he was not so fortunate as to receive salary, his successor, the present holder of the office, had received salary. His attention had been drawn also that the return was one of "cash credits opened," while the order was for a "return showing the several sums of money paid," but he must suppose that cash credits meant payments. His only object now was to save time.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said he would endeavour to reply to his hon. and learned friend so far as he had been able to follow him, and so far as he could reply to him without notice.

The PRESIDENT suggested that no question had been put, yet the hon. Colonial Secretary might speak in explanation of the return.

Mr. DEAS THOMSON would ask what question there was before the House?

The PRESIDENT said a return laid upon the table as a return to an order of the House had been objected to.

Mr. DEAS THOMSON said the House could not discuss a fresh matter without notice.

Mr. JOHNSON was only desirous of putting the matter right at once rather than waste another day by giving a fresh notice.

Mr. WANT said it appeared to him that the course proposed was perfectly in order. Any honorable member might put a question, and the honorable the Colonial Secretary might reply, if he pleased, without notice given.

The PRESIDENT said: Yes; but this is not a question.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said he was quite prepared to give the explanation now, if the House did not consider him irregular.

Mr. JOHNSON said what he wanted was to have such an explanation of this return appearing on the minutes as would afford the information required by the order of the House. But he had been informed that any question and reply without notice, or explanation, would appear on the proceedings, and therefore he would now give notice that at the next sitting of the Council he should move that the return laid upon the table on the 23rd May, and purporting to be a return to an order of this House of the 19th April, is unsatisfactory, and ought to be amended.

SPIRITS OVERLAND FROM VICTORIA.

Mr. WANT said that, in giving notice of the question he was about to ask, he had done so advisedly, as it was within his knowledge that large quantities of spirits had been brought over the Victorian border without paying duty. The question he would put was, "Whether the Government are aware that a large quantity of spirits, the duty on which amounts to £1500, has crossed the Victorian frontier into New South Wales, without contributing any duty towards the colonial revenue?"

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said the subject was one of such importance that he would reply at length to this question: The Government is aware that large quantities of dutiable goods have been for some time past introduced into New South Wales across the Victorian fr

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

REPORTS.

Mr. DICKSON brought up a report from the select committee on the East Maitland pasturage reserve.

Received and ordered to be printed.

Mr. BROUGHTON brought up a report from the select committee on the Tramway Bill.

Received and ordered to be printed.

INSPECTOR M'GEE.

Mr. HOSKINS wished to ask the Secretary for Lands, whether the Government intend to grant any pecuniary allowance to the widow and family of Alexander M'Gee, late inspector of police, recently deceased, who died from the effects of a wound received in the execution of his duty?

Mr. ROBERTSON said that an allowance would be made out of the Police Superannuation Fund, under the direction of the Board of Management.

THE PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHT.

Mr. HOSKINS desired to ask the Secretary for Lands, when the Government will be prepared to place upon the table of this House a return moved for by Mr. Hoskins, on the 7th of February, with reference to the exercise of the pre-emptive right since the inauguration of responsible Government?

Mr. ROBERTSON said, that the returns were very voluminous, and that it would not be possible to lay them on the table under six weeks from the present date.

GAOLS AND LOCK-UPS.

Mr. HART begged to ask the Secretary for Public Works the question of which he had given notice—"1. To what officer of the Government is entrusted the duty of ascertaining and of reporting to the Secretary for Public Works, the localities in which new gaols, watch-houses, lock-ups, &c., are needed, and where repairs or other improvements are required in those already existing. 2. During the past year (1859) or since, have any reports or communications been made to the Government by the local authorities, or from any other source, respecting the want of a new gaol, watch-house, or lock-up, &c., or respecting the defective condition of any gaol, watch-house, or lock-up, already existing in any part of the colony, and if so, what is the specific purport of each several report or communication so made to the Government? 3. Have any steps been taken, and if not, are any, and what, measures about to be adopted by the Government, to render the places of confinement above referred to more suitable for the safe custody of prisoners, without the infliction of unnecessary suffering on them, and better fitted by the essential requisites of a prison for the special exigencies of the several localities in which such places of confinement are situate?

Mr. ARNOLD said that there was no particular officer of the Government entrusted with this duty, but that the task of obtaining information respecting any proposed expenditure, and the responsibility of acting on it belonged to the minister; and that officer obtained the necessary information by application from the different law officers, police magistrates, and benches of magistrates, or other reliable parties connected with the different localities. During the past year many reports and communications had been received from the police and other authorities throughout the interior, respecting the gaol and lock-up accommodation, and after a consideration of these in connection with the statistical returns and the report of the Colonial Architect, a determination had been arrived at. He supposed the hon. member did not wish to have the information and remarks contained in each of these applications detailed to the House, because if he did, they were very numerous and lengthy, and would require some hours to read; but if the hon. member required only the general purport, he might say that they were all to the one effect, showing that the gaol or watch-house accommodation was insufficient, and that they all recommended that the most complete and secure system of prison architecture should be applied to each locality. The reports were of the same tenor, whether they came from localities containing ten thousand or from those having only one hundred inhabitants. With regard to the steps that had been taken by the Government he would refer the hon. member to the £25,000 that had been passed in the Estimates for this purpose, besides the general vote for repairs, and to the schedule, and to the plans and specifications that had been laid before the House.

DISCHARGED POLICE.

Mr. WALKER wished to ask the Hon. the Premier what steps the Government intend to take with regard to those of the police throughout the colony who will necessarily be discharged in consequence of the reduction of their number by the Estimates for the present year; will the men receive three months' notice to leave, or will they be paid three months', or any compensation?

Mr. ROBERTSON said that no such matter had been brought under the notice of the Government, and consequently no determination had been arrived at.

GOVERNMENT BANK DEPOSITS.

Mr. FORSTER thought that perhaps the hon. Treasurer would be good enough to answer a question without notice, as the information the hon. gentleman could give would be valuable for the purposes of a debate that was likely to take place at a later hour of the evening; it was this:—"Whether any arrangement had been made to have the money, lodged by the Government in the different banks, in the hands of those banks for any particular period, during which it would not be in the power of the Government to withdraw?"

Mr. WEEKES wished the hon. member would give notice of the question, as he (Mr. W.) was not then in a position to answer the hon. member with that accuracy that he would wish.

Notice was then given.

PUBLIC LOAN BILL.

Mr. WEEKES moved the second reading of this bill.

Mr. BLACK said this was a bill of considerable importance, and the amount represented was so large, that he conceived the House would not be doing its duty if they allowed it to pass without something more of explanation and discussion than the Government seemed disposed to give. He saw, in the first place, that the bill proposed to raise £20,000 to be expended in the erection of a bridge to Glebe Island. Now he had understood that the final determination as to the erection of this bridge depended upon some farther report, or at all events upon something that had not yet occurred, and that until that event took place the Government would decide upon nothing. That being the case, the expenditure was not yet required, and it therefore became somewhat premature to involve the country farther in debt until the necessity for expending the money borrowed had arisen. There was also the sum of £40,000 put down for the construction of a telegraphic line from West Maitland to the environs of Queensland. He thought that was a very large amount. He lately heard the hon. member for Illawarra state positively that no telegraphic line in the colony excepting that between Sydney and Melbourne was paying its expenses. If that were the fact it was very doubtful whether we ought to go on spending such large sums as these for that purpose. The hon. member (Mr. Gordon) had challenged the Government to dispute the accuracy of his statement, and the Government had not chosen to take it up. The statement of one member of the Government that the telegraphs were paying 12½ per cent. differed widely from the statement to which he had referred, and he should like to obtain some information as to which was correct. He did not mean to accuse the Government of any intentional misrepresentation, but he thought that if the accounts of the receipts of this establishment had been more carefully looked to the House would not have sanctioned the estimate for this work. But there were other sums which it was proposed to raise by loan. There was £30,000 for improvements to the harbour at Kiama, and £26,826 for improvements to the harbour at Wollongong; and also the item of £53,000 to pay off Land and Immigration Debentures falling due in 1860, which debentures had actually fallen due and had been paid. He could not see how it was right for the House to sanction a bill by which it was proposed to raise money to pay off debentures which had actually been paid off. When he looked at the total amount which it was proposed to raise by loan, when he considered that the public debt of the colony already amounted to more than £3,500,000; and when he found that the House was asked to sanction the incurring of a debt for works which to a very small extent were likely to be reproductive, he thought that hon. members would be unworthy of the duties they had undertaken to discharge if they were to assent to this measure. A fallacy seemed to run through many of our proceedings. We appeared to be deluding ourselves with the belief that by merely voting large sums of money for some plausible object we were advancing the interests of the country, and securing its prosperity. Under that delusion we had expended about £80,000 upon the building for the University, from which the results were miserably small in comparison with the expenditure; and we had expended a very considerable sum upon the construction of affiliated colleges, which, so far from being calculated to do good in the present state of the country, were calculated to do a great deal of harm. We had also expended more than £30,000 upon a grammar-school, the fees charged at which were so high as to be within the reach of only a small section of the community. We had expended he could not say how much upon the construction of railways, on which the amount of business done was very small. Indeed, our expensive railway and telegraphic works presented something of the appearance of an inverted cone—the vast machinery standing upon a single point. We were already somewhat embarrassed in paying the interest on our debentures: and in what state would the Government be when called upon to pay the principal? And until he saw some reasonable prospect of paying the interest on these debentures as they fell due, and also at least a portion of the principal, he would never consent to the contraction of a debt which was already embarrassing, and must greatly embarrass succeeding generations. It was with the view of obtaining further information from the Government, and, if possible, of compelling them to find some grounds of calculation for the future, which should reassure the mind of the country that the means would be found of meeting our obligations, that he intended to withhold his consent from the proposal embodied in this bill. It was stated that within the last twelve months the insolvencies in this city had fallen very little short of two millions. If this were the case with regard to private individuals, he feared that if the Government contracted such obligations as the House was now asked to allow it to contract, the entire country would, before, long, be in a condition of embarrassment, if not of bankruptcy. The prospect was, to his mind, a very gloomy one, and he would not be doing his duty if he stood coolly by and allowed these fetters to be rivetted round the necks of the people.

Mr. ROBERTSON said that if the remarks of his hon. friend went forth to the world without any reply they might do some damage to the colony. Objections had been taken by the hon. gentleman to the vote for a bridge to Glebe Island, but when a motion for placing a sum on the Estimates for that work was moved, it was withdrawn on the promise that the sum would be placed there by the late Colonial Treasurer, one of the hon. gentleman's (Mr. Black's) colleagues. The speech of the hon. gentleman would therefore have been much more appropriately made at a meeting of the late Cabinet. Then the hon. member said it was not true that the telegraphs paid 12½ per cent. He (Mr. Robertson) said that they did, and his authority was the officers in charge of the department, and he apprehended that their testimony was better than that quoted by the honourable gentleman.

Mr. BLACK explained that he had stated on the authority referred to, that only one line—that between this colony and Melbourne, was paying working expenses—that no other line was paying working expenses.

Mr. ROBERTSON could not help what private members said, but he believed the statement was not correct. With regard to the Wollongong and Kiama works, the late Ministry themselves intended to have brought forward this expenditure; and he must say he never saw the honorable member for East Sydney (Mr. Black) make such a sorry figure as he did when called upon to explain why the sum had been reduced from £30,000 to £10,000 by the Government to which he belonged. But the House had since passed this vote, and the honorable member's speech might with more propriety have been made in supply. The honorable member then said the public debt was already between three and four millions, upon which we did not pay the interest. Now, when the full amount was expended, the debt would amount to four millions, for the use of which money £20,000 would have to be paid. But then the colony had £250,000 for the use (not sale) of the public lands, and £100,000 for the use of railway and other public works; being an income of £350,000 irrespective of taxation. The hon. member therefore, seemed to have lately awakened to a sense of despondency concerning public matters which really had no foundation.

Dr. LANG agreed that several of these items of expenditure were unwarranted and open to the charge of extravagance; but he could not take so gloomy a view of the position of the colony as that taken by the hon. member for East Sydney, and he thought it would not be for the benefit of this country, that such gloomy views should go forth to the world. Such statements made in that House were likely to produce a want of confidence in the colony's growing prosperity. He would just refer to the amount of debt and the means, in addition to those existing, for paying it, and the mode he was about to suggest might be made available during the coming Session. Notwithstanding what had been said against the principle of a land tax, he felt that the Government would be obliged to have recourse to that mode, as the most available and successful source of income. There were, however, various other sources of revenue into which, he trusted, the Government would make a rigid scrutiny during the coming recess; and, on the re-opening of Parliament, come forward with a scheme of taxation that would place the burdens of the community more equitably upon the shoulders of the people generally.

Mr. GORDON desired to make a few observations with regard to the telegraphic lines. The item which Mr. Black objected to as large was that for the construction of a line from West Maitland to Armidale, to be connected with Queensland, was the very one of all others likely to pay, next to that between this colony and Victoria; and he (Mr. Gordon) thought it highly desirable it should be completed as soon as possible. With regard to the statement he made the other night, that none of these lines were paying except the intercolonial line, he still felt convinced of the fact. Perhaps the lines, taken altogether, were paying their working expenses; but he denied that, with this exception, any were paying working expenses. The working expenses of the intercolonial line were £3094; those of the western line, £893; and those of the northern line (from Sydney to Maitland, Morpeth, and Newcastle), £1384; and he asked whether any one, knowing the localities, would think for a moment that there would be sufficient messages on the western and northern lines to pay the working expenses, much less interest, upon the money invested in construction? Having repeated it in the House that but one line was paying its expenses, he thought that statement would have been contradicted if anything could be shown to the contrary. Then the South Head line cost £596 for working expenses; and the receipts could scarcely be £100 a year. He did not intend to offer any obstruction to the passing of this bill, because the amounts had been voted in supply; but he still believed those items he had voted against were unnecessary and extravagant, and the more objectionable as the works would have to be constructed with borrowed money.

Mr. WALKER thought it highly improper to sanction an outlay which would not pay expenses. The hon. member (Mr. Gordon) had drawn the attention of the House to certain items which would not pay working expenses, but entirely omitted to make any allusion to the £26,000 for the improvements of Wollongong harbour. (Mr. GORDON: They are useful and necessary.) The same might be said of the other items; but he denied that this country was called upon to undertake so large an expenditure for so comparatively insignificant a place. He warned the House and the country against so large an expenditure as £36,000 for works which in his opinion were quite in advance of the circumstances of the country. This bill would place four millions of debt upon the country, and if they went on at that rate the country would be involved in bankruptcy, and he should not be surprised hereafter to see an act of repudiation passed. (Cries of no! no!) He would consent to the amendment of several of the items if it were practicable.

Mr. HAY said it would be an unusual practice and an inconvenient one to oppose the passage of this bill. (Hear, hear.) They had had all the usual opportunities afforded the Assembly, in preventing the expenditure of this money. The various sums had been voted in committee, and the report of the committee adopted, and although he was strongly opposed to some of the largest of these votes, yet he should be loth in setting a precedent which would amount to this, that it would become impossible to carry on Parliamentary government. (Hear, hear.) He thought that when in a new country like this the Government were compelled to borrow money for public improvements, that in such case it should be clearly shown that there was a reasonable probability that within a certain time the money expended would be returned eventually. This, indeed, was the true and only principle upon which they could safely go. (Hear, hear.) If they were to proceed on any other, he could see no other result than bankruptcy. He did not believe there would be any repudiation (hear, hear), but he could perceive the likelihood of a great amount of suffering and public loss by following out this policy. (Hear, hear.) It seemed to him that hon. members were too much influenced by their anxiety to obtain votes of public money, in which the districts they represented were concerned (hear, hear), to enable the small body of members, actuated by proper principles, effectually to oppose such an erroneous course. (Hear, hear.) He perceived in this bill some sums for public improvements which ought to be paid for out of the current revenue, if at all. (Hear, hear.) They would yield no return, and they therefore departed from a proper principle when they contracted such a debt. He hoped to see, in future sessions, a better understanding between those hon. members opposed to the course now pursued, and that they would not join in endeavouring to obtain such works unless they were paid for out of the current revenue—(hear, hear)—or provision was made to yield interest on the money expended, and ultimately to liquidate the debt. (Hear, hear.) He admitted that the harbours around which there was a considerable population should be improved, but it ought to be done out of the current revenue.

Mr. GRAY said the hon. gentleman who had just sat down generally put forward something tangible when he addressed the House, but he must say he was at a loss to know what the hon. member for East Sydney (Mr. Black) meant, because the principal items to which he objected were agreed to by his own Government. He (Mr. G.) thought the coast districts north and south were as well entitled to ask the House to borrow money for them as any other part of the colony. It was scarcely fair to ask them to pay their share to the railways of the colony, and then refuse them the means of bringing their produce to market. He agreed with the hon. member for Murray, that when they borrowed money they should see that there was some reasonable prospect of the money being repaid; but then the rule ought to be general. He was of opinion that the funds raised from the sale of public lands ought to be devoted to the construction of public works, instead of to the introduction of immigrants.

Mr. IRVING said the hon. member who had just sat down was very liberal now that his district had obtained all that it could possibly require. He (Mr. I.) would be prepared to follow the same course when equal favour had been shown to the north. When all the districts of the colony had been put on an equal footing, and had had such amounts expended on them as they could reasonably expect, then would be the time to come to a mutual understanding. He agreed with the observations of the hon. member for Murray in reference to borrowing money under the present circumstances, although he confessed that there was a wide line to be drawn between a new country like this and an old one. He thought the hon. member for Wollongong had found a "mare's nest." It could not be expected that the short lines of telegraph would pay their own expenses until they were assisted by the long ones. The Northern line would never appear to pay so well as the Southern unless they had a line independent of Sydney. Otherwise Sydney would get the benefit of all messages to the southward, and would show a larger revenue than the lines to the northward. There was another matter to which he would allude, as so much had been said about the colony going to ruin. He thought nothing had tended to bring about the embarrassment which now existed so much as the delay that had taken place in passing the bill now before the House. Then six or seven hundred thousand pounds, which ought to have been circulating through the colony, had been locked up. Had this Bill been passed at the proper time we should not now have heard anything of the unemployed, they would in fact have been fully employed to assemble in Macquarie-street. The sooner the bill was passed the better it would be for the country.

Mr. GORDON said the hon. member who had just sat down had misunderstood the tenor of his (Mr. G's) observations.

Mr. HOSKINS said he concurred in the remarks of the hon. member for Kiama, in reference to the hon. member for Murray, whose conduct was alike creditable to him as a gentleman and a member of the House. It was not less creditable to him as a member of an opposition—showing, as it did that he was not prepared to offer a factious opposition to any Government. (Hear, hear.) It must be patent to every member of the House who was not prepared to defy Charles Cowper, or vesecrate the hon. member for Queanbeyan, that there was an active opposition brewing against the present Ministry, to prevent the passing of the Appropriation Bill. (Hear, hear.) And it appeared that the hon. member for East Sydney (Mr. Black) was prepared to fire the first shot. That hon. gentleman had just discovered that it was undesirable to contract debts, and amongst other items he had objected to that for the construction of a bridge to connect the abattoirs with the city! Where was the hon. member when that sum was voted? Did he then consider it unnecessary? And where was the hon. member when the item was discussed in reference to the construction of the line of telegraphs from West Maitland to Armidale? He offered no opposition to it. He would remind the hon. gentleman that the line would be constructed through a comparatively thickly settled and prosperous district—through thriving towns—and would form a portion of the main line to the sister colony of Queensland; and he had no doubt that it would confer incalculable benefits upon the squatters, storekeepers, farmers, and gold miners of the north. Notwithstanding the hon. gentleman's opposition to that line he voted for the construction of a telegraph to a barren mountainous place, where not more than two thousand persons had been collected, and where he believed there were not five hundred at the present time—he alluded to Kiandra. The members of the late Administration had very justly claimed credit to themselves for the manner in which they had dealt with the present Government; he admitted that credit was due for the consideration with which they had acted, but now those hon. members seemed to be determined to enact the same scenes with this Government that its members had acted towards them when they (the present Government) were in opposition. (Mr. BLACK: "Not at all.") He insisted that they were doing the same thing, because, though they had offered no impediment to the passing of the Estimates, it was quite equivalent to doing so if they opposed this bill. However, he trusted that there were enough sensible members in the House to prevent the House from stultifying itself by now refusing to authenticate that which it had previously voted.

The question was put and carried. Bill read a second time and committed.

The three clauses of the bill were put and carried without remark.

On the motion for adopting the preamble of the bill,

Mr. DARVALL drew attention to its wording, which conveyed an incorrect notion. It stated that a certain sum was provided to meet debentures falling due in 1860, whereas they had already fallen due some time before.

Mr. WEEKES: The Government had adopted the wording of a former Act.

Mr. DARVALL: But at the time that Act was passed, the debentures were not yet due. In Acts of the Legislature, the House could not be too particular, so that any averment should be strictly correct. By the reading of this passage it would leave an inference that the debentures were not yet due, when, in point of fact, not only were they due, but they had been paid.

Mr. WEEKES: Not all of them.

Mr. DARVALL: Then the averment was partly true and partly false, and this was worse and worse. The fact was that this money was to be borrowed, not to meet these debentures, but to supply a deficiency in other sums that had been taken to meet these debentures. That being the case, why not let the fact be stated as it really was. For his part, he would not consent to a deviation from the truth in so solemn a matter as an Act of the Legislature; and it was a deviation from the truth to say that the money was required to meet debentures that were already due and paid. As some of the debentures had still to become due, he should suggest that the passage should run thus: "To meet debentures falling due in 1860, and to make up the amount that had been provided for taking up those that had fallen due in 1860." Such an alteration would not in any way impede the passing of the Act; for if it would have had such an effect he assured the Government he would not have proposed it.

Mr. GORDON did not think that the language was open to the imputation made by the hon. and learned member. As it was to meet debentures falling due in 1860, it was quite correct, to use the language in the preamble, whether they had fallen due, or whether they had yet to fall due.

Mr. BLACK contended that, from the wording of the bill, it would be thought that these debentures were just falling due, and had not already fallen due. If the House had determined that the country should be saddled with this enormous debt, he thought it would be as well that the bill should be called by its right name. He entirely acquiesced in the remarks of the honorable and learned member (Mr. Darvall).

Dr. LANG considered that the phrase "falling due" referred strictly to debentures that would fall due subsequent to the passing of the bill. To satisfy the scruples of those who desired the utmost precision in the wording of Acts of Parliament, he would have no objection to the amendment.

Mr. ARNOLD did not consider there was any necessity for altering the clause. He contended that the debentures had only been temporarily paid off, to secure the credit of the colony. If the suggestion of the hon. and learned member were acted upon, the enacting part of the bill would also have to be altered to describe what was intended to be done, and the necessity would be involved of having to go through the form of recommitting the bill in order to make the alteration.

Mr. DARVALL, after the explanation given, and as it would be necessary to alter the first clause, begged to withdraw his amendment.

The preamble was then agreed to, and the Chairman left the chair and reported the bill with an amendment to the House. The report was adopted, and the third reading was fixed for Tuesday next, to take precedence of all other business.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Appropriation Bill was read a second time, and the House went into committee upon the bill. The clauses were agreed to without amendment, and the Chairman having left the chair reported the bill without amendments to the House. The report was adopted, and the third reading fixed for Tuesday next, to take precedence after Order No. 1.

MOTION WITHDRAWN.

Mr. LAYCOCK withdrew his motion for the repeal of the gold duty after the 30th of June next.

JEWISH MINISTER'S STIPEND.

Mr. FAUCETT rose to move, "That this House will, on Tuesday next, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor-General, requesting his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed upon the supplementary estimates for the year 1860, the sum of £200, to be paid to the Jewish minister resident in Sydney, as part of the stipend received by him from the members of that denomination." The honorable and learned member stated, that in 1855, the late Mr. Nicholas brought forward a motion for requesting his Excellency to cause to be fixed by statute a certain stipend to be allowed to the Jewish minister in Sydney. The message was sent home to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, who, in his despatch, said that as the question of state-aid was likely to come before the Legislature within a short time, a bill of this kind, fixing the stipend of a minister of one denomination ought not to be passed; but he recommended that a sum of money should be placed upon the estimates, and voted annually for this purpose, so that the general question of State-aid might not be interfered with. Accordingly, the Government of the day placed upon the estimates for this stipend a sum of £200 which was voted from year to year or a considerable period until last year, on the motion of the hon. member for the Hawkesbury, the sum of £14,000 as a supplementary grant in favour of State-aid (and which included this £200) was struck off. He believed, however, the hon. member who moved this resolution had no intention of interfering with the amount set aside for the Jewish minister's stipend; indeed, he appeared anxious that it should be retained, and the rest withdrawn. In considering this matter he trusted hon. members would not consider it as in any way interfering with the general question of State-aid. He was not desirous that it should retard the progress of the Legislature towards the abolition of State-aid, and he believed that whilst the Jews were in favour of its abolition, still it was only fair that they should as far as possible be placed upon an equality with other denominations in the colony. He knew a large number of the members of the Jewish persuasion thought this sum ought to be voted out of the £28,000 in the schedule, but this did not strike him as an objection. Beside the £28,000 had been so entirely appropriated and allocated amongst the various denominations that it would now be very undesirable to have a re-distribution of the sum. But would the House stop short and say that because that fund was thus distributed, the Jews should not be put upon a level with other denominations? Certainly they could only be put upon a level by making the stipend the subject of an Act; but that being objectionable in the way before stated, the proper way seemed to be that now proposed, namely, by annual vote upon the Estimates. He was aware that a portion of the Jews were opposed to this matter, but he believed this was partly on the ground of being opposed to State-aid altogether, and partly on the ground that the sum ought to come out of the £28,000. This, however, did not appear to be an argument against their being put in possession of a fair allowance; and with any differences of opinion on the matter between themselves the House had nothing to do. He trusted the House would give the matter the fair consideration it deserved, and deal with this denomination equitably, by placing them upon an equal footing with others.

Mr. EGAN seconded the motion.

Mr. ROBERTSON held that this resolution, if passed, would interfere with the general question of State-aid, and might, hereafter, be used by every hon. member in favour of State-aid, as an argument for its continuance. After a very elaborate discussion some time back, the House, on the motion of the hon. the Chairman of Committees, struck off the £14,000 extra allowance for the support of religion (which included the £200 in question), and thereupon the Government of the day thought it their duty to offer the Jewish congregation the compensation usually given to public officers on loss of office, which in this case amounted, he thought, to nine months' salary. The congregation misunderstood the offer, and declined to accept it, believing that it was only an offer of one month's pay. When they found that it was an offer to pay to the end of the year they accepted it. If compensation, then, had been offered and accepted, why was the House asked to open up the question again? Where was this State-aid question to end? (Hear, hear.) He should prove the truth of what he had stated by reading the following letter:—

Synagogue Chamber, York-street,
Sydney, 31st January, 1859.

To the Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 28th instant, in explanation that the Jewish minister's stipend would be paid for the present month, as heretofore *pending* a proposal to the Legislature with reference to the subject of compensation.

2. I am directed by the committee of management to inform you that, under these circumstances, they can have no objection to accept the above offer.

Their refusal was made believing, from the purport of the enclosed extract of your letter of the 21st instant, that this payment was offered as the compensation usual upon the abolition of offices held under Government prior to such amount being passed in the Assembly.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Yours very obediently,
ALFRED DE LISSA, secretary.

He hoped the House would not pass this motion, since he apprehended that in the course of a very few weeks, when the Parliament would reassemble, whatever Ministry was in office, they would be called upon to deal with this question,—(hear, hear)—and, that being the case, he put it to the hon. and learned member, to the House, and to the country, whether it was right to deal with the matter in this way. (Hear, hear.) He thought this congregation could go on another eight weeks without the money. If the Government remained in office, they would be desirous of asking the House and the country whether it was or was not desirable to abolish State-aid. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. IRVING said the foundation of this motion was a petition signed by about fifty members of the Jewish faith, and since its presentation another petition, signed by three times the number—("No—only 54")—had been presented, praying that a stipend might not be granted. Under these circumstances he would suggest that the motion should be withdrawn for the present.

Mr. GORDON thought that whilst they appropriated a certain sum of money to religious bodies, the Jewish persuasion was just as much entitled to a share of it as any other body. (Hear, hear.) He was opposed to State-aid. (Hear, hear.) He objected to this motion on account of the difference of opinion entertained on this subject by the Jews themselves. It appeared that some disagreement had occurred in the Jewish community, and a portion of the original congregation worshipping in York-street, had seceded and established themselves in Macquarie-street, and it was for the minister of the latter place that this salary was asked, those in York-street being opposed to it. If any sum were to be granted, one minister was as much entitled to it as another, and he did not know which minister would get it. He should vote against the motion.

Dr. LANG considered the application exceedingly ill-timed to be brought forward at the eleventh hour, as, before very long, the whole question of State-aid to religion would be introduced. He certainly admitted that so long as the State gave a portion of the public money to every religious denomination on the latitudinarian principle that they were all equally deserving of State support. The Jews were as much entitled to their share as any other denomination. But it was evident that the Jews themselves were divided upon this question. The motion would have been better introduced upon any other night than Friday night; the House could have been enlightened with the experience of a member of the communion which the hon. and learned member had taken under his charge. He (Dr. Lang) was of opinion that if any salary was to be given to the Jewish Minister it ought to be given out of the £28,000. He could not look upon the present motion other than as a fetch to strengthen the hands of those who were endeavouring to perpetuate the system of State aid. For these reasons, he should oppose the motion.

Mr. JENKINS did not consider the motion ill-timed, as it was never too late or too soon to do justice. To grant this stipend would only be doing justice to the Jewish community, who were entitled to it so long as State-aid was given to any other religious community.

Mr. HART thought there would be very little difference of opinion as to the impropriety of bringing forward this motion at the present time. It could not be carried out now, as the Estimates for 1860 had been sent down, and the Appropriation Bill had been introduced. On the broad ground that the Jews were as much entitled to a share of the revenue as any other religious congregation, he would support this motion when the general question was discussed. But when it was considered that a sum of money had already been voted for the Jewish minister for 1860, and that the clergyman of the other denomination would have been excluded from all participation in the public revenue except under Schedule C, he thought the motion ought not to be assented to. Of course if the sum were voted the Government would see that it was paid to a duly qualified Jewish minister. He would therefore move the previous question.

The motion was not seconded.

Mr. EGAN did not regard the motion ill-timed nor did he consider that any differences amongst the members of the Jewish community themselves should interfere with a proper settlement of the question. It appeared to him that until the whole question of State-aid was disposed of the Jewish minister was as much entitled to a stipend as the clergymen of any other denomination. It was an extraordinary circumstance that the Jewish community should have been led into this compensation, but it appeared that only one-half of them consented to it. He found that there had been about seventy petitions presented to this House in favour of the continuance of State-aid, and only sixteen or eighteen against it; and he thought that on a matter of so much importance to the community the opinion of the country ought to be more formally expressed than it had been before the Government took any further steps in the matter. The hon member for New England ought to have known that this sum could be placed on a supplementary estimate for this year, which would be brought in next session. He would vote for this motion, and be hoped the House would give it full consideration.

Mr. FAUCETT, in reply, complained that, whenever any proposal that was honest, or that tended to improve the community was made, it was invariably met with the observation, that it was too late. Why, if this motion were good, the time was good for it; if it ought to be carried, it was not too late to carry it. It was no argument that the motion ought not to have been introduced on a Friday night. But the business of the country was carried on on Friday nights, and why then should not this motion be proceeded with? Besides, this motion had been put off day after day several times. He regretted to find that the question of State-aid had been introduced, because he believed that this motion did not, in the slightest degree, affect that question. The question was whether this congregation ought not to be restored to the position they held before, having been struck off without right or reason. He was surprised to hear the matter of compensation introduced, and if he had read these papers correctly, he took quite an opposite view to that taken by the hon. Secretary for Lands. That hon. gentleman stated that a sum of money had been given the Jewish minister as compensation, but the whole thing had been mis-stated or mis-coloured by the Minister. Not only had compensation not been paid, but it had been refused. The hon. gentleman here read a letter from the Colonial Secretary to the Jewish minister, containing an offer of compensation, and also the letter of the Jewish minister, which the hon. the minister said was an acceptence of compensation. In his opinion, however, that letter contained a distinct repudiation of compensation, and yet the hon. Minister told the House that a sum was first offered and refused, and then that compensation was offered, accepted by the Minister, and paid. He certainly should like some further explanation. He had stated distinctly that he did not desire this vote to influence in any way the question of State-aid. All he desired was to place the Jews on an equality with other religionists, and he thought the hon. and rev. member for West Sydney, ought to be more careful in casting imputations such as those in which he had indulged.

Mr. ROBERTSON, in explanation, said that when he heard his hon. and learned friend make the observations with which he commenced his speech having reference to the correspondence, he (not having had the papers handed back to him) thought he might have been in error, and immediately communicated with his hon. colleague (Mr. Cowper) to ascertain if he was under a mistake. That hon. gentleman, who conducted the negociation with the Jews, said that they did accept the larger amount of money as compensation.

Mr. FAUCETT: Where is that in the letters, or where is it in the estimates?

The question was then put and negatived on the following division:—

	Ayes, 9.	
Mr. Faucett	Mr. Broughton	Mr. Cummings
Mort	Kemp	Jenkins
Darvall	Irving	Egan
	Noes, 22.	
Mr. Robertson	Mr. Gordon	Mr. Gray
Weekes	Blake	Wilson
Arnold	Hoskins	Forster
Dickson	Atkinson	Sutton
M'Arthur	Dr. Lang	Windeyer
Parkes	Black	Garrett
Hart	Piddington	
Farnell	Lucas	

Tellers.

Tellers.

WALLSEND COAL COMPANY.

The SPEAKER informed the House that he had received a message from the Legislative Council transmitting the Wallsend Coal Company's Bill, with amendments.

Mr. HART moved that the amendments be taken into consideration on Tuesday next.

Carried.

FLOODS AT EDEN.

Mr. EGAN, by permission of the House, wished to ask the honorable the Premier—"1. Whether the late Government placed any sum of money to the credit of the benches at Moruya or Eden, or to the credit of any committee, for the repair of the roads and bridges injured by the late floods in those districts? 2. If not, does the present Government intend to give instructions, in order that the roads and bridges may be put into a proper state of repair?"

Mr. ROBERTSON, in answer to the first question, begged to state that there had been a correspondence between the late Government and one of the benches of the district alluded to, which had ended in the bench thinking that they did not require any special assistance. This was after the February floods. There had, however, been another flood since that, and there might be cases requiring attention. He might say that it had been the intention of the Former Government to restore all bridges that might have been swept away by the floods; and the present Government would apply the same principle. They had hitherto taken that course, and he was glad to say that the House had given its assent to it. (Hear.)

Mr. JUSTICE CARY.

Mr. EGAN wished to ask the Honorable the Premier,—"1. Whether any correspondence has been received from the jury or any one of them, complaining of observations made by his Honor Mr. Justice Cary, at the late sitting at Eden, in a case of horse-stealing? 2. Whether the Government called on Judge Cary respecting a letter which appeared in the Goulburn newspaper, signed by the jury, setting forth the remarks of his Honor in addressing the prisoner previous to the passing of sentence upon him? The second question was one that he hardly thought he had a right to ask, but having seen that letter in the newspaper, he had handed it to the hon. Secretary who had promised him to take the matter into consideration.

Mr. ROBERTSON said that no communication having been made to the Government, either by the foreman or by any member of the jury, the Government had not thought proper to call upon Mr. Cary officially to make any statement respecting the matter. Mr. Cary had, however, communicated privately with the Government, informing them that it was all a mistake.

An hon. member: It is true nevertheless.

Mr. ROBERTSON: The Government were bound to take the word of Judge Cary that it was not so.

Mr. LUCAS: In opposition to the letter signed by the jury?

Mr. ROBERTSON: The hon. member was in error. The letter was not signed by all the jury, but only purported to be signed by the foreman, who said that he signed on behalf of the rest of the jury. However, if the jury had any charge to make against Judge Cary, let them make it to the Government and it would be attended to.

THE RANDWICK ASYLUM.

Mr. PARKES moved that this House will, on Tuesday next, resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider of an address to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the estimates for 1861, a sum of money not exceeding £8000, towards the completion of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick. He said that the locality of this asylum for destitute children was so well known, as well as its origin, its extent of usefulness, and the admirable management under which the children were placed, that it would be useless for him to attempt to point out all its advantages. But whilst this asylum was doing so much good, and whilst it only required some additional buildings to be constructed to enable it to do more, there was a large number of children, entirely destitute, cooped up within the walls of the Benevolent Asylum at the south end of Sydney, where they were actually dying for want of accommodation. No less a number than 222 children had been taken into the Benevolent Asylum during last year of whom fifty-six were absolutely and entirely destitute, without a single known friend or relative having been brought there by the police for protection; and to show the mortality that had taken place amongst them from the want of breathing place, he might mention that in December last twenty-two of the number died. It was well known to many hon. members that there was not the necessary room at the Benevolent Asylum to insure the lives of the children, and that the greater part of them must die if they were left there. Whilst this was the case, the Randwick asylum were anxious to relieve the other asylum of these children; and if the committee had money enough to build an additional building, it would be able to take all the children now in the Sydney Asylum, and still have some room for others that might be brought to it. One great feature of the discipline of the Randwick Asylum was, that as the children rose up to an age to be drafted out of the institution they were apprenticed to persons in the interior, none of them being suffered to employ themselves in Sydney. Thus the advantages were that they drew off the destitute infancy of Sydney, reared the children in health, and then fitted them to supply places as domestic servants in the interior, where they were so much required. He had been present at the last examination at the Asylum, and he could affirm that the general appearance, the cleanliness, the cheerfulness, and the intelligent aspect of the children was such that they would have compared favourably with a similar number of children taken from any other class of society. It had been a most pleasing thing to him to see so many children together, some of them very far advanced in history, all showing good sense in their answers, and disclosing a considerable advance in their studies. Altogether, this Asylum appeared to him to be one of the most deserving institutions in the colony, and he could not think that, whatever might be the state of the revenue, there would be any opposition to such a motion as this.

Mr. JENKINS on rising to second the motion expressed his cordial concurrence in all that had fallen from the hon. mover with respect to the good order, cleanliness, and regularity which were maintained in this institution, for he had visited it on all sorts of occasions, and often when visitors were not expected. It was an institution most admirably adapted not only as a refuge for destitute children who must have died but for the assistance it afforded, but also for reclaiming the hundreds of children in this colony who would otherwise become a burden upon the police expenditure, and whose increasing numbers required to be provided for by the immediate action on the part of Government. On the other hand he could also endorse all that had been said with regard to the Benevolent Asylum. In one ward where there were one hundred and twenty-five women and children he had known seven deaths in one week; though he believed since that period fifty children had been removed to the Randwick Asylum; still, more required to be removed, and unless this took place more lives would be sacrificed by the crowding of the inmates. In agreeing to this motion he trusted the House would only consider it as a step towards further proceedings, and that a larger sum of money would be expended in enlarging this institution, so as to make it adequate to the requirements of the colony. He might be allowed to suggest the addition of about 100 acres of land to the institution, which being worked by the children, might to a great extent make the institution self supporting; whilst after having been employed in this way, the children would, on arriving at the age for apprenticeship, be eagerly sought after by the settlers in the country districts, who would almost be prepared to give a bonus for the services of the boys and girls thus brought up. No doubt, if this were carried on on a large scale, it would be the means of reclaiming for society hundreds who would go to ruin, were it not for this institution, and others of a kindred character. He cordially seconded the motion.

Mr. ROBERTSON said the Government were fully aware of the importance of this matter, and it would be in the memory of some hon. members that, last year the Ministry of which he was then a member, proposed to the House that the Government should have appointed an officer whose duty it should be to make regular examination into the condition of institutions of this kind and furnish reports; and this was considered but reasonable on the ground that the Legislature provided large sums of money for the maintenance of these public institutions. But the House refused to vote the paltry amount of £100 for the salary of that officer; whilst if he had been appointed there would have

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Mr. DARVALL moved—"1. That in order to expedite the adjustment of the joint debt of New South Wales and Queensland, it is expedient to refer that question to the decision of arbitrators, to be nominated by each colony, with power to appoint an umpire. 2. That the foregoing resolution be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor-General." The motion that stood in his name was one that involved a question of considerable importance, but not one of any very great difficulty, because it was one that had very frequently come under the notice of the Legislature. Honorable members were no doubt aware that by the Constitution Act of this colony, the public lands of the colony were conceded to the Legislature in return for a Civil List granted to her Majesty. At the same time there was reserved to her Majesty a power to detach any portion of the colony lying to the northward. Since that time a large sum of money had been borrowed by New South Wales and secured upon the general and territorial revenue of that colony, which then included the present colony of Queensland, as well as that portion to the southward, now known as New South Wales. The debt so incurred formed a charge on the undivided revenue of the then colony, territorial as well as general, and now, since the separation of the two colonies, the creditors secured by that arrangement had a perfect and indefeasible right to look to the united land and general revenue of the two colonies as the security for their loan. The power reserved by the Constitution Act to her Majesty had been exercised, and a portion of New South Wales had been detached, but owing to the mischievous precipitation with which separation had been effected—because the convenience of New South Wales had not been taken into account, and because it had been hurried over before the debt between the two colonies had been divided—they had the strange anomaly of a public debt, secured without adjustment upon the revenues of two colonies each having a Government and a Legislature independent of the other. It was suggested to the Secretary for the Colonies before separation took place that the debt would form a serious objection to that measure; and that objection was recognised and confirmed by the opinions of the highest law officers in the colony and at home; who agreed that if the debt was not previously adjusted there would be no power for either legislature to throw the burden on the other, but that the debt must remain in the unsatisfactory condition of no adjustment being made of what was due to one colony or to the other. He had foreseen and still saw great difficulty in coming to any satisfactory conclusion in this respect, and unless the matter was settled speedily he believed there would be such an indisposition on the part of the people of this colony to go on paying these debentures as interest upon a debt for which this colony was only partly responsible, that it might end in a repudiation with which we should only be partially chargeable. Some of the difficulty he had apprehended from the mischievous interference of the Secretary for the Colonies had now, however, to some extent been removed by the character of the Legislature appointed or elected for Queensland, which had provided materials of a much higher character than those it sent to represent it in this Legislature when acting for the two countries. The debt was, then, in this most unsatisfactory condition, that no suggestion in respect to it had been made by our Legislature to that of Queensland, and he thought it was the duty of the Assembly, before separating, to point out to the Government some course of action satisfactory at least to this portion of the Legislature. An Act of Council was in no way necessary for this purpose, and he deprecated the notion of interfering to dictate terms, suggesting the mode of proceeding, or the principles upon which it should be carried out; as that would occasion endless discussion and difficulty both here and in Queensland, so as to make adjustment impossible. Recourse should be had to arbitration; not that of the Imperial Parliament, for so little attention had they paid to the fair claims of this colony that he would not trust her interests in the hands of any functionary in Downing-street. If the Legislatures of the two colonies conferred, there would be no end to the expression of opinion. As to the suggestion that the Governor of a neighbouring colony might be appealed to, he should be very unwilling to accede to it; the appeal might be unheeded, and such a Governor might have enough to do to attend to the business of his own colony. It was then said the two Governments might negotiate; but he would not trust the Government of this colony when he knew their peculiar opinions with regard to the question, as he believed that for some reason or other they took so crooked view of the matter that they would bring this colony in debt to Queensland, whereas, he believed the tax-payers of this colony could fairly demand a very large balance as the share of Queensland in this debt. He now only requested the Government to take those steps which they seemed unwilling to take, namely, that this matter might be referred to arbitration. There were other reasons why this matter should be quickly settled. He had been told that Queensland had claimed from us a balance of £20,000 or £30,000, which he believed was due to her, and which he did not think we were justified in withholding. It was hardly worth the while of this Government to retain a balance which belonged to Queensland, simply because she owed us a still larger balance; it would be better to set them an example of fair dealing. With the high character of the Queensland Legislature, he believed we should be met with readiness on their part to fall into any fair mode of adjustment; and on considering the matter, it struck him that none could be more reasonable than the appointment of arbitrators who should choose an umpire. He did not like to entrust the appointment of arbitrators to the Government, whilst if they were appointed by the Assembly it would be a slight on the other branch of the legislature; though he did not see why the Government should should not perform the Executive duty of appointing arbitrators to settle the question. It was with these views and because he thought it was important to this colony, as well as to that of Queensland, that the only difficulty between them should be got rid of, and give place to the good feeling which he believed would be found to exist on both sides that he moved these resolutions. He felt convinced that the settlement of the question by a determination of what was due to each would tend only to increase the good feeling between the two colonies.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL seconded the motion.

Mr. ROBERTSON said the hon. and learned member for the Hawkesbury seldom addressed the House without asserting that the Government were desirous of shrinking from their responsibilities; but the hon. member had never been able to justify the allegation which was so frequently on his lips. The Government had no desire to shrink from their responsibilities in this, or in any other case; but they did not desire that this matter should be settled in a House consisting of scarcely a quorum, and at the tail end of a session. They desired that it should have fair and ample consideration. He thought the hon. and learned member had taken a rather unwise course in bringing these resolutions before the House, and that he himself, if asked to give a legal opinion upon the question, would say the proposition would be a failure. He thought that if the hon. and learned member's own opinion had been taken upon this motion he would have pronounced it a failure. The only mode in which the matter could be fairly settled would be by the action of the Legislatures of the two colonies; bills should be brought into each Parliament placing whatever restriction was thought fit on the action of the Government. He thought the other branch of the Legislature had just as much right to deal with any bill on this subject as this Assembly had. The Assembly ought not to be asked to place in the hands of one gentleman the power of settling this very large matter. The amount of money at stake was very great. Why, if the hon. and learned member took this responsibility, did he not offer to take charge of the Land Bill or of other measures? The Government had stated that they would be prepared at the commencement of the ensuing session to submit to Parliament a proposition for the settlement of this matter. No one was disposed to dispute the statement that it was very desirable that this vexed question should be settled as soon as possible. But where was the immediate hurry? why should we be driven to settle this matter now instead of waiting for a few weeks later? He did not believe that the settlement of this matter at all concerned the public creditor; it was one purely belonging to the two colonies. The revenues of this colony were very much larger from other sources than from the land. He believed the hon. and learned gentleman must see the propriety of withdrawing his motion, as either the Government would have to carry out the views of the House, or they would have to act upon the opinion of the few gentlemen now left in the Assembly: he had better leave it to the Government to bring in some proposition next session.

Mr. GORDON would not oppose such a motion as this at the proper time, but thought that at the present it would be perfectly useless if carried. What effect would it have if Queensland should refuse to appoint an arbitration? If this Government had refused to try to settle the matter, and if the Queensland Government were willing to accept these or any other terms for arrangement, it would then have been the proper time to pass such a resolution. But when the Government had taken no action in the matter, when the Queensland Legislature had not yet met, he thought that the House by passing this motion would be taking the responsibility out of the hands of the Government to whom it properly belonged. He disputed the statement that we owed Queensland the sum of £18,000, which they claimed as their portion of the assessment which rightly belonged to them: he contended that they owed us nearly £100,000, and why then should we be in a hurry to pay them the smaller sum? In ordinary business matters the arrangement in such cases was, that each party held on to what it had got until the debt was ascertained.

Mr. IRVING hoped the hon. and learned gentleman would withdraw the motion, as it would be dangerous to allow an arbitrator to decide on a matter amounting to between £400,000 and £500,000, as to what should be paid and what not. Two sessions ago he recollected that one vote of some £50,800 was voted for Queensland, and it was looked upon as a loan which would be charged to them whenever separation came. That vote had not been referred to by the hon. and learned member, who seemed to propose that everything should be decided by the arbitrators. Having once chosen your arbitrators there was a danger that his leaning might be altogether in favour of one colony or the other, the result of which would be that you would find when it was too late that the arbitrator into whose hands you had committed the disposal of a large amount of money, had betrayed you. The hon. and learned member ought first to have introduced a series of resolutions laying down principles on which the arbitrator should act.

Mr. DARVALL, in reply, said that whatever course he might be disposed to take on this occasion, he could not say that he had been at all satisfied that his proposition was wanting in cogency. The argument of the hon. gentleman at the head of the Government was rather ambiguous; he complained that this motion asked the Government to do what they intended to do without being asked. [Mr. ROBERTSON: "We meant to bring in a bill."] That was perfectly new to him, for there had never been any statement on the part of the Government that now or at any future time they intended to take action in the matter, the hon. gentleman appearing rather to rest upon his imagination of what he had done than on the actual value of his services. The hon. member (Mr. Gordon) had proposed to reject the resolutions because Queensland might refuse to concur, but one of the colonies must take the first step, and who should do that but the creditor. There was some force in the objection that the House was a thin one; and now that he knew that the Government would undertake the responsibility of doing something, he saw there was no longer any necessity for the course he proposed. The honorable member (Mr. Irving) thought it quite unsafe to go to arbitration till they had secured the opinion of the person chosen before hand. He should think that an arbitrator should enquire into the dispute without any directions as to how he should do it, but the hon. member stated that the arbitrator should be told beforehand what he should do, and how to do it. The hon. and learned gentleman here read the message from the Governor-General relative to the debt, and proceeded to ask upon whom did the message throw the duty of making the enquiry. (Mr. ROBERTSON: "The Government will submit the resolutions.") If the hon. member had intended to move in the matter, he should say so. (Hear, hear.) As the House was thin, and the period late, and the Government would take some steps to arrange the debt, he had much pleasure in asking leave to withdraw the resolutions.

The resolutions were then by leave withdrawn.

CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS.

Mr. CLARK IRVING moved, "That this House will, on Wednesday next, resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to consider of an address to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed on the Estimates of Expenditure for 1861, a sum not exceeding £20,000, towards the improvement of the navigation of the Clarence and Richmond Rivers." He said he desired, in deference to some suggestions, to amend his motion, by adding, after the words £20,000, the words "or such other sum as may be found necessary, after the surveys of these two rivers have been finished." These districts had contributed large amounts to the general revenue, and very little had been done for them. (Hear, hear.) After the discussion the other night with reference to Wollongong and Kiama, he need not detain the House very long, because it was then shown clearly that where large sums had been spent for the opening up of the colony, it was equally the duty of the Government to vote money for the improvement of the coast districts. (Hear, hear.) Nearly £50,000 had been voted for Wollongong and Kiama, and he supported the votes, feeling that justice should be done to all parts of the colony. That being the case he claimed the sum mentioned for the two most important rivers in New South Wales. He had a return of the produce received from the Clarence River up to the end of the year 1859, which he found amounted to £165,461; he had added to this £4650 for produce carried by sailing vessels, but whether the amount was £165,000 or £170,000 did not affect his argument. From the Richmond River there was exported last year £56,300 worth of produce. The principal export thence was five million feet of cedar: the other articles consisted of hides, beef, &c., &c. What district could show such a return as this, when so little had been expended in return? From a return he moved for last year, he found that since responsible Government the Government had received from the two districts £148,490 7s. 5d. independent of the large exports he had shown, and expended in all £4110 5s. 11d. (Hear, hear.) The whole thing was a farce. At this moment meetings were being got up in these districts for separation. (Hear, hear.) He thought they ought to appreciate such important districts, and resolve to do them justice. He hoped the House would go with him, and show the districts that justice in future should be done them. (Hear, hear.) In advocating the expenditure of money on the Clarence and Richmond Rivers, he was at the same time advocating the interests of New England, because those rivers were the only outlet of New England. He had not received a letter from the Richmond River for three weeks until recently. The mail frequently could not get from one district to another. If the Government would consent to make a main road to the northern part of New England, it would be of the greatest importance to New South Wales. The Clarence River was 300 miles on this side of Moreton Bay, and we should draw into New South Wales an immense trade from the southern part of Queensland.

Mr. HOSKINS seconded the motion.

Mr. ROBERTSON said nobody disputed the importance of the district, but he could not see the object of the hon. gentleman's motion, because he must be aware that engineers had already surveyed the rivers, and were now in town completing the plans of their surveys. The Government would next session submit to the Parliament the amount which the engineers thought a proper amount to be placed on the estimates for the service. The hon. gentleman had stated correctly that in the early part of responsible Government these districts did not have a very large amount of money expended on them, but he thought they had received a larger sum than that stated by the hon. gentleman. There was in the Appropriation Bill £16,090 for that district. There was no person more anxious than he was to see harbour and river improvements of the colony carried out.

Mr. KEMP thought the motion had had all the effect the hon. member could obtain for it, and probably he would see fit to withdraw it. There was a fallacy in the speech of the hon. gentleman which he had seen embodied in a return showing the amount of money expended on a district, and the amount raised from the sale of lands. It was argued from this that the colony was a debtor to certain districts. He would remind them that that put out of sight altogether the fact of population. He did not know what the population of these districts was, but he knew that there was never a steamer left Sydney for these rivers without taking with it a large number of the working classes, who, from their appearance, had evidently been brought out to the colony at the expense of the immigration funds. He quite agreed that the principle enunciated by the hon. Secretary for Lands was a correct one, and that these river works were not such as could be carried on by private enterprise, and that, therefore, they were those that ought to be undertaken by the Government. After the assurance that the Ministry had given, he thought the hon. member might very well withdraw his motion.

Mr. HOSKINS supported the motion, because he had been requested to do so by certain residents in the district referred to. The hon. mover of the resolution had quoted statistics, but he had received a letter, in which a much stronger case was made out; in which it was shown that the Government were £35,000 per annum in pocket by the district. The great evil, however, that was complained of was that the Government did not put up enough land to supply all those who required it. During the last two years there had never been less than 2000 persons engaged in gold mining in these districts, and for the greater portion of the time there had been fully 3000; and there had been no gold-field ever discovered in which a larger number of persons had been enabled to provide themselves with the means of purchasing a homestead for themselves, than in the gold-fields of these districts. And yet, notwithstanding their having the means to purchase, no land was to be obtained, and these parties had to go elsewhere and settle. Unless something be done for the district, the discontent which was growing up would result in their petitioning for separation.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL recommended the withdrawal of this motion for the present session. In the course of the recess he might take an opportunity of making further acquaintance with his constituents at the Richmond, and find that they had some little wants attended to; and then he might be on a level with the hon. member for the Clarence, and they could act on equal terms of consideration for their respective districts. At present, the hon. member was forestalling him.

Dr. LANG referred to the great importance of the Clarence and Richmond districts, and stated that no part of the territory had been so much neglected. There had been residing in it for some years a large population of cedar-cutters and their families, who wished to get small portions of land upon which to settle, but not an acre was sold until very recently. He thought the hon. member for the Liverpool Plains was mistaken in supposing that although these districts did not obtain a due proportion of public expenditure in the usual way, they had it indirectly by means of immigration; because a large proportion of the immigration to the Clarence River consisted of Germans, who had been brought out at their own expense, being virtually sold to the different squatters on the principle of redemption, the captain getting so much for their passages, which was to be returned out of their wages. He (Dr. Lang) was not disposed to encourage these applications generally, because it appeared to him that it was taking the Government out of the hands of the Ministry for the time being; and he thought, too, this matter might be safely left in their hands. There could be no doubt about the desirability of a breakwater for this river, and it was capable of many other improvements, which he had no doubt would be attended to by the Government.

Mr. JENKINS thought, from the remarks of the hon. member for the Clarence and those of the hon. member for the Williams, that the House was fast assuming the character of an assembly of delegates rather than that of an assembly of representatives: and if the principle were carried out it would be difficult for any one to get returned who was not willing to become a mere delegate. With regard to this motion, if he felt satisfied that the required improvements for the navigation of these rivers could be made for the expenditure mentioned, he might vote for it. He thought the hon. mover had made out a fair case in favour of the improvements being undertaken; and when the plans were brought forward he (Mr. Jenkins) should be willing to support any reasonable expenditure for this purpose. The expenditure might be wise in consequence of the large quantity of unalienated land upon the river, the increase in the value of which, in consequence, would more than repay the expense of the navigation.

Mr. FORSTER said, that eight years' residence in the Clarence District enabled him to bear his testimony to the fertility and general advantages of the district. The House had heard a great deal about the beauty and fertility of Illawarra—at all events the claims of Illawarra had been acknowledged by a very handsome vote; but the Clarence District was an Illawarra on an enormous scale almost approaching the luxuriance of tropical vegetation. The soil and timber of the district were not surpassed by anything of the kind in any other part of the colony. There was a fine field there for the amplification of these theories of free selection of which the hon. member opposite (Mr. Robertson) was understood to be the exponent; but which he had not yet been able to realise in either of his three bills. The district had hitherto been but little appreciated; but now, he believed, it was beginning to be so, as he was informed that a constant migration was going over to it by the settlers from the Hawkesbury. The Clarence District had peculiar claims on the Legislature, arising partly from its position with regard to Queensland, and partly from its possessing a river which was one of the greatest highways from the sea to the interior of the colony. The river was undoubtedly the finest on the eastern coast, and the bar which stretched across the mouth was easier to cross than that of any harbour along the coast. Owing to its superior position a very small expenditure of money would enable the advantages of steam communication to be carried out upon it to a considerable extent. When the Main Roads Act was being discussed by the House, he proposed that the road from the mouth of the Clarence to the main road of the interior should be considered a main road. Upon that ground he was disposed to vote for the motion, notwithstanding that it was asking for public money in a shape which was likely to lead us to much embarrassment. The position of the Clarence district was peculiar, and we were bound to show the people there that they had lost nothing by not being joined to Queensland; and we should even spend rather more than they were exactly entitled to from their population and resources, so as not to allow the faintest excuse for dissatisfaction to remain in their minds. We ought, at least, to make some repair of our neglect in not including their road in the Main Roads Act. He was not, however, disposed to agree to the sum for this service being raised by loan, unless an Act were passed which would enable the public to recover back the money so expended. Otherwise he would only vote for the sum being paid out of the ordinary revenue. He thought that perhaps the honorable member would advance the cause he proposed by withdrawing his resolution for the present, as the hon. Secretary for Lands would no doubt perform the pledge he had given, and the claims of the Clarence River would be better acknowledged in the shape of a sum being placed on the Estimates, when the amount required was more accurately ascertained.

Mr. DICKSON said he had great objection to voting sums of money for such works by resolution of the House, as it took their proper responsibility out of the hands of the Executive. Instead of this being merely a Legislative Assembly, it was becoming an Executive one. It was no correct principle, that because one district had had a large sum of money spent upon it that another one should also have it; it ought to be shown that there was a necessity for the money being expended. He admitted that that district had a large demand on the attention of the Government, the river being an extensive outlet for the produce of the northern portion of the colony. He had no doubt that the Government would be prepared to place on the Estimates the sum necessary for the object desired. He trusted, having thus ascertained the feeling of the House, and having done ample justice to his cause, the hon. member would withdraw his motion.

Mr. GARRETT thought the contrast instituted between the Clarence and the Illawarra districts entirely uncalled for. He was ready to acknowledge the liberality of the House with regard to the large sum they had voted for the Wollongong harbour, and he thought that time would evidence the wisdom of their grant. He was quite prepared, at the same time, to admit the claims of the Clarence district, and would support the motion of the hon member if it came to a vote. The hon. gentleman might strictly rely on the promise given. He thought it was perfectly just that amounts taken out by loan for the carrying out of public works should be made to be productive. And, although no such stipulation was made for the grants for the southern districts, he should be quite willing that something should be done to make these works repay their outlay. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. IRVING, after such a unanimous expression of opinion, and seeing that no member had opposed his motion, thought it was ungenerous in the Minister still to oppose it. He felt himself bound to carry it to a vote, knowing there might be many contingencies between this and the next session. (Hear, hear.) For the last four months thirteen or fourteen vessels had been sent up in the Richmond River, and he would ask what was the use of throwing open the public lands, when the navigation was stopped. (Hear, hear.) This state of things had been brought about by the coast-line throwing overboard their ballast to the channel, and other places, just as was most convenient. He felt bound to press the vote.

The motion was then put and carried.

Mr. ROBERTSON moved the adjournment of the House till three o'clock on Tuesday next.

Mr DARVALL suggested a later hour, nine o'clock, to allow hon. members to attend the metropolitan races.

Dr. LANG was opposed to such a course altogether.

Mr. FAUCETT was surprised at the objection of the honorable and reverend member, having heard him describe himself as a first-rate jockey, and as having always ridden the winning horse. (Laughter.)

Mr. ROBERTSON would not oppose the motion, as a little relaxation would do hon. members no harm. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. PARKES hoped hon. members would attend at seven p.m. after the agreeable fatigues of the day.

Mr. LUCAS informed the House that unless the motions on the paper were disposed of, according to suggestions he had previously made to some hon. members, he should deem it his duty to make some amendment. (Laughter.)

The amendment was then put and carried by 18 to 4, and the House adjourned at ten minutes past ten till seven o'clock on Tuesday next.

THE ESCORTS.

The Western, Southern, and Northern Escorts arrived yesterday from the several gold-fields, and delivered at the Sydney branch of the Royal Mint the following quantities of gold dust:—

Western.—From Sofala, 817 ozs 5 dwts; Bathurst, 337 ozs 4 dwts 15 grs; Louisa Creek, 706 ozs 17 grs; Tambaroora, 315 ozs 18 dwts; Stoney Creek, 309 ozs 6 dwts. Total, 2186 ozs 10 dwts 15 grs.

Southern.—From Goulburn, 472 ozs 15 dwts; Braidwood, 2569 ozs 14 dwts 19 grs; Adelong, 1036 ozs 3 dwts 5 grs; Kiandra, 1375 ozs 16 dwts 20 grs. Total, 5398 ozs 9 dwts 20 grs.

Northern.—From Tumbarra, Nundle, and Rocky River, 1702 ozs 4 dwts 21 grs.

CONFIDENCE.

From Sofala.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 817 ozs 5 dwts.
From Bathurst.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 337 ozs 4 dwts 15 grs.
From Louisa Creek.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 706 ozs 17 grs.
From Tambaroora.—Bank of New South Wales, 60 ozs 9 dwts; Deputy Master of the Mint, 255 ozs 9 dwts. Total, 315 ozs 18 dwts.
From Stoney Creek: C. Coombes, 93 ozs 2 dwts; Bank of New South Wales, 42 ozs 15 dwts; Union Bank, 76 ozs 4 dwts; Deputy Master of the Mint, 97 ozs 5 dwts. Total, 309 ozs 6 dwts.
From Goulburn: Deputy Master of the Mint, 472 ozs 15 dwts.
From Braidwood: Deputy Master of the Mint, 2569 ozs 14 dwts 19 grs.
From Adelong: Oriental Bank, 462 ozs 2 dwts; Bank of New South Wales, 348 ozs 3 dwts 3 grs. Total, 1030 ozs 3 dwts 5 grs.
From Kiandra: Deputy Master of the Mint, 1375 ozs 16 dwts 20 grs.

Amount of gold-dust received during the week ended May 20th:—

	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
Western Escort	2486	10	15
Southern ditto	5398	9	20
Northern ditto	1792	4	21
Total	9677	3	16

ROBBERIES.—The thieves of Sydney appear determined not to be considered in the number of the "unemployed," for, during the last few days, they appear to have been fully occupied in the prosecution of their "calling." Sometime during the night of the 17th instant, a cash box, containing an insurance policy, was stolen from a chest of drawers in the bedroom of Mr. Thomas, grocer, Parramatta-street. Doubtless, the thief expected to "take more by his motion" than he appears to have obtained.—On the following morning, a box, containing a silk dress, three blankets, a bed, and two feather pillows, was stolen from the back premises of Mr. William Adair, publican, on the Botany Road, Redfern; and on the following night a saddle and bridle were abstracted from the stable of Dr. Schryver, situated between Castlereagh and Pitt streets, near the building known as the Sugar Works.—About five o'clock, on the evening of the 21st instant, the pocket of Mrs. Brocklebank was picked, whilst she was standing in front of Giles and Co.'s shop in George-street of a portemonnaie containing £3 5s, and also an ivory tablet with a pencil, and about half a yard of thread lace. About twelve o'clock on the 21st instant a female named Ellen Almond had her pocket picked while in King-street, of a portemonnaie containing two £1 notes, 1s 7d in silver, a box key and two gold watch keys. About two o'clock on the same day a blue silk velvet waistcoat, of the value of thirty shillings was stolen from the shop of Mrs. Howre, draper, &c., of 253, Pitt-street. On the morning of the 22nd, some time before eleven o'clock, some person stole from the cabin of the brig Burgess, lying at the Victoria Wharf, Sussex-street, a lady's gold hunting geneva watch of the value of £10. In the afternoon of the same day a pair of black cloth trousers were stolen from the door of the shop of Mr. Robert Buck, clothier, of William-street. On the evening of the 23rd, a hat was stolen from the shop door of Mr. Coulston, hatter, Pitt-street. On the afternoon of the 24th, a pair of trousers, and a waistcoat, were stolen from the front of Mr. A. Warren's shop, 682, George-street. About half-past ten in the morning of the same day, a cash-box containing £7 and two twenty-franc pieces, together with the contents of the till, amounting to £8 10s. in money, two promissory notes, one for £56, and the other for £32, and four certificates for spirits, consisting of rum, brandy, and old tom, were stolen from the bar of "La Ville de Bordeaux" public-house, in Bridge-street. A man and woman are in custody on suspicion of being concerned in this robbery, but none of the property has been recovered. A Mrs. Rosenberg had her pocket picked during the same afternoon, while standing near the waste-house by the Benevolent Asylum watching the funeral procession of the late inspector M'Coss, of a portemonnaie which contained three £1 notes and 10s. 6d. in silver. It is pretty evident from this catalogue that, wherever else may be out of employment, the thieves are busy enough; and, as bad as the times are, it would seem they do not fail to reap a pretty good harvest. At all events, what is above enumerated exhibits a pretty good sample.

MAITLAND, May 25.—Our correspondent writes: Yesterday was a general holiday throughout the district, and most of the stores were closed, but there were large numbers of visitors from Newcastle and other places attracted by the display of works of art in the West Maitland School of Arts, which was kept open till a late hour in the evening. This School of Arts has now become one of the celebrities of the district. It is almost free from debt, and its accommodation for reading and for lecturing is of a very superior quality. The only drawback now appears to be that itinerant lecturers complain of the price charged for the hall, and that the whole of their profits are swallowed up by the committee. We have known this to be the case lately, and perhaps it would be advisable now, since the committee is almost out of debt, to reduce the scale of charges, and give permission to respectable lecturers to use the hall.

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY.

SITTINGS FOR THE TRIAL OF CAUSES.

JURY COURT.

Before Mr. Justice Wise and a jury of four.

WILSON V. WILSON.

This was an action of ejectment, to recover fifteen acres of land near Windsor. The trial had been commenced on Wednesday, and was now resumed and concluded.

Mr. Darvall, Q.C., and Mr. Windeyer appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Martin, Q.C., and Mr. Isaacs for the defendant.

The land forming the subject matter of this action, was a moiety of a grant made in 1794 to one James Wilson. In the year 1807 Wilson married, his eldest son, then aged eight years, being present at the ceremoney. It was the grandson of the grantee—the son of this youth of eight years who was present at the marriage of his parents—who now sued for possession. According to plaintiff's case his father came into possession of the *locus in quo* in 1817, but it was contended that this was out of the question as he must then have been a minor. It was clear, however, that he remained on the farm alone for some years, that he after married, and that, in 1822, the present plaintiff was born. In 1839, he (plaintiff's father) was drowned. The plaintiff's title was not only vested upon that of his grandfather, from whom possession had, it was contended, passed to him through his father, but upon the uninterrupted possession by the father for twenty-two years, and the heirship-at-law of that father, in the absence of any will, under these circumstances. The plaintiff was six years old at his father's death. Wilson, the elder, who had been living with his son for several years, died in 1840. The son's wife remained in possession, managing the farm as her own. But, in the following year, the old man's widow threatened to eject her. According to plaintiff, the dispute was settled by the grandmother being allowed to have half of the farm for her life. It was contended, however, for the defence, that this was an absolute concession, and that the possession properly passed to the present defendant, Catherine Wilson, who was the daughter of old Wilbon's wife by a former marriage. She had, at all events, taken possession after her mother's death, and had retained it. There had been an offer on the part of the defendant to give up the fifteen acres and a growing crop for £150, with an acknowledgment, at the same time, that the plaintiff's title was superior. It was contended, however, that this was a mere offer which amounted to nothing. From the time of her husband's death until 1854, Mrs. Wilbon had dealt with the remaining fifteen acres as her own, and had even mortgaged it, but in 1854 she had given it up to her son in consequence of legal advice which she had received. The principal questions at issue were, whether the plaintiff's father had had twenty years' possession, and whether, if so, the plaintiff himself had been in possession, actually or constructively, until after the division of the farm into two parts between the two females.

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff.

BANCO COURT.

Before Chief Justice Dickinson and a jury of four.

REID AND OTHERS V. CAIRD AND OTHERS.

This was an action by a mercantile house at Melbourne against one in Sydney, arising out of differences as to a consignment of corrugated iron, from the defendants to the plaintiffs. The iron had been received in a damaged state, and after a good deal of correspondence as to the causes of this, &c., there had been an agreement to dispose of the iron and divide the loss. The present suit was for defendants' moiety of this loss amounting to £592 odd. There was, however a set off, part of which was admitted. The main dispute was as to whether due care had been exercised in the sale, so as to realise the best prices, and to reduce the loss to the lowest practicable amount.

The trial of this case did not terminate. It will be resumed on Monday.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Before the Primary Judge.

CERTIFICATES.

The certificates of discharge, granted by the Chief Commissioner to Robert Clarke, Joseph Milson, and Jeremiah Canty, were confirmed by the court.

ESTATE OF ELIJAH MOCKETT.

The above estate was, upon the motion of Mr. Forster, ordered to be released from sequestration, conditionally, upon the expenses of the official assignee being paid.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before the Chief Commissioner.

In the estate of William Allen, an adjourned examination. Insolvent was examined by Mr. Johnson, in reference to a property at Middle Harbour he had settled upon his wife between three and four years ago, and in reference to property at Balmain, also settled upon his wife. Mr. Husband, who appeared on behalf of insolvent, admitted that the land at Middle Harbour must be given up to the creditors, and handed over the deeds to the official assignee.

In the estate of Alexander George Panton, an adjourned second meeting, and special for examination. A witness named Byers was partially examined by Mr. Johnson, but he having omitted to produce certain papers, the examination meeting was of necessity adjourned until Friday next. The second meeting terminated.

SURRENDER.

William Wooddeson Rowe, Newcastle, storekeeper. Liabilities, £7649 11s. 4d. Assets—value of real property, £180; of personal property, £255; outstanding debts, £150; total, £585. Deficit, £6964 11s. 4d.—Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Monday, 28.—Timothy A. Cowell, third, 11. William Allen and Co., special, for proof of debts, quarter-past 11. Jacob Inder, third, half-past 11. James Smith, deceased, third, 12. James Campbell, third, 2. Gilbert Wright, third, half-past 2. Robert B. Cocke, second, 3.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before Mr. G. Hill, Mr. J. Hill, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Lenehan, Mr. Ross, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Jones, Mr. Oatley, Mr. Raper, Mr. Peden.

Thirteen drunkards were fined, some 10s., and others 20s., with the alternative of twenty-four or forty-eight hours' imprisonment.

John Williams and Richard May were found by constables Finigan and Quirk, about one o'clock on Thursday morning, loitering about at the rear of Mr. Armitage's store, York-street, and being known as the companions of thieves and prostitutes, and Williams having been convicted under the Vagrant Act, were taken into custody on suspicion of being there with intent to commit a felony; Williams resisted apprehension, assaulted the officer (Quirk) who had him in custody, and made his escape; Quirk, however, followed him into Wynyard-square, where, after being further assaulted by him, he recaptured and secured him. May said that he was a seaman, and named the ship to which he belonged. The captain was sent for, who corroborated his statement, but added that he is a very troublesome man, very frequently absent without leave, and in fact he could not say that he ever slept on board the ship. Their Worships doubted whether or not this took him out of their hands so far as to deal with him under the Vagrant Act as an idle and disorderly person, and, giving him the benefit of the doubt, discharged him. Williams was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour three calendar months.

James Kenigan, found guilty of having while drunk assaulted Charles Fisher by striking him in the mouth, was sentenced to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days.

John Gibbs was brought before the bench by detective Rolston, who on Wednesday evening apprehended him on suspicion of having stolen a saddle he was offering in pledge at a pawn office in Bathurst-street, and which, on inquiry, he (Rolston) found, to be the property of Mr. Hordern, Anthony Hordern, of George-street South, deposed that the saddle in court is his property, and worth 60s.; he missed it from his premises on Thursday morning; he had several times lately seen prisoner loitering about the vicinity. Committed for trial at the Quarter Sessions.

Edward Lloyd Lewis was brought before the bench, by sergeant Condick, who last night received him into custody from one James Jones, charged with stealing money. James Jones, of Campbell-street, dealer, deposed that he had known the prisoner about twelve months as an officer of detective police: about a month ago he came to him in distress, being out of employment and out of funds; witness then out of charity took him into his house until he should find employment; on Thursday morning Mrs. Jones spoke to him (witness) about some money gone from the drawer, supposing that he had taken it on the preceding day; in consequence of this, when prisoner came home between eleven and twelve o'clock at night, he charged him as the only person beside themselves who could have taken the money, with having stolen it, and on his denial gave him into custody. Mrs. Jones deposed that on Sunday evening she placed in a drawer in the sitting room—the room in which prisoner slept—ten £1 notes and something over 20s. in silver; the prisoner knew that she kept money there, by seeing her take out as well as put in money; on Tuesday night she retired to her own room about half-past ten o'clock, locking up the drawers, and taking with her the key; having occasion to put into the same drawer a book she had been reading, she then saw the money; she heard prisoner come home about twelve o'clock, and Mr. Jones shortly afterwards; before ten o'clock on Wednesday morning she found that the drawer had been opened and the money taken away—but as two watches and some articles of jewellery were still there, she thought that Mr. Jones had taken the keys and helped himself to the money before breakfast, without informing her that he had done so; she therefore did not think of mentioning the absence of the money until Thursday morning. The prisoner was the only person in the house beside herself, Mr. Jones, and the baby, from the time she saw the money safe until she missed it. Committed for trial at the District Court of Quarter Sessions. Bail allowed.

Bridget Fitzpatrick, found guilty of having in a public place, made use of language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, was sentenced to pay 40s. penalty, and 3s. 6d. costs, or to be imprisoned three days.

William M'Mahon and Thomas Ellen, offenders against the Police Act, by allowing cattle their property to be astray in public places, were each fined 10s. and costs.

The licenses granted to Thomas Coss and Christopher Chapman, publicans, were cancelled, it having been shown to the satisfaction of the Bench that they had abandoned, as their usual places of abode, the houses for which they severally held licenses.

William Brown, publican, found guilty of selling during prohibited hours, was fined 10s. and costs.

WATER POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before the Water Police Magistrate, and Mr. M. Metcalfe.

Of six persons brought up for drunkenness in the streets, five were admonished and discharged, and the remaining one, who had been very disorderly, was fined 20s., or to be imprisoned for twenty-four hours.

Michael M'Namara, landlord of the Ship Inn, Gloucester-street, was fined 40s. for selling liquor on Sunday last; and Peter Murphy, of the Old White Swan Inn, George-street, for a similar offence, was awarded a like penalty.

Harriet Curry, landlady of the Prince of Wales Hotel, Lower George-street, was fined 10s. for delaying to admit sergeant Lees, who knocked for admission at one o'clock on Monday morning.

Three or four summons cases were adjourned, and several trivial charges dismissed.

THE WELSH MISSION: VALEDICTORY SERVICE TO MR. SAMUEL.

A considerable number of the Welsh residents of Sydney assembled in the schoolroom adjoining the Congregational Church, Pitt-street, yesterday evening, for the purpose of presenting a farewell address to Mr. P. Samuel, previous to his embarkation for England. For some months past, Mr. Samuel has, at stated intervals, preached in the Welsh language, to the Welsh residents of Sydney, and he is now about to leave Sydney to rejoin his family in Wales.

The Rev. W. Cuthbertson, B.A., occupied the chair. A hymn was sung, after which the Rev. S. Humphries offered prayer.

The CHAIRMAN then made a few introductory remarks, in the course of which he said the occasion that had brought them together was a sorrowful one—it was to bid farewell, for at least some time to come, to one who had been occupying to them the relationship of minister and pastor. He (the Chairman) and his ministerial brethren had come to the meeting to sympathise with their Welsh friends in the loss they were about to sustain, and to show their respect for them and for him who had so effectively ministered among them. He was sorry both for Mr. Samuel and for those who would now be left without a minister. With their home associations it must have been gratifying to have the Gospel preached to them in their own tongue, and hence it would be with feelings of regret that they would part with him, especially when there was no immediate prospect of there being any one to take his place. He (the chairman) hoped, however, that they would not break up their bond of union, but strive to work together as one family. The chairman proceeded to express his hopes with regard to Mr. Samuel, that he would have a prosperous passage home, that he would devote his life to the ministry, and that he would see his way clear to speedily return to an extended sphere of usefulness in this colony.

Mr. JONES, at the call of the chairman, then came forward and read an address to Mr. Samuel in Welsh, after which he read a translation of it in English. The address was as follows:—

"Dear and honoured Friend,—As, in the all-

SALES BY AUCTION.

On MONDAY, 25th June next.

By order of the Trustees in the Estate of Mr. Richard Harnett.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

GREAT SALE OF VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTIES,
CITY AND SUBURBAN,

WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—The well-known Premises in Woolloomooloo Bay.
Fairfax's Steam Saw Mills,
Elliott's Coal Wharf.
Four Stone Residences in Harcastle-street.
Five Stone Cottages in Duke-street.
Large Cottage Residence in Victoria-street, with Garden, &c.
Three well-built Residences in Tupo-terrace.
Choice Building Allotments in Victoria-street, commanding extensive views.
Capital Building Allotments in Brougham, Duke, and Harnett streets.
Large Block of Land in William-street, adjoining the Museum Hotel.
Snug Cottage and Allotment of Land, having frontages to Victoria and Brougham streets.

MOSSMAN'S BAY.—About 108 Acres of Land, having extensive frontage to Mossman's Bay, Great Sirius Cove; together with the substantial Wharf, having deep water frontage; handsome and commodious Cottage Residence, and numerous other Buildings erected thereon.

LITTLE SIRIUS COVE.—About 30 Acres of Land, having extensive frontage to Little Sirius Cove.

MIDDLE HARBOUR.—About 82 Acres and 8 Perches of Land, situated at Middle Harbour, in the Town of St. Leonard's, being lots 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, and 12.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the trustees in the above estate to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, the 25th June, at 11 o'clock,

The whole of the above valuable and extensive freehold properties, full particulars of which will appear in an early advertisement.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

CROWN-STREET SURRY HILLS.

For positive Sale.
BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

EXTENSIVE and VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND, containing nearly ONE QUARTER OF AN ACRE, on the east side of CROWN-STREET, at the CORNER of FITZROY-STREET, opposite Mr. Uther's property. Together with

FIVE COTTAGES, and OTHER BUILDINGS erected thereon.

Title, unquestionable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

All that piece or parcel of land situated on the east side of CROWN-STREET, Surry Hills, in the city of Sydney, bounded on the west by Crown-street, commencing at the intersection thereof with the southern boundary of the late Richard Brooks' property, bearing north one degree, west 65 feet 11½ inches to a reserve road on the north-west corner of the present row of cottages on the north by that reserved road, being along the northern wall of the original or first built part of the said cottages, bearing east one degree fifty-two minutes, south 16 feet 1 inches to the original north-east corner of the said cottages, then by a line bearing east five degrees thirty-two minutes, south 92 feet 8 inches to another reserved road; on the east by the said last mentioned reserved road, bearing south thirty-seven minutes, west 91 feet 4 inches to the said southern boundary of the late Richard Brooks' property, and on the south by the said southern boundary, bearing about west twenty degrees, north 112 feet 7½ inches to the point of commencement in Crown-street, containing by admeasurement about 31 perches, and upon which are erected FIVE COTTAGES and BLACKSMITH'S FORGE.

☞ The above extensive block of land is well situated in one of the best and most elevated localities on the Surry Hills, and is worthy particular attention, as possessing a great prospective value, for, in addition to its extensive frontage to Crown-street, it is surrounded on its other three boundaries by good roads. The cottages are all let, and from their convenient position are never without tenants.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

MANNING RIVER.

VALUABLE BLOCK of AGRICULTURAL LAND, containing 69 acres, situated on OXLEY ISLAND, MANNING RIVER, a portion of which has been cleared and brought under cultivation.

Title—Grant from the Crown to present vendor.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 11th June, at 11 o'clock,

All that valuable block of land containing, by admeasurement, 69 acres, more or less, situated on OXLEY ISLAND, MANNING RIVER, to which it has extensive deep water frontage, being the land proclaimed by Government as lot 4, on the 15th September, 1856.

☞ About 18 acres of the above block of land have been cleared, and a portion of it brought under cultivation. It has a constant supply of good water from a never-failing spring, and, as an agricultural property possessing the advantage of direct water communication with the Sydney market by the Manning River steamers and coasters, it is worth particular attention from practical farmers.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 21st JUNE.
EXTENSIVE SALE.

CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES.

By order of the Assignees of the Estates of Messrs. David Jones and Co., and Thompson, Symonds, and Co.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on THURSDAY, 21st June, at 11 o'clock,

The following valuable CITY, SUBURBAN, and CITY PROPERTIES:

MACLEAY-STREET—BARNCLEUTH, that magnificent property, the estate and late residence of DAVID JONES, Esq., with all the highly improved grounds and shrubberies, comprising an area of about four and a half acres, situated in the choicest and most valuable portion of the city.

COLLEGE-STREET, HYDE PARK.

All that piece of land, having a frontage of 45 feet to COLLEGE-STREET, with a depth of 86 feet extending to a lane 14 feet wide, on which is erected that COMPLETE and COMMODIOUS CITY RESIDENCE now in the occupation of EDWARD KNOX, Esq., at the rental of £260 PER ANNUM.

All that piece of land, having frontages of 97 feet to COLLEGE-STREET, and 88 feet to FRANCIS STREET, containing, by admeasurement, 20½ perches, on which are erected four newly-erected well-finished family residences, one of which is occupied by DAVID JONES, Esq.; and the other three let for £250 PER ANNUM EACH.

DOUBLE BAY.—All that extensive block of land, bounded by the Edgecliffe Road, 6 chains 11 links, and by the New South Head Road 8 chains 44 links, on which the following premises are erected:—

MAKAVI HOUSE.

A beautifully situated detached villa residence, now in the occupation of SAMUEL THOMPSON, Esq., at a rental of £200 PER ANNUM.

TWO SEMI-DETACHED VILLAS,

now in the occupation of J. BLACKSTONE, Esq., and L. E. THRELKELD, Esq., at a rental of £350 PER ANNUM.

GRAIGEND.—An allotment of land, having frontages of 36 feet to Upper William-street and Surry-street.

GLENHURST, DARLING POINT.—lot 30 of the Glenhurst Estate, having a frontage of about 40 feet, with a depth of about 116 feet.

WAVERLEY.—Two acres, part of Lewis Gordon's 15 acres.

PETERSHAM.—Lots 17, 18, 19, and 20, of section 10, division No. 2, of the Petersham Estate, 132 feet frontage to Palace-street, and 174 feet to Norwood-street.

CANTERBURY VILLAGE.—Two half-acre allotments

LIVERPOOL.—Three lots containing about half an acre each, being portion of a subdivision made by G. J. Thompson, Esq.

MAITLAND.—A valuable allotment, having 136 feet frontage to a Government road, and 148 feet to Portland-street.

MORPETH.—Allotments fronting Green and Market streets.

BATHURST.—Three allotments in the town, adjoining the land of Messrs. Busby, Gray, Robertson, and the land granted to A. K. M'Kenzie, Esq.

BROULEE.—Two allotments fronting Hill and Hart streets.

PORT MACQUARIE.—The RAVENSWOOD ESTATE, containing 2477 ACRES on Piper's Creek; also, TWO HALF-ACRE ALLOTMENTS in the town, lots 9 and 10 of section 14.

PLANS of the above are in preparation, and full particulars will be given in a future advertisement.

ON MONDAY, 18TH JUNE,
at
THE QUEEN'S HOTEL,
WOLLONGONG.

GREAT ILLAWARRA SALE.
WITHOUT RESERVE.

TERRY'S MEADOWS,
that celebrated and truly-magnificent
AGRICULTURAL ESTATE,
comprising about
THREE THOUSAND ACRES,
in the heart of the
FAMED ILLAWARRA DISTRICT,
subdivided into
FORTY-EIGHT FARMS,
containing, each farm, about
20 TO 150 ACRES
of the most valuable and the
RICHEST ARABLE LAND
in
NEW SOUTH WALES.

TERMS.—One-third cash; the residue may remain secured on the property for a term of years, at a low rate of interest.

TITLE, unquestionable. Full particulars can be ascertained on application to W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., solicitor, Hunter-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL,
WOLLONGONG, on
MONDAY, 18TH JUNE,

at 12 o'clock,

The whole of that valuable and beautiful agricultural property,

TERRY'S MEADOWS,

comprising about 3000 ACRES, in the very heart of the notoriously rich

ILLAWARRA DISTRICT.

This estate is situate on the
DAPTO and SHELLHARBOUR ROADS,
and is distant from the following sea ports:
WOLLONGONG, 15 miles
KIAMA, 12 miles
SHELL HARBOUR, 3 miles.

It has been subdivided, with great care and judgment, into

FORTY-EIGHT SPLENDID FARMS,

a list of which is now given, with the area and the surveyor's report of the improvements on each lot.

Lot.	Area. A.	R.	P.	
1	48	2	27	The eastern portion of the bullock paddock adjoining the Peterborough Estate. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Cleared.
—	86	1	33	The western portion of the bullock paddock adjoining the homestead lot 3. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Cleared.
3	154	2	0	The homestead (all cleared) comprises dwelling-house, dairy, huts, stockyards, barn, stable, and several paddocks. Main road runs through it. Very Extensive river frontage. Frontage to Tongara and Shell Harbour Road.
4	55	2	17	Adjoins Peterborough Estate—well watered—large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road.
5	40	0	38	Adjoins homestead—well watered—large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road.
6, 7	60	0	0	Adjoins homestead—separated from Peterborough Estate by a road running from Wollongong Road to Shell Harbour Road. About 5 acres of the Horse Paddock cleared in this farm.
8	42	1	8	Adjoins homestead—separated from Peterborough Estate by a road running from Wollongong Road to Shell Harbour Road. About 7 acres of the paddock cleared in this farm.
9	49	2	30	Separated from homestead by Frazer's Creek, to which it has a large frontage. Extensive frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
10	52	3	9	Contains the dwelling-house, dairy, &c., occupied by Mr. William Frazer. Extensive frontage to Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. On this farm, also, is the house occupied by Mr. Perkins. About 13 acres cleared.
11	63	2	0	Contains the dwelling-house occupied by Mrs. Wilson. Extensive frontage to Frazer's Creek. About 15 acres cleared in paddock.
12	111	2	21	Comprises the 2 eastern paddocks in the occupation of Mr. Mundy. About 30 acres cleared in paddocks.
13	89	3	18	Comprises the 2 eastern paddocks in occupation of Mr. Norris. About 20 acres cleared in paddocks.
14	74	3	8	Comprises Mr. Frederick Barr's Dwelling-house and dairy farm of about 15 acres cleared and subdivided into paddocks, well watered, with large road frontages to cross road, running from Shell Harbour Road to Jamberoo Road.
15, 16	134	1	15	This farm is situated under Mount Wentworth. It adjoins lots 14, 17, and 18. The Peterborough Estate and Crombe, the well-known property of Mr. Ebenezer Russell, let out into clearing leases. Well watered.
17, 18	66	0	19	Adjoins the farm lately in the occupation of Mrs. Eleanor Whittaker and the farms of Mr. Barr and Mr. Norris. Well watered.
19, 21	103	0	0	Adjoins Buckland Field, the property of Mr. William Fryer. Well watered. With large frontage to Jamberoo Road. Well watered.
20, 22	80	2	10	Extensive frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered. Excellent farm.
23	100	0	0	The dwelling-house, dairy, barn, stable, &c. S. Western paddocks in the occupation of Mr. William Norris. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 30 acres cleared in paddocks.
24	105	3	0	Comprises the 3 north-western paddocks of about 30 acres, cleared, in the occupation of Mr. William Norris. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. On this farm is the dwelling house, &c., occupied by Mrs. Whittaker.
25	86	3	13	Comprises the dwelling-house, dairy, and 3 western paddocks, in the occupation of Mr. Mundy. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 25 acres cleared in paddocks.
26	59	1	8	Adjoins Mr. Mundy's dairy farm. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 25 acres cleared and in paddocks. This and the next farm comprise the whole of Mr. W. Frazer's western paddocks.
27	60	2	30	Adjoins lot 26. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Extensive frontage to Shell Harbour Road. about 22 acres cleared and in paddocks.
28	30	3	24	Comprises a large portion of stumped paddock and portion of bush paddock. Extensive frontages to Wollongong Road and Shell Harbour Road. About acres cleared and fenced. Well watered.
29	21	1	11	The wheat paddock adjoining the homestead, all fenced and cleared. Extensive river frontage, and main road frontage. Admirable site for an inn, or for subdivision into building allotments.
30	17	3	7	Adjoins the wheat paddock. Large frontage to Wollongong Road and Shell Harbour Road. Well watered. Good brushes stands.
31	10	3	2	At the junction of the Wollongong and Kiama Road, and Tongara and Shell Harbour Road. Large road frontages. Capital site for public-house, post office, stores of any description. About midway between Mount Terry and Macquarie River Bridge
32	26	2	8	Adjoins lot 31. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
33	35	0	0	Adjoins lot 30. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. Comprises about 7 acres of Mr. Crawley's cleared paddocks.
34	32	0	0	Adjoins lot 33. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. Comprises the dairy establishment of Mr. Crawley, with about 10 acres of cleared paddocks.
35	32	0	7	Opposite lot 34. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. On this farm is the well-known clear plain at the back of Mr. Crawley's.
36	38	0	27	Adjoins Mr. K'Kenzie's dairy farm and establishment. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. This farm also comprises a portion of Frazer's paddock. About 24 acres cleared.
37	33	3	36	Opposite lot 36. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
38	52			The well known dairy establishment of Mr. M'Kenzie with excellent dwelling-house, &c., comprising the greater portion of Frazer's paddock subdivided into various paddocks, nearly all cleared. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Coobeck Creek runs through this farm.
39	36	1	28	Opposite the dairy establishment of Mr. M'Kenzie. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Great frontage to Coobeck Road.
40	7	3	27	Adjoins Grainer and Heath's farm, with road leading from Coobeck to Shell Harbour Road. Excellent brush ground hereon.
41	40	1	8	At the back of lot 37. Excellent brush ground hereon.
42	37	2	8	Adjoins lot 31. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered.
43	35	2	3	Adjoins lots 42 and 44. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered.
44	126	3	14	These farms have all large frontages to the Wollongong and Kiama Road. They are backed up by the farms of Messrs. Healy, Hawkey, Fuller, and George. All well watered.
45	140	3	6	
46	112	3	21	
47	106	0	0	
48	124	1	0	The Mount Terry Brush. Extensive frontage to the Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered. It adjoins the farms of Messrs. Samuel Clark, Condon, and George.

These farms are marked and numbered on the land, the divisional lines all cut and pegged, and the nearest tree to each corner peg of the several lots is squared and numbered with large red figures; so that with the assistance of lithographic plans, which may be obtained at the Rooms, George-street, Sydney, or on application to Mr. S. S Rogers, solicitor, Wollongong, the boundaries of each farm can be traced with the greatest facility.

The whole of the estate is WELL WATERED by the MACQUARIE RIVER, FRASER'S CREEK, COOBACK CREEK, and NUMEROUS TRIBUTARIES; and it is scarcely considered necessary to state that the greater proportion of the land is acknowledged by all to be the

RICHEST ARABLE SOIL

in New South Wales, and better adapted for

AGRICULTURAL and DAIRYING

purposes than any other land in the colonies.

Terry's Meadows is most favourably situated in respect of

ACCESS to the SYDNEY MARKETS,

being situate between

THREE SEAPORTS,

which have

DAILY COMMUNICATION.

And the estate also possesses many natural advantages.

In about the centre of the great Illawarra basin, the nature of the position is such that it has not even suffered by the late heavy floods, while with the extensive river frontage and the numerous creeks and tributaries which intersect the whole, it can never be injured by drought.

Possessing all these well-known elements for success in agricultural and dairy pursuits, and being subdivided to meet the requirements of all classes of purchasers, Terry's meadows is brought into the market for positive sale, and the auctioneers feel assured that the UNDISPUTED REPUTATION AND SUPERIORITY of the estate requires nothing but the above

PLAIN UNVARNISED STATEMENT

of its merits to attract the attention of all interested in husbandry to the opportunity that will be afforded for securing a

FIRST-CLASS FARM AND HOMESTEAD,

which no one will deny is

THE BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD,

one which neither

COMMERCIAL PROSPERITY or ADVERSITY

can materially affect.

☞ This extensive property is surrounded by the great undivided lands of Messrs. Jenkins, Osborne, Johnston, Hoskins, Hughes, and by Peterborough, the estate of W. C. Wentworth, Esq.

The difficulty of purchasing a really good small farm in the Illawarra District has been for a long time deplored by a large increasing population, yearly becoming more wealthy, and in the subdivision of the Meadows care has been especially taken that an equal opportunity for investment should be offered to the small capitalist with his hard earned savings, as well as to richer members of the community, so that all may with equal advantages, on liberal terms, become possessed of a freehold in accordance with their means in this hitherto prohibited locality.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH, in conclusion, will only add that this great unreserved sale should not be overlooked by any of the practical and persevering husbandmen and dairymen in this and the neighbouring colonies, seeking homesteads where comfort and plenty will soon reward their energy, and where all the blessings of life can be enjoyed, without the numerous cares and troubles incident to a life in the vicinity of an over-populous city.

Large plan on view at the Rooms, in Sydney, where also lithographs can be obtained. Plans will also be on view at the Queen's Head Hotel, and the several public places of resort in Wollongong.

Lunch will be provided.

BATHURST.

MAGNIFICENT AGRICULTURAL and GRAZING ESTATES.

LOT 1.—DALHUNTY'S 2560-ACRE GRANT, about ten miles from Bathurst, on the main road to Calinia, watered by Queen Charlotte's Ponds, and adjoining the grants of Messrs. C. B. Clay and J. Keane.

About 100 acres on the ponds are under cultivation, and the soil upon the whole is generally good. This estate could be advantageously subdivided.

LOT 2.—2138 ACRES, known as YARROWS, on the Winburndale Rivulet, about six miles from Bathurst, adjoining Brown's 2000-acre grant.

An area of about 300 acres is under cultivation.

LOT 3.—2000 ACRES, known as MILLAH MARRAH, on the Lower Turon Road, about twenty-two miles from Bathurst, adjoining the property of George Sutter, Esq.

LOT 4.—BAYLEY'S 1000-ACRE GRANT, on Winburndale Rivulet, about six miles from Bathurst, adjoining Brown's 2000 acres and Cox's 1160 acres.

LOT 5.—TERRY'S 500-ACRE GRANT, adjoining Bayley's and Wilshire's grants.

*** Lots 4 and 5 adjoin the Hereford Estate. They are lightly timbered, and free from scrub and underground. The soil is good and fit for agriculture, and the ridges are slight and of granite and quartz formation. The water is plentiful and permanent.

LOT 6.—SADLEIR'S 400 ACRES, adjoining the village of Peel, and on the main road from Bathurst to Sofala. A considerable portion of this lot is well watered, cultivated land.

LOT 7.—BLACKMAN'S 71-ACRE GRANT, on the Macquarie River, in the suburbs of Kelso, and surrounded by the estate of William Lee, Esq.

This is a very valuable block of land, of superior quality, and most advantageous position.

TITLE—Unquestionable. For full particulars apply to W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., solicitor, Hunter-street, Sydney.

Terms, liberal.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the ROYAL HOTEL, BATHURST, on MONDAY, 30th July, at 12 o'clock,

The above extensive and valuable AGRICULTURAL and GRAZING ESTATES in the vicinity of the TOWN OF BATHURST.

☞ It is not necessary to make a single comment on these truly valuable estates, which are in the market for peremptory sale.

They were early selections, and their value and position are well known and acknowledged. The auctioneers would, therefore, simply direct the special attention of capitalists and others to the splendid opportunity now afforded for a permanent investment in the western district.

Plans may be inspected, and further particulars obtained, on application to Messrs. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Bank-buildings, George-street, Sydney.

THE PYRMONT FOUNDRY.

PYRMONT AND MARIAN STREETS, PYRMONT,
With all the Plant, including a 12-horse horizontal steam engine, double and single purchase, Foundry Crane, &c., &c.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 11th June, at 11 o'clock,

All that extensive block of freehold land, having a frontage of about 126½ feet to Marian-street, at the corner of Pyrmont-street, to which latter street it has also a frontage of about 93 feet, being lots 30, 31, and 32 of the Pyrmont estate, on which is erected a range of stone-built premises, known as

THE PYRMONT FOUNDRY,

formerly in the occupation of Mr. John Fyfe, but now rented by Mr. Hargreaves.

The plant comprises a capital 12-horse power horizontal engine, with boiler complete; a foundry crane, double and single purchase; iron cupola, shafts, large cog-wheel, moulding boxes, &c., &c., an inventory of which can be inspected at the rooms.

☞ The attention of engineers and others is directed to the sale of this well-known property, in the most convenient locality in Pyrmont, close to the bridge and the proposed railway terminus.

Terms, liberal.

Horses just arrived.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at his Horse Repository, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

20 young sound horses, just arrived from the country, all broke in to saddle and harness

Carts, drays, spring carts, &c.

By order of the Mortgagee.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF FREEHOLD PROPERTY, CORNER OF PALMER-STREET and Berwick-street, close to LIVERPOOL-STREET, and extending through to and having a frontage to Little Bourke-street, comprising THREE FRONTAGES, and consisting of the following valuable buildings.

THE WHEELWRIGHTS' ARMS, in Palmer-street.
FOUR HOUSES IN BERWICK-LANE.
SHOP IN PALMER-STREET, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms.
TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSES.
ALSO, TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSES recently erected, but not quite finished.

Title—The usual Riley estate. Title. For full particulars, apply to W. M. CLARKE, Esq., solicitor, Wentworth-place.

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 13th June, the following valuable properties in PALMER, BERWICK, and Little BOURKE-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO, CORNER OF PALMER AND BERWICK STREETS.

THE WHEELWRIGHTS' ARMS public-house, now let to Mr. Isaac Bell and in full trade, comprising as follows:—

GROUND FLOOR.—Bar and three parlours, with private entrance.

FIRST FLOOR.—3 good rooms and handsome front balcony.

ATTIC FLOOR, 2 good bed rooms, cellar in basement, with kitchen and servant's room over, attached to the rear of the house, and back gateway entrance from Berwick-street.

BERWICK-STREET.—4 HOUSES, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms, being Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8.

No. 2 contains one room below, with large workshop extending over it, and the gateway entrance, common to this house and the public-house.

Nos. 4, 6, and 8, each contains 4 rooms with yards at the rear, closets, and back entrance by reserved passage from Little Bourke-street.—No. 8 is a corner house.

PALMER-STREET.—SHOP, known as the MEDICAL HALL, adjoining the Wheelwrights' Arms. It contains shop, back parlour, and kitchen, on the ground floor, and three good bedrooms, and front balcony on the first floor, yard, and other conveniences, with back entrance from Little Bourke-street.

2 COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSES, being Nos. 190 and 192. Each house contains, entrance hall, six good rooms and kitchen, with handsome front balcony. They have large yards extending through to Little Bourke-street, the frontage to which would give ample space for three more houses.

Also, THOSE TWO HANDSOME DWELLING-HOUSES, adjoining the last mentioned, but not quite finished. Each house contains good entrance hall, 5 rooms and kitchen, with large yards running through to Little Bourke-street.

*** These require but a small outlay to make them two of the best houses on the Riley Estate. WATER LAID ON TO ALL THE FINISHED HOUSES.

☞ The above form a handsome range of buildings at the corner of Palmer and Berwick streets. They were erected by that WELL-KNOWN BUILDER, the late Mr. ROBERT BROWN, not as a speculation, but as a permanent investment, and but for his death would not, in all probability, be in the market. They are all substantial STONE BUILDINGS, chiefly with slated roofs. They have been FAITHFULLY BUILT, with the BEST MATERIALS. Such an opportunity is the present depressed state of the market for SECURING A FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT, is of very rare occurrence, and is well worthy the attention of capitalists. The houses are all let, and YIELD A HANDSOME INCOME.

*** They will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

INSPECTION INVITED.

By order of the Mortgagee under Power of Sale.

DOWLING-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

COMFORTABLE DWELLING-HOUSE of six rooms, front Verandah and Balcony, with detached Kitchen and Servant's Room, Back Yard, &c., being No. 94, in DOMAIN-VIEW-TERRACE.

Title unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,

That comfortable dwelling-house, built of stone, with neat stone front and shingled roof, being No. 92, Domain View, Dowling-street. It contains front verandah, sitting and dining-room on ground floor; front balcony and two good rooms on the first floor, and two good attic rooms. There are kitchen and servant's room at the rear, with other offices, and back yard, with entrance to it from Dowling-street.

WATER LAID ON.

☞ Dowling-street is one of the best streets in Woolloomooloo, being one of the principal approaches to the waters of the bay, and therefore possessing great prospective advantages. The above is a substantial building, in good repair, in nice order, and now let to a highly respectable tenant. It is a good investment.

TO CLOSE A TRUST ESTATE
STONE COTTAGE, DARLING ROAD, BALMAIN.
BLOCK OF LAND and COTTAGE, George-street, REDFERN.
ONE ACRE LAND, TOWN OF WINDSOR.

Title—Unquestionable.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,

The following valuable properties.

Lot 1.—A comfortable, well-built stone cottage, containing verandah, 4 rooms, detached kitchen, and servants' room, having 84 feet frontage to DARLING ROAD, BALMAIN, by a depth of 117 feet.

*** This property is now in the occupation of James Turpin, Esq., on the main road, opposite to Cockatoo Island, near the residence of Mr. Buchanan, and commands a magnificent view.

Lot 2.—An allotment of land situate in George-street, REDFERN, having a frontage to said street of 25 feet by a depth of 92 feet, together with a commodious wood building, now occupied by a respectable tenant.

*** Mr. Allen, grocer, of George-street, Redfern, will show this property to intending purchasers.

Lot 3.—A valuable block of land, containing one acre, more or less, situate in the town of WINDSOR, having frontages to Argyle-street, Church-street, and Cox-street.

☞ Particular attention is directed to the sale of the above properties, which are in the market for bona fide sale, to close a trust estate, and will assuredly prove to any purchaser a most paying investment.

In the Insolvent Estate of Philip Edward Cadell, of West Maitland, Brewer.

THE MAITLAND BREWERY,
West Maitland.
With all the Plant, Machinery, &c., &c.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from the official assignee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

That well known eligible property, the MAITLAND BREWERY, West Maitland, with all the plant, machinery, &c., which are in the best order, and capable of brewing fifty bogsheads of ale per week.

The STEAM ENGINE (nearly new, by Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co., of Sydney), is of four horse-power, and works up to six, driving the malt mill, and working the hoisting tackle and double action force pumps, which supply a cistern over the buildings, carrying water to all parts of the premises.

In the brewery there are two boilers, one of iron and the other of copper, mash tuns, cooling and fermenting vats, several hundred casks, of different sizes, mashing cars, copper pump for under back, &c.

The buildings consist of the brewery, engine and boiler house, granaries, malt floors, steep and kiln, counting-house, cottage, cooperage, piggery, and stables. The cistern holds 33 tuns of water; the well is supplied by natural filtration, through beds of sand, from the river, and is of the finest quality and inexhaustible in quantity.

The stock of sugar, hops, &c., together with drays, harness, and casks, to be taken at a valuation.

☞ In reference to this property, it is particularly worthy of note that during the whole of the last floods, when the greater portion of West Maitland was inundated, Cadell's brewery was found quite beyond the reach of the water.

Its position, in the very heart of West Maitland, ought not also to be lost sight of; and the fact that the RAILWAY STATION is close to the brewery, very much enhances the value of the property.

TERMS.—One thousand pounds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage for some years, at 7 per cent. per annum, if required.

PLANS on view at the Rooms of MORT and CO., Pitt-street.

UNSTOCKED CATTLE RUNS,
CLARENCE DISTRICT.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 5th June,

Those two really first-rate blocks of country known as UPPER AND LOWER WALLAUMBAN, situate in the Clarence District, and having a FRONTAGE of TEN MILES to the RIVER TWEED.

☞ The above comprise really good cattle country, well grassed and abundantly watered. They adjoin the stations of Mr. White, and are admirably adapted for a beginner, or any one who would work them himself. The large number of sawyers in the district, and the number of persons employed in connection with the timber trade, secure an excellent market on the spot.

To close a Partnership.
SPLENDID FATTENING RUNS WITHOUT STOCK.
MARANOA DISTRICT.

MOONEE No. 1	CUMBO
AMBY No. 1	BINGRO CREEK
TIQUIBAN	WARRIL CREEK
BARRABANBEL	DINONG PADLONG.
COLLITALLIBA	

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed, in order to close a partnership, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 5th June,

The following splendid fattening runs in the Maranoa District:—

MOONEE No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,090 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River, at Camp 29, marked 2nd depot in Sir Thomas Mitchell's map of journey in 1845 and 1846, and having five miles river frontage.

AMBY No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, at the junction of the Amby with the Maranoa, with frontage to both.

TIQUIBAN.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa.

BARRABANBEL.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, adjoining Tiquiban No. 3, on the Maranoa River.

COLLITALLIBA.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River.

CUMBO.—Estimated area, 40,000 acres, adjoining the Dryadale Ponds River.

BINGRO CREEK.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the west side of Mooney Creek.

WARRIL CREED.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, including both banks of the Warril Creeks, about five miles back from Dinong Padlong.

DINONG PADLONG.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the right bank of the Barwan River, about five miles above Sir Thomas Mitchell's 87 Camp.

☞ Most of the above country was selected in the years 1849, 1850, and 1851, by Messrs. GIDEON LANG and WALKER, the pioneers of that part of the colony, chiefly for the RICHNESS of the PASTURE; and in order to secure the tracts that were MOST ABUNDANTLY WATERED.

Parties therefore on the look-out for good fattening runs should bear in mind that these runs were selected by MEN OF GREAT EXPERIENCE, and who, from the fact of their being the first in the field, had the opportunity of securing the PICK OF THE COUNTRY.

BOGAN RIVER RUNS, WITHOUT STOCK.

WELLINGTON DISTRICT.
Terms at Sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 5th June,

The following valuable unstocked stations,

BLOCKS Nos. 3, 4, and 5 WEST BOGAN, having 15 miles frontage to the Bogan River, by a depth of 15 miles.

*** These runs adjoin and are situated a few miles above the junction of the Gunningbar Creek with the Bogan. The country is very fattening, abounding in herbs and salt bush. JP in square,

BLOCKS Nos. 20, 1, 22, and 23 WEST BOGAN, having 20 miles frontage to the left bank of the Bogan River. Also,

Nos. 21 and 22 EAST BOGAN, immediately opposite the last mentioned, and having ten miles frontage to the right bank of that river.

*** These are valuable fattening runs, the country consisting of open plains, saltbush, and rich herbs, with occasional patches of myall.

☞ Full particulars may be obtained at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

By Order of the Mortgagee.

2560 ACRES at COTTLE WOLLEY, in the county of Argyle, situate on the right bank of the UPPER WOLLONDILLY RIVER.

Title—Unquestionable.
Terms at Sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June,

All that parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 2560 ACRES, more or less, situate in the county of Argyle, at COTTLE WOLLEY, Upper Wollondilly, commencing on the Wollondilly River, opposite to the north-west corner of Major D'Arcy's 2560 acres, and bounded on the north by a line bearing west 298 chains; on the west by a line bearing south 80 chains; on the south by a line bearing east to the Wolondilly River; and on the east by that river to the commencing point.

☞ Speculators on the look-out for a lucrative investment would do well to attend this sale. The land is in the market for positive sale. The quality is good; the best test of which is the fact that the Government have sold the neighbouring lands of late years in small farms, thus showing that A VERY LARGE PROFIT MIGHT BE MADE by the re-sale of this property under subdivision. There can be no doubt also that as the railway extends into the interior, really good lands along or in the vicinity of the line will attain to a very high value.

*** Full particulars at the Rooms.

FOR POSITIVE and UNRESERVED SALE.
SPLENDID WOOLWASHING AND FELMONGERING ESTABLISHMENT,
Situate in the Parish of Botany, and distant ABOUT FOUR MILES FROM SYDNEY,
and occupied formerly by Messrs. Prince, Bray, and Ogg, until their recent removal to their new establishment.

Title unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 6th, at 11 o'clock,

25 ACRES 1 ROOD 4 PERCHES, more or less, in the parish of Botany, being blocks Nos. 30 and 31 of the original subdivisions of SIMEON LORD'S 600 acre grant, and upon which are the following improvements:—

A LARGE WEATHERBOARD AND SHINGLED BUILDING, containing sweating and wool sheds.

A WASH-HOUSE—a shingled building—attached to which are soaking and washing pans, to which the WATER IS LAID ON from the Creek by a wooden culvert.

An OVER

SALES BY AUCTION.

Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, and 235, Castlereagh-street.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN holds a regular SALE BY AUCTION every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock, precisely.

All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualification, &c., and amount of reserve, otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.

N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in trying or breaking-in horses.

Light Cab Phaeton.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

A light cab phaeton, built by Amery, London, Collinge's patent axles, &c., in excellent order, and suited for town use.

Shellharbour Horses.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from Mr. W. Haslem to sell by auction, THIS DAY, 26th instant, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,

A small draft of useful horses, all broken and quiet, and the owner can highly recommend them as being first-class.

A Pair of Bay Carriage Horses.
Gig and Dogcart Horse.
3 Boys' Ponies.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, 26th, at 11 o'clock, at the Bazaar,

A pair of bay carriage horses, with black points, stand 15 hands 3 high, good in harness

A bay gelding, a first-class carriage or gig horse

Three boys' ponies, quiet to ride, and have been ridden by children.

Horse, Phaeton, and Harness.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

A bay gelding, 7 years old, 16 hands high, thoroughly broken to saddle, single and double harness, perfectly quiet, and free from vice. Also,

A capital phaeton, and a thorough good set of harness.

Hunter River Horses.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

Two very fine grey geldings, and a brown gelding, just arrived from the Hunter, in first-rate condition, and well broken.

SATURDAY'S General Sale.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

A draft of horses from Shell Harbour
A draft of ditto from the Hunter
Horse, phaeton, and harness
The usual variety of saddle and harness horses
Carriages, gigs, dogcarts, spring-carts, drays, trucks, harness, saddlery, &c.

The only Park Equipage in Sydney.

Park Phaeton
Pair Ponies, and
Harness.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Walter Lamb, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on MONDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,

That gentleman's well-known park equipage, consisting of

Park phaeton, by Corbyn and Sons, London
Set of silver-mounted harness; and
Pair of ponies (bay and brown), 14 hands, 5 and 7 years old; both perfect in harness and capital goers.

The phaeton and harness have been very little used and were built to order.

Thoroughbred Stallion.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on MONDAY, May 28th, at 12 o'clock,

The well-known thoroughbred stallion "Sir Charles," the sire of several very first class stock, and admitted to be one of the very best horses bred in New South Wales.

Pedigree—By Mr. Roberts' Sir Charles; dam by Cap-a-pie; grand dam, the imported mare Georgiana, by Waverley. Cap-a-pie and Georgiana were both imported by W. W. Kater, Esq. (Mr. Roberts' Sir Charles was got by Gratis, out of Loreina, both imported. For further particulars as to pedigree, vide Stud Book.)

Imported Stallion.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock, positively without reserve,

The following imported stock, landed in January last,

"Claude du Val," brown stallion, 3 years, over 16 hands, bred by Colonel Leather, by Rochester out of Wait-a-While, by Sir Isaac out of Rebecca, &c. Is a horse of immense power and substance, and considered by competent judges as one of the most promising sires yet shipped for the Australian colonies.

CART STALLION.

"Young England," 3 years old, over 16 hands, a blue roan, by Young Wonder, bred by Mr. Patten, of Sutton, near Abingdon, out of a splendid Yorkshire mare. Young England is short-legged and powerful, with extremely fine action.

Also, the celebrated coaching stallion, "Dulcimer," imported 1857, the property of W. Russell, Esq., Regentville.

Each of these horse must positively be sold. They are now on view.

Thoroughbred Colt.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on MONDAY May 28th, at 12 o'clock,

bay colt, 2 years old, by Waverly out of Creeping Kate, by Old Emigrant.

This is a very promising colt, has been well fed and carefully handled.

Thoroughbred Mare.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

"Bertha," bay mare, by Waverley out of Bess-o'-Bedlam, broken to saddle and harness.

Well-bred Hackney.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on MONDAY, the 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

"Prince," a brown gelding, 4 years old, by Cavalier, out of a Priam mare, a first-class hackney.

Raymond Terrace Horses.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Mr. T. O. Portus, to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

Four first-class young horses, all thoroughly broken to harness. Amongst these are two excellent pair of chesnut carriage horses, thoroughly accustomed to run together.

Building Materials, Plaster of Paris, Grates, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

A quantity of deal boards and scantling
130 casks plaster of Paris
Grates, doors, sashes, &c.
In lots to suit purchasers.

Terms, cash.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has been instructed to sell, at his Yards, on MONDAY next, the 28th instant,

150 head of splendid fat cattle, from the well-known stations of Mr. Loder, in lots to suit purchasers.

To Warehousemen, Outfitters, Storekeepers, Drapers, and the Trade.

116 Packages of choice and Seasonable Drapery Goods, Fancy Goods, Millinery, Slops, &c.

Now landing, ex Hollinside, Asia, and General Wyndham.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, May 31st and June 1st.

The Sale to commence each day at 11 prompt.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the abovenamed days,

116 packages of drapery goods, slops, fancy goods, millinery, &c., now landing from the Hollinside, Asia, and General Wyndham, comprising a choice assortment.

Terms, liberal, at sale.

Foster's Spades.
Nos. 1, 2, 3.

MONDAY, 28th May.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on MONDAY, at 11,

10 dozen Foster's DHLS spades, each Nos. 1, 2, 3.

Terms at sale.

Paperhangings.
Ex General Wyndham.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on MONDAY, 28th instant, at 11.

28 cases Potter's paperhangings, new and varied designs just imported, and for unreserved sale.

Terms at sale.

Ironmongery.
To Ironmongers, Storekeepers, Dealers, and others.

MONDAY, 28th May.

Great Clearance Sale.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, at 11, on MONDAY next,

Augers, dutch ovens, stewpans, tin pots, sash cord, bellows, gluepots, hay knives, axe heads, tinderboxes, digesters, fire baskets, fenders, dish covers, umbrella stands, carvers, lamps, sheepshears, counter weighing machines, rolls check, handled axes, beams and scales, chisels, lanterns, garden shears, basins, saws, spectacles, razors, turnscrews, curry combs, sailors' pots, mill bolts, sovereign balances, wafer boxes, earwig traps, taper stands, roasting jacks, park-gate locks, horse rasps, cut brads, turnscrews, bannister brushes, spokeshaves, shoelifts, assorted, hinges, 3 wheel castors, wheat, mills, D H R P shovels, door knockers, bonirons, polishing paste, umbrella stands, stinktraps, spittoons,

And a variety of others too numerous to mention in an advertisement.

Also, on account of whom it may concern, damaged by sea water,

Knives and forks, carpenters' adzes, hatchets, firmer chisels, butchers' knives.

Terms at sale.

Tinware.

MONDAY, 28th May.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on the above day, at 11 o'clock,

A invoice of superior tinware, comprising tea and coffee pots, all sizes; camp kettles, 4 to 10 quart; slop pails, dust pans, milk dishes, round and oval bakers, canisters, stable lanthorns, tined and hollow basins, iron buckets, &c., all of the very best make, and for unreserved sale.

Terms at sale.

Good and Useful Household Furniture and Effects.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, on the premises, Nos. 9 and 11, Bligh-street, on WEDNESDAY, May 30th, at 11 o'clock,

All the good and useful household furniture on the above premises, comprising the usual appointments of dining, sitting, and numerous bed rooms, kitchen furniture, and utensils.

Terms, cash.

Sundry Household Furniture
Rosewood Cottage Pianoforte
Carriage, Gig, Horses
Silver-mounted Harness, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Saddles and Bridles
Handsome Iron Lawn Vases, on Pedestals
Superior Milch Cow, and sundry other effects.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at Barncleuth, Darlinghurst, the late residence of David Jones, Esq., on MONDAY, May 28th, at 11 o'clock,

Sundry household furniture and effects, comprising
Large telescope dining table, with stand for leaves
Twelve hair-seated chairs
Mahogany pedestal sideboard, library table
Library book stand, bronzed eight-light hanging lamp
Large chimney glass, carpets and rugs, fenders and fire-irons
Window pole fittings and hangings
Oil paintings, in gilt frames
Hall table and seat, bronzed figure on pedestal
Superior large brass telescope, on tripod stand
Rosewood loo, occasional, and card tables
Rosewood chairs and couches, covered in green leather
Rosewood cottage pianoforte and music stool, canterbury
Twisted-pillar pole chairs, tea
Elegant four-light solar burner drawing-room hanging lamp, with massively cut-glass under dish
Pantry fittings, large tablecloth press
Large carved four-post bedstead, spring palliasse, hair mattress, bedding, and hangings
Bookcases; couch, covered in damask; patent closet
Larged winged wardrobe, marble-top washstand, and sundry bedroom furniture
Kitchen dressers, patent cooking stove, and utensils
Patent mangle and laundry utensils
English-built phaeton, by Mason, London; strong-built gig
Two excellent carriage horses, accustomed to double or single harness, saddle, &c.
Silver-mounted carriage harness, ladies' and gentlemen's saddles
Superior milch cow
Handsome iron vases and torzas, on pedestals
Iron flower vases and garden seats
Garden roller and utensils
And sundry other effects.

Terms at sale.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Surplus Effects of a Gentleman leaving the colony.
Household Furniture
Office ditto
First-class Racing Watch
Ditto D. B. Gun; and
A variety of Sundries.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, 19, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock, The above.

Terms, cash.

☞ THIS DAY, Saturday, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Richly Cut Glass and Engravings
Organ, playing 40 Tunes
English-made Cooking Stove
Sewing Machine
A quantity of Furniture—very superior
Terrier Dogs and Sundries.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 26th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The above.

Terms, cash.

Lea and Perrin's Worcester Sauce.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex General Wyndham, Captain Leslie, from London.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,

Ex General Wyndham, damaged by sea water,
59 cases Lea and Perrin's Worcester sauce, slightly damaged
12 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto, much ditto.

Terms, cash.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex General Wyndham, Captain Leslie, from London.

Liquorice, damaged by sea water.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,

Ex General Wyndham,
X—2 chests Borneo liquorice,
More or less damaged by sea water.

Terms, cash.

On account of whom it may concern.
More or less damaged.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,

On account of whom it may concern,
All more or less damaged,
53 cases red herrings, each 31 1-dozen tins
64 cases Lockhart's 1-lb. oysters
30 cases 1-lb. salmon.

Terms, cash.

Pampanga Sugar.
50 tons, ex Northern Light.

For Positive Sale by Auction, on MONDAY, 28th April,

To Grocers, Country Buyers, Shippers, Storekeepers, &c.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers, Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

50 tons superior Pampanga sugar, ex Northern Light.

Terms at sale.

The Entire Cargo of the Juverna, from Foo Chow Foo.
Choice Selected Teas, comprising
Congous, in chests
Ditto, in half-chests
Ditto, in boxes
Hysonskin, in chests
Ditto, in three-quarter chests
Fancy Teas, &c.
For Auction Sale,
At the Australian Auction Mart.

On MONDAY, 28th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

The entire cargo of superior selected teas, ex Juverna, from Foo Chow Foo, as follows:—

FS and Co.,

No. 1. 153 chests finest congou
2. 157 ditto ditto ditto
3. 102 ditto choice ditto
4. 107 ditto ditto ditto
5. 51 ditto ditto ditto
6. 200 ditto finest ditto
13. 69 ditto choice ditto
14. 334 ditto ditto ditto
25. 210 ditto ditto ditto
26. 137 ditto ditto ditto
7. 160 half-chests ditto ditto ditto
8. 104 ditto finest ditto
9. 208 ditto ditto ditto
10. 113 ditto choice ditto
11. 162 ditto finest ditto
12. 342 ditto choice ditto
18. 229 ditto finest ditto
19. 143 ditto ditto ditto
21. 252 ditto choice ditto
22. 200 ditto finest ditto
28. 419 ditto ditto ditto
29. 405 ditto ditto ditto
15. 300 boxes ditto ditto
16. 300 ditto choice ditto
17. 300 ditto ditto ditto
20. 237 ditto ditto ditto
23. 331 ditto finest ditto
24. 330 ditto ditto ditto
27. 381 ditto ditto ditto
2. 36 chests hysonskin
7. 27 ditto ditto
10. 22 ditto ditto
1. 69 half-chests ditto
3. 31 ditto ditto
4. 33 ditto ditto
5. 51 ditto ditto
6. 64 ditto ditto
8. 37 ditto ditto
9. 26 ditto ditto
11. 36 ditto ditto

Terms, liberal, at sale.

The Balance of the Cargo of Sugars.
Ex Agnes, from Hongkong.
For Unreserved Auction Sale, at the Australian Auction Mart.

MONDAY, 28th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at 11 o'clock,

The balance of the cargo of sugars, ex Agnes, from Hongkong, comprising

CS,
No. 1—2300 bags No. 1 brown sugar.
C over S,
No. 1—200 ditto ditto, superior quality.
CS in diamond,
No. 1—200 tubs sugar candy.

Terms at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex K. D. Von Flotow, Captain Kesfack, from Liverpool.
Damaged by sea water.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,

Ex K. D. Von Flotow, damaged by sea water.
Crown over LG in square,
36 cases oysters, each 56 1-pint tins
6 ditto herrings, each 32 1-dozen tins.

Terms, cash.

Auction Sale, MONDAY, 28th May.

Oilmen's Stores, Groceries, Provisions, &c.
New Goods, just landed.
To Grocers, Shippers, Storekeepers, and others.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May,

Several invoices new groceries, &c., recent arrivals.

Preliminary.
200 Trunks
Davies and Sons' and
Poole and Co.'s
Boots and Shoes.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on an early day,

200 trunks winter boots and shoes, Davies and Sons' and Poole and Co.'s manufacture, ex Hollinside and King Lear.

Particulars in future advertisements.

American Timber.
The Balance of the Cargo of the Oscar, from New York.
Unreserved Auction Sale.
TUESDAY, 29th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on the east side of the Circular Quay, on TUESDAY, 29th May, at half-past 2 o'clock,

The balance of the cargo of American timber, ex Oscar, from New York.

Comprising
38,000 feet, merchantable 1 inch white pine flooring, tongued and grooved, planed one side, 10 inches wide, 12 and 13 feet long
24,000 feet merchantable 1 inch white pine wide shelving, planed one side and both edges, 12 to 16 feet long
58,000 feet merchantable half-inch white pine, planed one side, 10 inches wide, 12 and 13 feet long
10,000 feet clear white pine weatherboards, planed one side, 6 and 7 inches wide, 10 to 16 feet long, in bundles of 12 pieces each.

The above will be sold in lots to suit the trade, without the least reserve.

Terms at sale.

In the Estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers.
Hobart Town Hardwood,
Battens, Joists, Quartering and Paling,
Ex Harp, and Alarm.
Unreserved Auction Sale, on the Flour Company's Wharf.

WEDNESDAY, 30th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Flour Company's Wharf, WEDNESDAY, 30th May, at half-past 2 o'clock,

In the estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers,
Ex Alarm and Harp,
Joists and quartering, 3 x 2, 4 x 2, 5 x 2, 4 x 3, 6 x 2
Battens, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 18 feet long
5-foot paling.

Terms at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Wansfell, Captain Jones, from London.
Damaged by sea water.
10 Cases Bacon.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 28th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,

On account of whom it may concern,
Ex Wansfell,
J8R in diamond, 1 and 10 outside,
10 cases bacon.
All more or less damaged by sea water.

Terms, cash.

The CROWN and ANCHOR INN, NEWTOWN, Near the Toll-bar, on the high ground, near the English Church, on the main road to Kingston, Enmore, and Cook's River, immediately surrounded by numerous houses, erected on the Bligh-terrace Estate.

T. W. BOWDEN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of June, at 11 o'clock,

All that valuable property, known as the CROWN AND ANCHOR INN, situated in the busiest and most populous part of Newtown, immediately opposite the residence of Mr. Aldis, having a great number of houses in the rear, and now doing a first-rate trade. The house is built of brick, the wall 14 inches thick, on a stone foundation, and contains seven rooms, with coach-house, stables, and the usual out-offices. The yard is extensive, securely enclosed, and contains a well of good water. The frontage to the Newtown Road is 37 feet 9 inches by a depth of 108 feet on one side, and 95 feet on the other, affording sufficient room for the enlargement of the present building, or the addition of a large shop for any other business. In front of the building is a balcony, commanding very pleasing views. The whole premises are of a substantial character and worthy the notice of all parties interested in good permanent properties for occupation or investment.

The proprietor is about to leave for England, which is the only reason for parting with the property.

Plan on view.
Terms at sale.

Unexceptionable Securities for the outlay of Capital.

Elegant Suburban Residence
Two Verandah Cottages, and
Four Building Allotments, Surry Hills.

T. W. BOWDEN has been favoured with instructions from the proprietor (who is about leaving the colony) to sell by public auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, on THURSDAY, the 7th June, at 11 o'clock,

The undermentioned truly valuable properties, situated in Botany-street, Surry Hills:—

Lot 1.—Somerset House (49 feet to Botany-street, more or less) is an elegant family residence, substantially built of brick on a stone foundation, containing six rooms, with pantry, cellar, detached kitchen, wood shed, stable, coach house, and hay loft. The garden contains some choice fruit trees and a never-failing supply of pure water in the driest season. The whole securely fenced and in thorough repair.

☞ This property will [on inspection be found well worthy the attention of parties in search of a choice and convenient family residence within a few minutes' walk of the city, and would readily command a very handsome rental. The whole or a portion of the furniture may be taken at a valuation.

The situation and premises are very suitable for an inn, being the last house on the Randwick Road on leaving the city, and the first on approaching from the country villages and residences in that direction. The regular traffic on the Randwick Road has wonderfully increased within the last 12 months, and the number of pleasure-takers who pass and re-pass daily is very great, but in holidays is truly astonishing.

Lot 2.—A Building Allotment, adjoining the above, having a frontage to Botany-street of 31 feet, by a depth of 95 feet 6 inches, more or less

Lot 3.—The adjoining allotment, and similar to lot 2.

Lot 4.—Is a two-roomed verandah Cottage, with detached kitchen, yard, &c., &c., situate in the rear of No. 3.

Lot 5.—Is a two-roomed verandah Cottage adjoining, and in every respect similar to lot No. 4.

☞ The Auctioneer has much pleasure in offering and recommending to the public generally, properties of such real value as the above, faultless as regards healthiness of situation, and domestic comfort; therefore it is to be hoped that capitalists and others will not allow these properties to escape their notice, more particularly as the proprietor is determined to sell, on account of his early departure from the colony.

A plan of the properties can be seen, and cards to view the same obtainable, at the Rooms of the auctioneer.

Terms at sale.

In the Vice Admiralty Court, New South Wales.
IN RE BARQUE WILLIAM WATSON.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed by the Marshall of the Vice Admiralty Court, to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, 7th June, at 11 o'clock,

The first lot to be offered,

The British barque WILLIAM WATSON, built at the Clyde in 1845, of 480 tons register, and 750 tons burthen, now in the port of Newcastle, where possession will be given of her. She is copper fastened, and was metalled with Muntz metal about two years since, when she was thoroughly overhauled and is now in excellent order and fit to sail to any port. Her inventory is very extensive, comprising among other things two full suits of sails one being nearly new, and a third suit nearly complete. She has three good boats and splendid ground tackle and gear. She recently belonged to Willis's line of packet ships, and brought out emigrants to New Zealand in her last passage from England. The chief officer is in charge of the ship, and will allow all persons to inspect her who may wish to do so.

Terms at sale.

First-class Investment.

The COLONEL BLOOMFIELD and WATERLOO INN, with the adjoining vacant Allotment, Old South Head Road, opposite the Military Barracks.

T. W. BOWDEN begs to inform capitalists and others that he has received instruction from the proprietor to sell by public auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 7th of June next, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The Colonel Bloomfield and Waterloo Inn, and the vacant allotment at the corner. The whole described in the deed as—"All that piece or parcel of land being portion of allotment number twelve of the Library property, in the parish of Alexandria, county of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales, commencing at the angle formed by the Old South Head Road with the Glenmore-road, which leads from the old South Head Road to various suburban residences, and also to the South Head Road, which said land is bounded on the south by the old South Head Road, being a line bearing easterly 88 feet, on the east by the west boundary of Timothy Lane's allotment 66 feet, on the north by the south boundary of Mary Chippen's allotment 9 feet 6 inches, and on the west by a line bearing northerly 94 feet along the aforesaid Glenmore Road.

THE INN, which is unquestionably the best and most conveniently-situated on the road, is substantially built of stone and brick, under competent inspection, and is well finished in every repect, comprising in all ten apartments, one splendid ball or lodge room, well ventilated, with plenty of light, and sufficiently spacious to dine fifty persons. On the same floor are the bedrooms, overlooking the magnificent scenery of Darlinghurst, Darling Point, and the splendid bays of Port Jackson. On the ground floor there is a spacious bar, fitted with every possible convenience, counter, patent beer engine, spirit fountain, &c., &c., having pipes leading to the cellar, which is one of the coolest in the colony.

The tap is so managed as to be perfectly distinct from the parlours, and is not the slightest annoyance to private customers. Two comfortable parlours. The kitchen is very large. The servants' bedroom is on the same floor.

The out-buildings comprise a two-stalled stable, and various other out-offices.

A never-failing well of pure water.

☞ Adjoining the inn, and forming the junction of the Glenmore and South Head Roads, is a valuable site, now enclosed as a garden, but on which another house might be erected with a shop front, in a first-rate situation for a grocery establishment or butcher's shop. The growing importance of this part of the suburbs demands the especial notice of capitalists who are in search of permanent and profitable investments.

Continuation of Sale of
☞ Choice Works of Art, in Alabaster and Italian Marble.
To the Dilletanti, Connoisseurs, Lovers of the Fine Arts, and others.

Afternoon Recreation Sale of the Fine Arts, of the most recent Italian Sculpture. In deference to the wishes of numerous parties, the auctioneer has been induced to hold the sale at 11 o'clock prompt THIS DAY, May 26th, 1860.

Auction Sale, on the premises of Mr. G. Simonetti, 417, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel, next door to Mr. Hopkins, ironmonger.

☞ Purchasers are particularly invited to inspect this shipment of Alabaster and Marble Goods, now on view on the premises, 417, George-street.

JOHN G. COHEN has been favoured with instructions from G. Simonetti, to sell by auction, on the premises, 417, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel, THIS DAY, May 26th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,

The whole of his shipment of valuable alabaster and marble ornaments, comprising

GROUPS.

Sabina, Three Graces, Love, Canova Dancing Girls, Cupid and Psyche, &c.

FIGURES.

Mercury, Venus, Charity, Virgin Mary, Greek Slave, &c., &c.

SUNDRIES.

Alabaster candlesticks
Marble round tables, 20 feet circumference
Ditto long ditto, 10 feet long
And various other articles, too numerous to particularise.

Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, June 1st, 1860.

Important sale of Groceries, &c.
Ex late arrivals.
Whybrow's Bottled Fruits
Quart Vinegar
Wotherspoon's 1-lb. jams
Sauces, pints and half-pints
China Preserves
Mustard, 1-lb. and ½-lb.
Sardines, ¼ and ½ tins
Muscatel Raisins, Figs
Pearl Sago and Barley
English Cheeses and Hams.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY next, June 1, 1860, at 11 o'clock,

Several invoices of the above goods.
Further particulars will appear.
Terms at sale.

Morocco and Roan Skins.
To Upholsterers and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, May 28th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,

Slightly damaged by sea water,
On account of whom it may concern,
Ex General Wyndham, Leslie, master, from London,
A L in diamond, 4 1,
One case containing
6 dozen morocco skins
2 ditto roan ditto
50 gross buttons.

Terms, cash.

98 Casks Bottled Porter.
Auction Sale at the Stores of Messrs. Aspinwall, Sutherland, and Co., Pitt-street, next Union Bank.

MONDAY next, May 28, 1860, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely.

Important to Wine and Spirit Merchants, Publicans, Country Storekeepers, and others.
On account and risk of the shipper.
Ex Kammer Director Von Flotow.
Positively without reserve.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Stores of Messrs. Aspinwall, Sutherland, and Co., Pitt-street, on MONDAY next, May 28, 1860, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

On account and risk of the shipper.
Ex Kammer Director Von Flotow.
Diamond 1-100.
98 casks bottled porter.

Terms at sale.

☞ The Great and Important Auction Sale of Magnificent English Furniture is POSTPONED, by special request, until MONDAY next, May 28th, in order to afford intending purchasers an opportunity to inspect the same on Friday and Saturday next, May 25th and 26th. The great hall of the Bank Auction Rooms will be open to the public on this important occasion.

Extensive and Positive Unreserved Auction Sale of Superior English Furniture.

Highly Important.
To Upholsterers, Furniture Buyers, Parties Furnishing, and others.

Comprising—
Drawing-room Suites
Whatnots, Inlaid Chess Tables
Easy Chairs, Canterburys
Loo Tables, Dinner Waggons
Ladies' Walnut Writing Tables
Mahogany Pedestal Writing Tables
Walnut and Oak Hatstands
Upholsterers' Materials
Brussels Carpets
Just landed, ex Asia.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, 28th May, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,

57 packages of English furniture, as follows:

DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, viz.
1 walnut couch, in green watered silk, all hair
1 lady's chair, ditto, ditto
1 gentleman's ditto, ditto
12 small chairs, ditto, ditto
1 walnut settee, in rich amber silk, all hair
1 lady's easy chair, ditto, ditto
1 gentleman's ditto, ditto, ditto
6 small chairs, ditto
1 lady's small chair, ditto, ditto
1 walnut sofa, in amber silk, all hair
1 each lady's and gentleman's chairs, ditto, ditto
6 small chairs, ditto, ditto
2 ottoman, ditto, ditto
Crimson morocco mahogany settee, all hair
1 walnut couch, in tournay, all hair
1 each lady's and gentleman's chairs, ditto ditto
12 small chairs, ditto, ditto
1 rosewood couch, in crimson brocade, all hair
1 each lady's and gentleman's chairs, ditto ditto
6 small chairs, ditto ditto

FURNITURE, &c.
12 superior mahogany chairs, stuffed and covered in crimson morocco, all hair
Cane folding chairs, with rests and cushions
Walnut commodes, solid top
Mahogany double hoop horse
Rosewood and walnut music stools
Walnut canterbury whatnots, glass backs
Inlaid chess tables
Mahogany easy-chairs
Lady's chair, covered in crimson and gold silk
Mahogany hall chairs
Mahogany and walnut loo tables
Walnut three-tier whatnots
Oak hall chairs
Mahogany pedestal office tables
Superior mahogany dinner waggon
Ladies' walnut working tables
Small mahogany chairs, covered in crimson morocco, all hair
Walnut worktables
Bergin's children's chairs
Oak hat stands
Mahogany patent rising glass
Walnut occasional tables
Lady's rosewood easy chair, in rose watered silk
Hassocks, flock
Gilt banding, with ornaments
Curtain bands, cords and tassels
Worsted cord and tassels, cords
Curtain tassels, with gilt moulding
Hearth rugs, Brussels carpet; also,

☞ The attendance of buyers is particularly requested to this very important auction sale.

Terms at sale.

Floorcloth.
Important to Upholsterers, Furniture Buyers, and others.

Auction Sale at the Bank Auction Rooms, MONDAY, May 28th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely.
Just landed, ex Kammer Director von Flotow, comprising
Body and Passage Cloths.
Positively without reserve.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, May 28th, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,

3 packages of very superior floorcloth, viz.—
2 cases body cloths
1 ditto passage ditto
All neat and saleable patterns.

Terms at sale.

Damaged Drapery, &c.
To Drapers, Warehousemen, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, May 30, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,

On account of whom it may concern, ex General Wyndham, Leslie, master, from London.
Damaged by sea water.

Cl.
4—50 pairs 9-4 super white blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 10-4 common ditto, ditto
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c., ditto
5—50 pairs 9-4 superior white blankets, slightly damaged
2 pairs 10-4 common ditto, ditto
Tarpaulin, double canvas, &c.
28—50 men's fancy doeskin vests, slightly damaged
50 ditto ditto ditto ditto, ditto
Trunk, tarpaulin, &c.
39—74 pairs boys' and youths' fancy doe trousers, slightly damaged
Trunk, tarpaulin, &c.
57—32 velvet trimmed dresses, 27 slightly, 5 much
29 solferino ditto, 20 slightly, 9 much
Wood and tin cases.
58—32 velvet trimmed dresses, 24 slightly, 8 much
29 solferino ditto, 17 slightly, 12 much
Wood and tin cases.

Terms, cash.

Boots and Shoes.

Bostock and Co.'s First-class Goods.
103 Trunks, ex Transatlantic.

Important to the Trade, Country Buyers, and Shippers.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Without reserve,

103 trunks of Bostock's boots and shoes, so well adapted for the country, consisting of the usual assortment of ladies' gents', and children's goods, suitable for the season.

Terms at sale.

Damaged Boots and Shoes.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex General Wyndham, Leslie, master, from London.

To the Boot and Shoe Trade, and Country Buyers.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,

25 trunks boots and shoes, damaged by sea-water, viz., N, JF in diamond

5-6— 2 trunks, each 60 pairs, cloth boots, T. P. H., S. D.
8— 1 ditto, 60 pairs, ditto ditto, S. H., S. D.
10, 18— 2 ditto, each 72 pairs, ditto ditto, ditto, S. D.
12— 1 ditto, 60 pairs, cloth ditto, S. D.
14-16— 3 ditto, each 60 pairs, ditto ditto, S. S., S. D.
19— 1 ditto, 72 pairs, ditto ditto, lace, S. D.
23-5— 4 ditto, each 50 pairs, army bluchers, M. D.
26-7— 2 ditto, each 72 pairs, cloth boots, T. P. H., S. D.
35— 1 ditto, 50 pairs, kip bluchers, S. D.
39-40— 2 ditto, each 50 pairs, super ditto, S. D.
42— 1 ditto, 50 pairs, best ditto, M. D.
43— 1 ditto, 50 pairs, ditto ditto, S. D.
55— 1 ditto, 48 pairs memel vamped boots, E. S., 6-9
36 ditto ditto ditto, 10-13, W. S. D.
57— 1 ditto, 60 pairs cloth boots, T. P. H., S. D.

Also, on account of whom it may concern, ex Asia, Barr. Master from London, 7 trunks, damaged by sea water, viz.:—

JF in diamond P outside,
74—36 pairs men's calf goloshed boots, E. S. S. D.
79—36 ditto ditto patent hide ditto ditto, S. D.
81—36 ditto ditto ditto, S. D.
83—60 ditto ladies' cloth boots, S. D.
85—72 ditto boys' bluchers, 10 13, S. D.
87—50 ditto men's bluchers, W. S. D.
88—50 ditto ditto ditto, S. D.

Terms, cash.

Boots and Shoes.
70 Trunks.
Joshua Joseph and Sons' superior Ladies' Goods.
Ex Lloyds.
To the Boot and Shoe Trade and Country Buyers.

Day of Sale MONDAY, 28th instant.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on the above day, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,

70 trunks of Joshua Joseph and Sons' superior ladies' boots and shoes, consisting of

Ladies' kid boots, M. H., to lace, and E. S.
Ditto cashmere, E. S., in great variety
Ditto cashmere, to lace, a large assortment
Ladies' patent slippers
Children's goloshed cloth boots, 6-9, 10-13
Ditto leather ditto, ditto
Ditto ankle strap shoes, 2-5, 6-9, 10-13

Terms at sale.

Boots and Shoes.

Gamble and Davis' Goods.
Ex Hollinside.
To the Boot and Shoe Trade and others.

FRITH and PAYTEN are instructed by the importers, Messrs. Donaldson, Graham, and Co., to sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, the 28th, at 11 o'clock,

20 trunks of the above superior make of boots and shoes, consisting principally of ladies' and children's goods.

Terms at sale.

To Parties Furnishing, and the Trade.
Under bill of sale.
Stock-in-Trade of a Broker
7 superior Chests of Drawers, 3 Wardrobes, 6 Chiffoniers, Couches, Chairs, Dining and Dressing Tables, Crockery and Glassware, Camp Oven.

FREDERICK BRADLEY has received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by public auction

THE SOUTHERN CROSS, THIS DAY, May 26th, contains—
London, Report of the Select Committee on the Sydney Grammar School
Extra Parliamentary Meetings and Movements
Politicians in Search of a Grievance
Mr. Darvall as Advocate for the Champion of the Unemployed
Original Poetry—Sonnet to the Secretary for Works
Mr. Pennington's Paper on the Land Question
Also, Metropolitan, Country and Colonial News, Parliament, Law, and Politics, Sporting Intelligence, Commercial, Markets, &c.

THE MAN AT THE POST.—Read his Letter in the SOUTHERN CROSS, of THIS DAY.

TURF GOSSIP in the SOUTHERN CROSS of THIS DAY.

THE HOME COMPANION.—Advertisers are informed that the bona fide circulation of this paper is 2100.

PROTESTANTISM of the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD. See CHRISMAN PREACHER THIS DAY. Office, 412, George-street.

CHAMPIONSHIP OF ENGLAND.—Bass's Ale, via Marseilles, order of PIERCE, newsagent, Stanley-st.

STATIONERY, of every description, at the lowest prices. POPE, 99, King-street.

THE FAMILY FRIEND for 1858 and 1859, 4 vols. 14s., postage paid, 16s. W. R. PIDDINGTON, importer.

THE LEISURE HOUR, 1859. Sunday at Home, 1859. W. R. PIDDINGTON, importer.

GRAND OPERA.—The enlarged correct edition of the dialogue, solos, duetts, choruses, dramatis personæ, &c., &c., complete (in Italian and English), of Verdi's Grand Opera of IL TROVATORE, as it will be produced at the Prince of Wales Opera House during Signor and Signora Bianchi's engagement, under the management of Mr. Samuel Colville, will be ready FOR SALE THIS DAY, and may be had at the Oxford Printing Office, 317, George-street; of Mr. J. R. Clarke, George-street; Mr. Moss, music seller, Hunter-street; at the Box Office: and at the doors each evening of performance. Price ONE SHILLING. This edition, containing Italian and English, being specially prepared for the present opera season, is the only one authorised by the management, of which the patrons of the Opera are requested to take notice.

ERARD'S, Broadwood's, Collard's, Murphy's, Auchen's, and other PIANOS, with all the late improvements for SALE or HIRE, on moderate terms. Harmoniums, in oak and rosewood cases. New Pianos, now landing, ex Pantalon and Hollinside. Also, New Music, selected from the most favourite composers. To be had at W. H. PALING'S, 83, Wynyard-square.

ORATORIOS. The whole, except Elijah, in Novello's, 2s., octavo edition. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse.

ORATORIOS.—The Messiah, Judas Maccabeus, Israel in Egypt, Samson, Saul, Solomon, St. Paul, Elijah, Creation, Last Judgment, &c., wholesale and retail. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, Castlereagh-street.

PIANOFORTES, in rosewood and walnut, by Broadwood, Collard, Cadby, Frood, Hopkinson, Murphy, Kirkman, &c., both plain and elegant. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, Castlereagh-street.

TO PIANOFORTE-MAKERS.—Ex Asia, Salisbury and imperial glue, centre wires, belly bar buttons, hopper springs, mahogany legs, &c. H. R. HURFORD, pianoforte-maker, Castlereagh-street.

PIANOFORTES, in elegant walnut and rosewood cases. D. BUIST and SON, 254, George-street.

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HARMONIUMS, in rosewood and oak cases, 1, 3, 8, 12, and 15 stops. D. BUIST and SON, George-st.

D. BUIST and SON, Pianoforte Makers. Pianos tuned, repaired, or removed. 254, George-street.

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OPERA GLASSES.—The Emperor and Empress, Crimean, Field, race, and coasting glasses. MOSS, Hunter street.

HOPKINSON'S Celebrated First-class PIANOFORTES, just landed, ex Queen of England and King Lear, in elegant rosewood and walnut cases, with all their latest improvements. Mr. BANKS, sole agent.

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TO ARTISTS and AMATEURS.—Just to hand, Harding's Elementary Art, or the use of the Chalk and Lead Pencil Advocated and Explained, by J. D. Harding, folio, cloth. The Principles and Practice of Art, by J. D. Harding, with illustrations, drawn and engraved by the author, folio, cloth. C. T. SANDON, 318, George-street.

PHRENOLOGY made Practical and Popularly Explained, by Bridges, price 5s. C. SANDON.

POPULAR SONGS, from Dinorah; Sister Mary, 'Tis Day is Awake, O Live or let me Die, from Satinelle; The Power of Love, the Glorious Vintage of Champagne, No Prize can Fate on Man bestow, An angel hovers; also, Suanita, Jessie's Dream, &c. C. T. SANDON, George-street.

BOOKS LATELY RECEIVED.—
Manual of Physiology, &c., by Dr. Carpenter, 200 illustrations, 16s.
Manual of Elementary Chemistry, by George Fownes, F.R.S., 16s.
The Microscope and its Revelations, by W. B. Carpenter, M.D., 370 engravings, 16s.
A System of Practical Surgery, by William Fergusson, F.R.S.; many illustrations, 16s.
The Elements of Natural Philosophy, by Dr. Golding Bird and Mr. Brooke, many illustrations, 16s.
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Beasley's Druggists' Receipt Book, 8s.
Beasley's Pocket Formulary, 7s. 6d.
Advanced Text Book of Geology, by David Page, F.G.S., 7s. 6d.
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——— illustrated, 3s. 6d. cheap edition
Heir of Redcliffe, 7s. 6d., Dyservor Terrace, 7s. 6d.
Daisy Chain, 2 vol., 12s 6d. Heartsease, 7s. 6d.
All the Year Round, vol. 1, 7s. Chambers' Journal, vol. 12, July to December, 1859, 5s. 6d.
North and South, Gaslight and Daylight, Old Leaves, Gossip, and Doctor Thorne, each 6s. 6d.
John Halifax, Gentleman, 7s. 6d. A Woman's Thoughts About Women, 7s. 6d.
J. R. CLARKE, 356, George-street, Sydney.

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D'Albert's Album of Dance Music for 1860, containing 16 new pieces, quadrilles, waltzes, polkas, &c., in elegant binding, gilt edges, 30s.
Farmer's Bijou of Dance Music for 1860, beautifully illustrated, 12s. 6d. contents.

Maid of Athens' Valse	Jupiter Quadrilles
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J. R. CLARKE, 356, George-street.

REEVE'S Universal Pocket Pencils, in fancy woods and ivory, fitted with pure Cumberland lead. SANDON.

DEPORTMENT EXERCISES and DANCING.—Mrs. C. READ begs to announce that her Academy is held every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at her residence, 13, Macquarie-street South, near Lyons-terrace.

ELECTRO GALVANIC MACHINES.—Just received, ex Asia, a fresh supply, from £3 3s. upwards. J. S. NORRIE, practical chemist, 222, Pitt-street.

SOCIETY OF ARTS MICROSCOPES.—Microscopic objects, dissecting cases, glass, &c., &c. J. S. NORRIE, Pitt-street.

STEREOSCOPIC CAMERAS.—Lattimer Clarke, single and double, with warranted lenses, binocular cameras, miniature cameras, folding cameras, expanding cameras, rigid cameras, and lenses for all sizes. J. S. NORRIE, 222, Pitt-street

PASSEPARTOUS.—Porcelain dishes, albumenised paper cases, preservers, colours, &c., &c., just received. J. S. NORRIE, Pitt-street.

RACES. RACES. RACES.—GEORGE JAMES begs most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of New South Wales that through the instrumentality and exertion of a number of gentlemen they will have an opportunity of witnessing on TUESDAY next the opening, at Randwick, of one of the finest racecourses in the world. G. J. begs also to remind his friends and the public that they may rest assured he will be prepared to administer to the wants and comforts of all in the same style which has characterised his booth on all former occasions. GEORGE JAMES, Royal Oak, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WEBB and CO., 261, Pitt-street, Wholesale and Retail Millinery and Straw Hat Warehouse.

WEBB and CO.—The largest assortment of ladies' and children's Felt and Straw Hats.

WEBB and CO.—A fashionable assortment of Velvet and Fancy Bonnets suitable for the present season.

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EXHIBITION DOLLS, at a low price, at CROUCH'S Bazaar, 542, George-street.

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MRS. SHAW, French Stay and Corset Maker, from London, invites the attention of the ladies of Sydney, to the SELF-ADJUSTING and SUPPORTING BELTS made by herself, on the newest and most approved principles, and also to the Bodices for young ladies, fastening in front. 25, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

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A LARGE STOCK of Gents' Felt and Paris Hats, Caps, White, Regatta, and Crimean Shirts, Wool Vests and Jackets, Hosiery, Gloves, Braces, Belts, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Umbrellas, &c. Randwick House. WILLIAM SHARP, 68, South Head Road.

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TRY The Globe Tea Warehouse for your TEAS. The best and cheapest in the city.

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APPLES.—A few cases for Sale. BROWN and HILL, Grafton Wharf.

FAMILY MESS PORK, very superior quality, in 100lb. barrels. R. S. BIRD, Circular Quay.

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NEW PATENT NIGHT LIGHT; one box will last nine months; is. 6d. per box. At C. C. FINCH, 84, King-street.

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THAME and PAGE, proprietors.

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WHISKY.—Kinahan's celebrated LL, warranted genuine
Ditto, old highland malt, wood and bottle
Ales—Allsopp's, Marrion's; also Allos, in stone jars.
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B. and P. were the inventors of Powder Starch, and first introduced it to the public sixteen years ago. The celebrity which it soon obtained at once excited many imitators, who copied not only the form of package, but also the colour of paper and label.
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Without almost any such aid, the intrinsic merit of the original Powder Starch has secured for it a steadily increasing demand, and it can be confidently recommended as the purest, the strongest, and the most economical in existence.
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TO JEWELLERS, WATCH and CLOCK MAKERS, &c.—For disposal, one of the oldest established businesses in Sydney. This being a bona fide concern, it is worthy the attention of any one having capital at command. Letters from principals only will receive attention. Address JEWELLER, HERALD Office.

LOOK HERE, LOOK HERE.—The undersigned has provided, for his numerous customers, the following articles, at very low prices, viz.,
A lot of nice young sucking pigs, from 8s. to 10s. each
Prime, young, plump, cook turkeys, from 10s. upwards
Prime fat young hen turkeys, at 7s. 6d. each
Prime fat young fowls, from 2s. upwards
Ducks, large, young, and fat, from 4s. upwards
Geese, large, young, and fat, 10s. each
Capons, from 4 lb. to 8 lb. weight each, only 5 months old
Pork, warranted dairy fed, from 6d. to 8d. per lb.
At the renowned pork, German, and pork pie depot, H. CUMMINS, 182, Pitt-street.
N.B.—Cooked poultry and roasting pigs, ready at an hour's notice.

TIMBER, at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills.—
Cedar, cut to order
Colonial pine, ditto
Pitch pine, in logs, deals, planks, and T. and G.
Dressed boards, of all descriptions
Baltic and Oregon deals, solid and cut
Wooden houses and stores
Manufactures in wood generally
Wine and packing cases, soap and candles boxes
Doors, sashes, sash-doors, casements, &c.
Skirtings, mouldings, architraves, rolls, &c.
N.B.—Wholesale and retail. *.* The trade and country buyers liberally treated.
HENRY MOON.

MACHINERY for SALE, viz.—
Portable engines
Moulding, planing, and T. and G. machine, and tools
Saw tables, with railways, and feed motion
T. and G. machines and cutters
Shafts and pulleys
HENRY MOON, Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

F. W. COOK, Bathurst-street, begs to inform his friends and the public in general that he is enabled to supply them with a superior description of house COAL and steam-cut FIREWOOD, cut to all lengths and sizes. A. A. Company's best screened house coal, steam and smith's coal. Nothing but the best description of all fuel kept, and full weight guaranteed. All orders by post punctually attended to.

FOR SALE, a STEAM WINCH, made by Blackwood and Gordon, Paisley; 2 cylinders, said to be 4-horse power each, and work up collectively to 12-horse power, with upright tubular boiler and brass tubes; boiler very strong, and capable of carrying 60lb. to the inch. The engine is connected with gearing to a strong winch, estimated to lift 10 tons. Apply to Macnamara, Son, and Co's Wharf.

TO BREWERS, FELLMONGERS, Woolwashers, Butchers, Soapboilers, and others.—LAND for SALE, with a good title, situated at Neutral Bay, North Shore, having a large frontage to a fresh water creek, with a never-failing supply of the purest water. Parties looking out for a small allotment of good ground should not lose sight of the present opportunity. One hundred pounds will be the lowest price of the land, one-half or £50 cash; the balance in 4 months. Application up to the 1st of June, by letter only. Address LAND, 133, King-street.

FOR SALE, by private contract, the finest PROPERTY in Darlinghurst, situated on the heights of Darlinghurst, commanding a view of the South Head, Lighthouse, Waverley, Paddington, Military Barracks, Darling Point, &c., &c. The house containing seven rooms, together with kitchen, servants' apartments, laundry, pantry, and storeroom, together with towl-house, garden and paddock; never failing water on the premises. Applications to be made to be made to Mr. JAMES CURTIS, on the premises, 308, East View House, Dowling-street, Darlinghurst. Terms, liberal.

FOR SALE, very superior SIDE-SADDLE, cheap. GIBSON'S Stables, 402, Castlereagh-street South.

HURRAH for the RACES.—For SALE, a BREAK, nearly new, with harness for two horses, will be sold a bargain. Apply to CHARLES REYNOLDS, George-street South, opposite the Railway Terminus.

FOR SALE, warranted sound, a quiet well-bred Bay MARE, Dog-cart, and Harness, all in complete order, for £55. Apply to Mr. M'MILLAN, Red House Inn, Pitt-street, near Mort and Co.'s passage.

FOR SALE, Two HORSES: first, a well-bred Grey GELDING, an excellent saddle horse, also quiet to harness. Second, a Bay GELDING, 4 years, quiet to saddle and harness. Enquire at J. ELLIOTT'S, near St. Jude's Well, Randwick.

DRAUGHT HORSE for SALE, accustomed to all kinds harness; any trial given, price, £18. A few pair splendid Aylesbury DUCKS to be SOLD a bargain. GIBSON, 402, Castlereagh-street South.

AN ERRAND BOY WANTED. WEBBS, 261, Pitt-street.

A THOROUGHLY practical MILLER wishes for EMPLOYMENT as above, town or country. Apply MILLER, HERALD.

A THOROUGHLY qualified STEWARD and STEWARDESS are required by the Union Club. Apply to the SECRETARY, Bligh-street.

NEEDLEWOMAN.—A young person who understands dressmaking and tailoring wants a SITUATION. Address A. X., 10, New Market Shops

A MEDICAL GENTLEMAN, about retiring, wishes to DISPOSE of his PRACTICE. An introduction will be given which will lead to an extensive practice. Apply Mr. PINHEY, chemist, Pitt-street.

BOARD and LODGING WANTED in a small private family for a Single Gentleman, within five minutes' walk of the Post Office. Apply, stating terms, to J. H., Mrs. Elder's, Castlereagh-street.

BALMAIN or NORTH SHORE.—WANTED, to rent a good sized HOUSE, suitable for a family. Letters addressed A. B. C., HERALD Office, will be attended to.

DAILY GOVERNESS.—An English Lady, experienced in tuition, desires to engage as above. Educated, and subsequently a resident on the continent of Europe, she will (with an English education, give instruction to finishing pupils and others, in music, Italian, French (with which she is conversant), drawing in chalk and pencil, and flower painting. References unexceptionable. Address C. L., Messrs. Johnson and Co.'s Music Warehouse, 172, Pitt-street.

HOUSE WANTED, in the vicinity of Sydney—six rooms, offices, stable, garden, and a few acres of land. Apply, with particulars, to A. B., Box 277, Post Office.

HOUSE.—Wanted, in the city or suburbs, a House of four rooms, with hall, kitchen, and servants' room, &c. A small garden attached would be preferred. State rent and all particulars to PERMANENT TENANT, Caxton Printing Office, 317, George-street.

KANDRA.—Wanted, LOADING. Apply to KEELE, CAMPBELL, and CO., Hunter-street.

LADING for LOUISA CREEK and TURON. EDWARD CHAPMAN and CO., Clarence-street.

MANAGER for a first-class COUNTRY STORE.—A gentleman of good address, business habits, with thorough knowledge of accounts, REQUIRED to fill the above situation in a large establishment where the principal is frequently absent. Apply by letter, stating previous experience, to DAWSON and THOMPSON, 408, George-street.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Wanted, AGENTS for this Company in Liverpool and Windsor. Apply to the resident Secretary, Sydney.

RESIDENCE, with Partial BOARD, required in a strictly private family, by a gentleman; Paddington, Surry Hills, or any of the suburbs preferred. Post Office, Box 176.

STEWARD.—WANTED, by the ward room officers of H. M. S. Herald, a Steward. The Herald will shortly sail for England. Farm Cove.

STORE CATTLE.—WANTED, to purchase, 3000 head of mixed well-bred, quiet cattle. Apply to THOMAS DAWSON, auctioneer and commission agent, 421, George-street.

SNOWY RIVER, TUMUT, or TUENA.—A good Business Man, with a small capital, and commanding good credit, wishes to JOIN a STOREKEEPER at either of the above places, about July. Address, before end of June, H., Post Office, Newtown.

STATION.—A purchaser wants to invest in a good healthy Run, not too heavily stocked (sheep preferred), having house, &c., suitable for a family. Address J. J. M., care of Messrs. Rea and Co., 21, Hunter-street, Sydney.

TO SHEEP-HOLDERS.—An experienced SHEEP SUPERINTENDENT, with good testimonials, is ready to engage. Address M. A. B., Post Office, Sydney.

TO DRAPERS.—WANTS a SITUATION, a Young Man, lately arrived, who has a knowledge of the business. No objection to the country. Address J. J. G., HERALD Office.

TEAMS WANTED FOR
Bathurst
Mudgee
Goulburn
Queanbeyan
Cooma
Russell's.
JOHN FRAZER and CO.,
97, York-street.

TEAMS WANTED, FOR
Goulburn
Bungendore
Queanbeyan
Cooma
Bathurst
Orange
Carcoar
Cowra.
C. S. LEATHES and CO., 69, Market-street.

TO MILLINERS.—Wanted, a FIRST HAND. Mrs. HOWELL, 602, Brickfield Hill.

TO DRAPERS.—First-rate Hands wanted. Also Juniors. JOHN HALBERT, 88, King-street.

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, a good HAND. L. and E. HORDERN, Brickfield-hill

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—WANTED, a good HAND. RICHARD GRIFFITHS, 85, King-st.

TO COLLIERS.—WANTED, VESSELS for the Minmi Colliery. T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a JUNIOR ASSISTANT. RUSH and M'COTTER, 83 and 85, South Head Road.

TO STOREKEEPERS.—WANTED, a country STORE (with or without stock), or premises adapted for the same, in a good agricultural district. Address to G. C. G., care of Mr. J. Harpur, grocer, George-street.

UNE DAME desire prendre chaque jour son dîner dans une famille fran'caise, où il n'y a pas d'autre pensionnaire. S'addresser à "DINER," HERALD Office.

WANTED, a small CARGO of A. A. COMPANY'S COALS. R. TOWNS and CO.

WANTED, a FEMALE SERVANT. Apply, this morning, to Mrs. W. DEAN, 283, Pitt-st. South.

WANTED, "BENSON'S COMMENTARY," cheap. Address, stating price, B. B., Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, a MAN to dig in a garden at Balmain. Apply to Mr E. HUNT.

WANTED, a PLUMBER. Apply to R. WATSON, 190, Riley-street.

WANTED, an English COOK and LAUNDRESS, for a gentleman's family at North Shore, 125, King-st.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID, at the Liverpool and New York Hotel, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a MAN to Work in a Garden, and make himself generally useful. W. ROBINSON, Ashfield.

WANTED, a MAN, to assist in BUTCHERING. W. F. HOLLE, 559, George-street South.

WANTED, by a Groom and Coachman, a SITUATION: good reference. G. C., HERALD Office

WANTED, a man as COOK for an inn, also, a first-class WAITER. J. G. GLUE, agent, 162, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a SALESWOMAN. Apply at BRANDEN'S, 274, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a MAN, as BOOTS and WAITER. Sydney and Melbourne Hotel, Kent-street.

WANTED, to purchase a four-roomed COTTAGE, in the suburbs. Apply A. LAYARD, Jamison st

WANTED, a respectable English Woman as GENERAL SERVANT. Mrs G. WALKER, 453, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a strong GIRL, to make herself generally useful. Apply 319, Pitt-street

WANTED, a respectable GIRL as servant, and to assist in shop. Mrs. EVELEIGH, George-st.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, who can wash and iron. Apply before 12, 96, Elizabeth-st. North.

WANTED, a WAITER. GEORGE'S Restaurant, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, FOUR BOYS, to deliver handbills. L. UDHE and CO., butchers, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a NURSE GIRL, to make herself useful. Apply to Mrs BEAL, Park and George-streets.

WANTED, a COOK. Apply to TATTERSALL'S, Pitt street.

WANTED, a general FEMALE SERVANT. Apply to Mr. MULRONEY, grocer, South Head Road.

WANTED, a good HOUSEMAID. Enquire at Wentworth House, 13, Church-hill.

WANTED, a SITUATION as BARMAID in an hotel or inn. A., Toll-bar, Newtown.

WANTED, for the North Shore, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply, at 10 o'clock, 139, King-st. East.

WANTED, a FEMALE GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 39, Crown-street, Woollcomooloo.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 126, Palmer-street, Woollcomooloo.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, for North Shore. Apply, at 10 o'clock THIS MORNING, 139, King-street.

WANTED, THIS MORNING, four good SHEPHERDS and a KITCHEN MAN. H. HAMBURGER, 79, New Pitt-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION as SALESWOMAN; town or country drapery establishment. C. B., 314, Castlereagh-street

WANTED, a BARMAID for the country; also, a PARLOUR MAID. J. G. GLUE, 162, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a respectable Female GENERAL SERVANT. Mrs. REYNOLDS, Tower Inn, George-street South.

WANTED, a NURSEGIRL, and to make herself generally useful. Apply to Mrs. SUTTON, 69, Palmer-street, Woollcomooloo.

WANTED, a respectable English Girl, as NURSE. Apply Mrs. STANLEY, Pitt-street south of Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a COTTAGE of 4 rooms, &c. Woollcomooloo or Darlinghurst preferred. Address COTTAGE, HERALD Office.

WANTED to PURCHASE, a BUILDING ALLOTMENT, handy to a line of 'busses. Address BUILDER, HERALD Office, stating location, size, and price.

WANTED TO RENT, a small HOUSE or rooms with kitchen, within five minutes' walk of the HERALD Office. Address T. W., box 59, Post Office.

WANTED, a FEMALE COOK, for the country; also, a HOUSEMAID, for the General Post Office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, in a small family, a SERVANT as plain COOK and LAUNDRESS: English or Scotch preferred. Apply, after 10, at 4, Bligh-street

WANTED, a General BLACKSMITH. Must be a good horse-shoer. Apply to J. C. GLUE, 162, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a Female General SERVANT in a small family (two). Apply Mr. SANDON, 218, George-street.

WANTED, an experienced Retail DRAPER, for a store at Ipswich, Queensland. Apply at A. M'ARTHUR and CO., York-street, from 10 to 11 a.m. on Monday, 28th instant.

WANTED, SITUATIONS, for two respectable Persons, as nurse and assist with needlework, laundress. Apply Governesses and Servants' Home, 103, Elizabeth-street North.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT for a small family. She must be a good cook and laundress. Apply to Mrs. COZENS, Baptist's Houses, Pitt-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a tidy, willing GIRL, about fourteen or fifteen, capable of keeping her own clothes in order and those of a girl six years of age; wages, 7s. a week. Mrs. DUNN'S Office, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, to Rent, a four or five-roomed COTTAGE, with detached kitchen, &c., within an easy distance from Sydney. Apply to Mr. WARD, box 250, Post Office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a Cargo about 150 tons of COALS—A. A. Company's preferred. Apply LINCKER and CO., ship chandlers, 166, Lower George-street.

WANTED, an experienced HARNESSMAKER, to act as Foreman. None but those whose characters will bear the strictest investigation need apply. A married man preferred. Apply JOHN BRUSH, saddler 660 George-street South.

WANTED, a SITUATION, either in town or country, by an elderly unmarried MAN, of strict integrity. The nature of the employment no object. He is capable of keeping a plain set of books, and is a competent teacher of music. Address E. S., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a respectable person, a Situation as Nursery Governess and Needlewoman; Wanted—a Tailor for the country, Ploughmen, Farming Men, Married Couples, thorough Grooms, Laundress for the Clyde, several General Servants for town and country. HAIGH and BROWN, 120, King-street East.

WANTED to PURCHASE, Silver Plate, Gems, mounted or otherwise, Watches of all description, Articles of Vertu, &c. Enquire C. F., No. 1, Devonshire-terrace, William-street, Woollcomooloo. Money advanced on mortgage, in small or large amounts. Any note addressed as above will receive immediate attention.

WANTED, New South Wales GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, a complete set, or as many volumes as possible
Also, a copy of
"Callaghan's Acts of the Legislature of New South Wales."
JOHN L. SHERRIFF, bookseller and stationer, 256, George-street.

AN OFFICE to LET, on the first floor, over Tarring's Bazaar, 350, George-street.

APARTMENTS with partial Board. 2, Rose-terrace, William-street.

A DRAWING-ROOM and BEDROOMS vacant. Sion House, Myles-buildings, Cumberland-street North.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to LET. Apply No. 9, Bligh-street.

A LARGE and convenient STORE to be LET, adjoining the Circular Wharf. Apply to MOREHEAD and YOUNG, O'Connell-street.

BOARD and LODGING, £1 per week. 304, Castlereagh-street, three doors south of Liverpool-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Vacancies for two Gentlemen. 205, Macquarie-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a Lady and Gentleman, 2, Craigend-terrace, Upper William-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, No. 4, Bligh-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, on moderate terms, 202, Palmer-street, Woollcomooloo.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Mrs. ELDRED, 284, Castlereagh-street, near Park-street, Sydney.

BOARD and RESIDENCE in a private family, overlooking the harbour. 127, Kent-street North.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a single gentleman, 126, Woollcomooloo-street.

BEDROOM (with balcony) to LET, with Board, for two friends, 1, Cumberland and Lower Fort streets.

BALMAIN.—To LET, a stone COTTAGE, five rooms, &c. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, George-st.

BARRISTERS' CHAMBERS, 139, King-street. These very convenient Offices close to the Supreme Court, and late in the occupation of Judge Lutwyche and Judge Cary, are now vacant. For terms, and to view, apply to the Office-keeper, or to Mr. JAMES BEAHAN, 174, Pitt-street, two doors from King-street.

COMMODIOUS STORES TO LET.—A Three-storied commodious STORE, centrally situated in Queen's-place, two doors from New Pitt-street, close to the Circular Quay; rent moderate. Apply to L. E. THRELKELD and CO., City Mart.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS PREMISES, in GOULBURN.—To LET, that portion of the premises of the Australian Joint Stock Bank in Goulburn known as Bull's Commercial Store, Market-square, adjoining the bank, and comprising two-storied warehouse, shop, offices, and out-offices, with excellent stable and large yard;—the same to be let for a term of years. Full particulars can be had on application at the Australian Joint Stock Bank, Sydney and Goulburn. A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

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